

# Converting Colors

XYZ(13.7737, 24.5811, 6.6726)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(13.7737, 24.5811, 6.6726)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(13.8698, 24.7391,  
6.7334)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	359C2F
RGB	53, 156, 47
RGB Percent	21%, 61%, 18%
CMY	0.7922, 0.3882, 0.8157
CMYK	0.66, 0.00, 0.70, 0.39
HSL	117°, 54%, 40%
HSV	117°, 70%, 61%
XYZ	13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334
YIQ	112.7770, -26.3990, -55.7350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

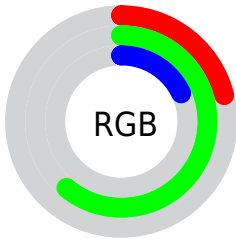
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">47, 156, 150</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">3513391</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">56.82, -50.64, 46.46</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">57, 68.728, 137.466</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">24.7391, 0.3059, 0.5456</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4281703471 (0xFF359C2F)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">112.7770, -32.4281, -52.4244</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">49.7384, -37.2666, 26.7904</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **19.5963, 10.9182, 32.5284**, and the grayscale version is **15.7292, 16.5483, 18.0211**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.6057, 51.4985, 20.0261**, and **4.8502, 9.7005, 1.6167** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.9506, 24.2960, 5.3314**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.1411, 25.3521, 8.7402**.

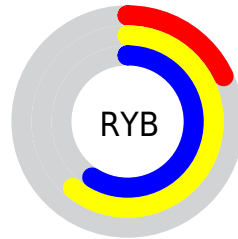
# Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (61%)

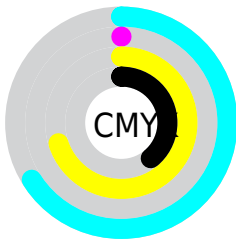
Blue (18%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (59%)

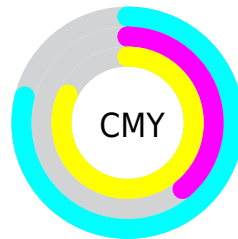


Cyan (66%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (70%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (39%)


Yellow (82%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 13.8698, 24.7391,  
6.7334


 13.8698, 24.7391,  
6.7334


209.9462,  
276.5361, 174.9757


 8.1113, 15.8828,  
3.2200


 32.4460, 51.2337,  
19.9385


 4.2186, 9.4412,  
1.2081


 45.9944, 69.6407,  
30.4673


 1.8265, 5.0301,  
0.0000

 62.8702, 92.0001,  
44.1717

 0.5336, 2.2649,  
0.0000

 83.4386, 118.6962,  
61.4701

 0.0000, 0.7551,  
0.0000

 108.0650,  
150.1135, 82.7812

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 137.1149,

186.6363, 108.5235

170.9535,  
228.6490, 139.1155

■ 13.8698, 24.7391,  
6.7334

■ 13.8698, 24.7391,  
6.7334

■ 12.9506, 24.2960,  
5.3314

■ 15.1411, 25.3521,  
8.7402

■ 12.3463, 24.0031,  
4.4649

■ 16.7934, 26.1466,  
11.4078

■ 11.9999, 23.8350,  
3.9740

■ 18.8545, 27.1365,  
14.7878

■ 11.9964, 23.8334,  
3.9680

■ 21.3492, 28.3335,  
18.9261

■ 24.3003, 29.7486,  
23.8650

■ 27.7290, 31.3918,  
29.6433

■ 31.6551, 33.2726,  
36.2976

■ 36.0974, 35.3998,  
43.8623

■ 41.0738, 37.7821,  
52.3698

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.1760, 24.7391, 2.9388



13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334



11.4292, 24.7391, 18.4317

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334



20.3184, 24.7391, 97.3023



41.5392, 24.7391, 15.7219

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334



19.5963, 10.9182, 32.5284

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.0438, 24.7391, 37.7227



13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334



28.4609, 24.7391, 95.0016

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334



14.5413, 24.7391, 74.4486



36.8305, 24.7391, 69.2733



35.5776, 24.7391, 5.7209



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334



11.2832, 24.7391, 33.1027



36.8305, 24.7391, 69.2733



42.3942, 24.7391, 21.5882

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.8704, 24.7401, 6.7340



43.2504, 53.6058, 41.8597



24.9298, 28.6851, 6.9125



9.2073, 11.6471, 8.6918



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.8704, 24.7401, 6.7340



22.8200, 43.7872, 8.6616



15.0924, 25.1948, 14.7130



6.5829, 7.4176, 7.0705



9.8908, 19.6356, 3.2688



0.1856, 0.3556, 0.0589



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.5963, 10.9182, 32.5284



33.8280, 16.9725, 58.6198



17.4755, 10.2007, 15.4510



6.8681, 6.7360, 8.3449



14.9252, 7.1232, 26.4955



0.2767, 0.1324, 0.4742



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.8698, 24.7391,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334

### Protanopia

22.1710, 24.4509, 5.7414

### Deuteranopia

24.7372, 24.3208, 7.2615



## Tritanopia

19.6730, 24.6976, 35.6285

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334



## Protanomaly

17.4795, 23.5398, 6.0052



## Deuteranomaly

18.4794, 23.1579, 6.8641



## Tritanomaly

16.6430, 24.3991, 20.6619

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334



## Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829



## Achromatomaly

13.9678, 18.6459, 12.3140

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 156, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 156, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 156, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 156, 47) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 156, 47) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 156, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(53, 156, 47)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 156, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 156, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 156,  
47) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.8698, 24.7391, 6.7334 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 156, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 156,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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