

# Converting Colors

XYZ(13.6629, 14.8451, 17.1119)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(13.6629, 14.8451, 17.1119)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(13.7047, 14.8517,  
17.1833)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	656D6F
RGB	101, 109, 111
RGB Percent	40%, 43%, 44%
CMY	0.6039, 0.5725, 0.5647
CMYK	0.09, 0.02, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	192°, 5%, 42%
HSV	192°, 9%, 44%
XYZ	13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833
YIQ	106.8360, -5.4100, -1.0740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

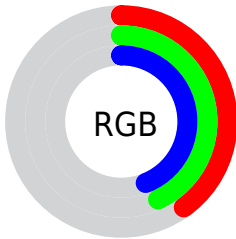
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	101, 105, 111
Decimal	6647151
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	45.43, -2.60, -2.17
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	45, 3.382, 219.816
Y <sub>xy</sub>	14.8517, 0.2996, 0.3247
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284837231 (0xFF656D6F)
Y <sub>UV</sub>	106.8360, 2.0529, -5.1182
Hunter-Lab	38.5379, -3.9639, 0.5403

# Details

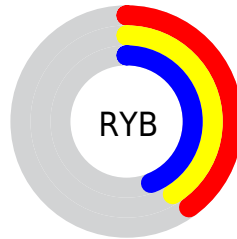
The XYZ color **13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **13.7548, 14.0194, 14.2931**, and the grayscale version is **13.9256, 14.6509, 15.9548**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.1306, 34.4614, 39.6086**, and **4.1411, 4.5884, 5.3700** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.3114, 13.7870, 17.0515**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.2728, 16.0162, 17.3256**.

# Distribution



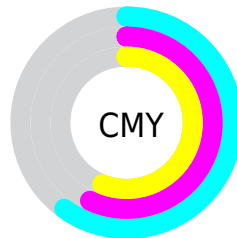
- Red (40%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 13.7047, 14.8517,  
17.1833

■ 13.7047, 14.8517,  
17.1833

208.9335,  
222.4668, 248.3061

■ 7.9959, 8.7154,  
10.2019

■ 32.1548, 34.5928,  
39.4356

■ 4.1441, 4.5560,  
5.4257

■ 45.6268, 48.9664,  
55.5437

■ 1.7840, 1.9892,  
2.4361

■ 62.4172, 66.8545,  
75.5310

■ 0.5080, 0.6012,  
0.8060

■ 82.8915, 88.6415,  
99.8162

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

107.4149,  
114.7119, 128.8177

136.3528,

145.4499, 162.9542

170.0705,  
181.2401, 202.6441

■ 13.7047, 14.8517,  
17.1833

■ 13.7047, 14.8517,  
17.1833

■ 12.3114, 13.7870,  
17.0515

■ 15.2728, 16.0162,  
17.3256

■ 11.0848, 12.8166,  
16.9288

■ 17.0206, 17.2818,  
17.4778

■ 10.0181, 11.9374,  
16.8153

■ 18.9547, 18.6525,  
17.6405

■ 9.1037, 11.1454,  
16.7106

■ 21.0808, 20.1312,  
17.8138

■ 8.3332, 10.4362,  
16.6144

■ 23.4043, 21.7208,  
17.9982

■ 7.6974, 9.8049,  
16.5260

■ 25.9306, 23.4242,  
18.1938

■ 7.1860, 9.2463,  
16.4451

■ 28.6647, 25.2438,  
18.4009

■ 6.7871, 8.7540,  
16.3712

■ 31.6115, 27.1824,  
18.6198

■ 6.4589, 8.3066,  
16.3021

■ 34.7757, 29.2425,  
18.8507

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.5898, 14.8517, 16.4365



13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833



13.9303, 14.8517, 17.6689

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833



14.6299, 14.8517, 16.7114



14.0241, 14.8517, 14.6921

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833



13.7548, 14.0194, 14.2931

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.3035, 14.8517, 14.7602



13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833



14.6558, 14.8517, 15.9083

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833



14.4653, 14.8517, 17.3902



14.5356, 14.8517, 15.1992



13.7726, 14.8517, 15.0101



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833



14.1144, 14.8517, 17.7700



14.5356, 14.8517, 15.1992



14.1178, 14.8517, 14.6709

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.7051, 14.8523, 17.1836



26.1665, 27.8088, 30.9183



13.4913, 15.1118, 14.9941



6.2385, 6.6454, 7.4236



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.7051, 14.8523, 17.1836



23.9423, 26.1429, 30.7140



13.2034, 13.8488, 17.0164



3.4211, 3.7075, 4.2895



7.5551, 9.7005, 19.1958



37.0202, 47.0922, 95.4177



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.9699, 13.7912, 16.3945



24.5310, 23.8052, 28.9543



14.2497, 15.0093, 14.4581



3.4872, 3.4426, 4.0925



9.8318, 4.8251, 11.4561



48.6660, 23.9117, 55.4329



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

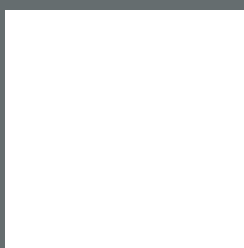
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.7047, 14.8517,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833

### Protanopia

14.3788, 14.8924, 16.8685

### Deuteranopia

15.0774, 14.7835, 17.3881



## Tritanopia

14.0529, 14.8343, 18.9523

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833

## Protanomaly

14.1209, 14.9151, 16.8865

## Deuteranomaly

14.6342, 14.8574, 17.4257

## Tritanomaly

13.9366, 14.7877, 18.3394

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833

## Achromatopsia

13.9749, 14.7027, 16.0113

## Achromatomaly

13.8950, 14.8111, 16.3138

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 109, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 109, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 109, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 109, 111) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 109, 111) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 109, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 109, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 109, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 109, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 109,  
111) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.7047, 14.8517, 17.1833 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 109, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101,  
109, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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