

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.6340, 6.9711, 3.2325)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.6340, 6.9711, 3.2325)
contains.

XYZ(13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(13.6300, 6.9696,
3.2116)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99002E
RGB	153, 0, 46
RGB Percent	60%, 0%, 18%
CMY	0.4000, 0.9999, 0.8196
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.70, 0.40
HSL	342°, 100%, 30%
HSV	342°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116
YIQ	50.9910, 76.4220, 46.7420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

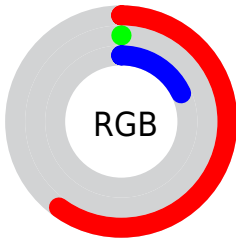
Format	Color
RYB	153, 0, 46
Decimal	10027054
CIELab	31.74, 55.95, 20.51
CIELCh	32, 59.587, 20.135
Yxy	6.9696, 0.5724, 0.2927
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288217134 (0xFF99002E)
YUV	50.9910, -2.4606, 89.4619
Hunter-Lab	26.4000, 45.9574, 11.2673

Details

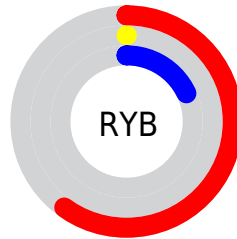
The XYZ color **13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **14.0466, 23.8445, 17.7788**, and the grayscale version is **3.1436, 3.3073, 3.6017**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.0687, 19.9490, 12.0579**, and **4.6161, 2.3797, 0.2160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.6296, 6.9694, 3.2098**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.0433, 7.4156, 4.5231**.

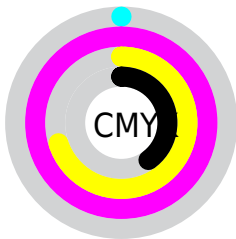
Distribution



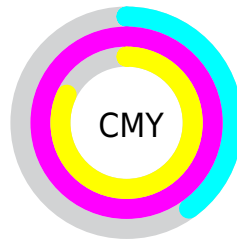
- Red (60%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (40%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 13.6300, 6.9696,
3.2116


 13.6300, 6.9696,
3.2116


208.4737,
167.4108, 139.0116

 7.9438, 3.4431,
1.2037


 32.0228, 19.9120,
12.1463

 4.1105, 1.3672,
0.0000

 45.4601, 30.0967,
19.9101


 1.7648, 0.1924,
0.0000

 62.2118, 43.2696,
30.4296

 0.4963, 0.0000,
0.0000

 82.6433, 59.8151,
44.1233

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 107.1199, 80.1176,
61.4099

 136.0069,

104.5615, 82.7078

169.6697,
133.5311, 108.4355

13.6300, 6.9696,
3.2116

13.6300, 6.9696,
3.2116

13.6296, 6.9694,
3.2098

14.0433, 7.4156,
4.5231

14.6423, 8.1428,
6.1738

15.4897, 9.2719,
8.2007

16.6126, 10.8518,
10.6277

18.0340, 12.9243,
13.4763

■ 19.7746, 15.5265,
16.7665

■ 21.8532, 18.6919,
20.5169

■ 24.2869, 22.4511,
24.7447

■ 27.0919, 26.8326,
29.4667

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.0659, 6.9696, 10.7774



13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116



11.0404, 6.9696, 0.6281

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116



3.1162, 6.9696, 1.1682



5.6865, 6.9696, 38.1630

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116



14.0466, 23.8445, 17.7788

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.5779, 6.9696, 28.5716



13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116



2.4183, 6.9696, 5.1006

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116



4.8343, 6.9696, 0.0000



2.5570, 6.9696, 14.7937



8.8095, 6.9696, 35.9653

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116



8.7788, 6.9696, 0.0000



2.5570, 6.9696, 14.7937



4.8549, 6.9696, 36.0402

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.6302, 6.9700, 3.2117



38.8924, 33.1003, 36.3105



11.5238, 5.2770, 30.5479



8.2583, 6.8052, 7.4291



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.6302, 6.9700, 3.2117



24.3364, 12.4523, 5.3650



13.5538, 7.6061, 0.7545



6.2814, 6.2517, 6.8620



11.2780, 5.7654, 2.7231



0.1833, 0.0921, 0.1181

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.6302, 6.9700, 3.2117



24.3364, 12.4523, 5.3650



13.0778, 16.9556, 32.7202



6.2814, 6.2517, 6.8620



11.2780, 5.7654, 2.7231



0.1833, 0.0921, 0.1181

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

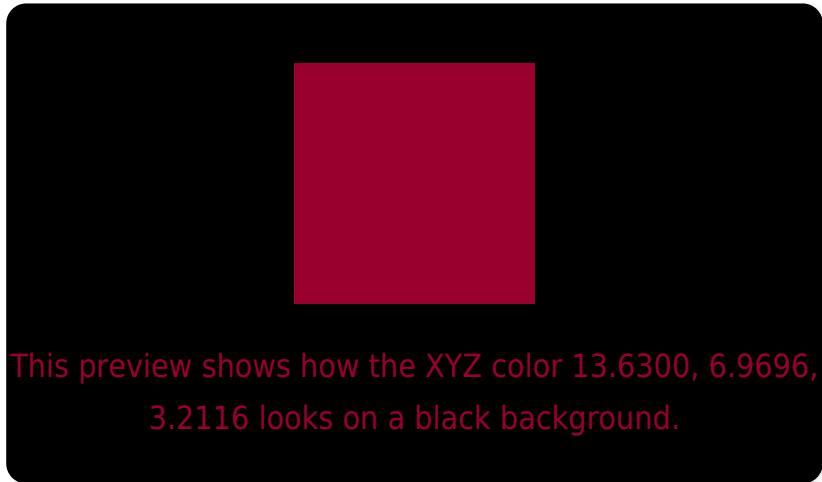
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

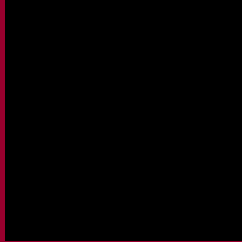
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.6300, 6.9696,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116

Protanopia

7.2475, 7.6600, 6.5654

Deuteranopia

7.6389, 7.5308, 2.9704



Tritanopia

13.2680, 7.1756, 1.1377

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116

Protanomaly

8.1406, 5.7956, 4.9646

Deuteranomaly

8.7706, 5.9821, 2.8829

Tritanomaly

13.2668, 7.0129, 1.6317

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116

Achromatopsia

3.1466, 3.3105, 3.6051

Achromatomaly

5.0954, 3.3295, 3.2798

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 0, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 0, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 0, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 0, 46) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 0, 46) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 0, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 0, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 0, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 0, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 0, 46)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.6300, 6.9696, 3.2116 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 0, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 0,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor