

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.8015, 16.1900, 7.9924)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.8015, 16.1900, 7.9924)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(13.8751, 16.3000,
8.0451)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F7445
RGB	111, 116, 69
RGB Percent	44%, 45%, 27%
CMY	0.5647, 0.5451, 0.7294
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.41, 0.55
HSL	66°, 25%, 36%
HSV	66°, 41%, 45%
XYZ	13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451
YIQ	109.1470, 12.1070, -15.6770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

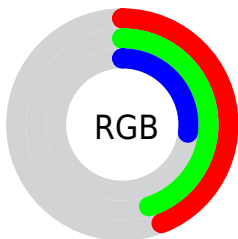
Format	Color
R_{YB}	69, 116, 74
Decimal	7304261
CIE _{Lab}	47.37, -9.86, 25.33
CIE _{LCh}	47, 27.177, 111.266
Yxy	16.3000, 0.3630, 0.4265
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285494341 (0xFF6F7445)
YUV	109.1470, -19.7925, 1.6251
Hunter-Lab	40.3733, -9.3080, 16.4467

Details

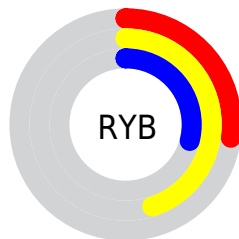
The XYZ color **13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **8.1052, 6.9734, 17.4428**, and the grayscale version is **14.6300, 15.3919, 16.7617**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.3769, 37.0998, 22.5941**, and **4.2186, 5.2243, 1.6502** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.3955, 16.0909, 6.3234**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.4281, 16.5398, 10.1385**.

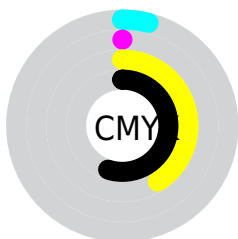
Distribution



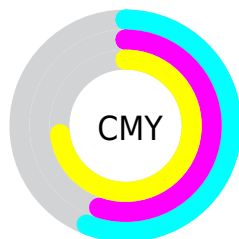
- Red (44%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.8751, 16.3000,
8.0451

■ 13.8751, 16.3000,
8.0451

209.9786,
231.1055, 186.0331

■ 8.1150, 9.7367,
4.0356

■ 32.4554, 37.1182,
22.5944

■ 4.2210, 5.2247,
1.6449

■ 46.0062, 52.1420,
33.9714

■ 1.8279, 2.3797,
0.3226

■ 62.8847, 70.7546,
48.6413

■ 0.5344, 0.8154,
0.0000

■ 83.4561, 93.3406,
67.0226

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 108.0859,
120.2842, 89.5339

137.1393,

151.9700, 116.5937

170.9818,
188.7823, 148.6206

■ 13.8751, 16.3000,
8.0451

■ 13.8751, 16.3000,
8.0451

■ 13.3955, 16.0909,
6.3234

■ 14.4281, 16.5398,
10.1385

■ 12.9840, 15.9087,
4.9506

■ 15.0570, 16.8097,
12.6225

■ 12.6363, 15.7523,
3.9030

■ 15.7659, 17.1119,
15.5160

■ 12.3475, 15.6197,
3.1539

■ 16.5579, 17.4475,
18.8364

■ 12.1114, 15.5084,
2.6717

■ 17.4363, 17.8179,
22.5998

■ 11.9146, 15.4140,
2.3472

■ 18.4039, 18.2243,
26.8220

■ 19.4637, 18.6678,
31.5175

■ 20.6182, 19.1494,
36.7006

■ 21.8700, 19.6703,
42.3846

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.2056, 16.3000, 7.6116



13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451



12.1579, 16.3000, 10.6834

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451



12.7753, 16.3000, 30.2143



20.5281, 16.3000, 19.8362

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451



8.1052, 6.9734, 17.4428

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.3875, 16.3000, 27.3924



13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451



14.8009, 16.3000, 34.3220

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451



11.5701, 16.3000, 22.9982



17.2313, 16.3000, 33.1736



20.2145, 16.3000, 13.3645

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451



11.5127, 16.3000, 13.8247



17.2313, 16.3000, 33.1736



20.2981, 16.3000, 22.3509

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.8755, 16.3007, 8.0454



27.4788, 29.9787, 26.3103



10.7060, 9.0007, 6.8034



6.5261, 7.1393, 6.1559



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.8755, 16.3007, 8.0454



23.5672, 28.2928, 11.1901



11.3258, 14.9863, 7.9261



3.9301, 4.2474, 3.9550



13.3610, 17.2922, 2.6335



64.6775, 84.0442, 12.8133

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.1052, 6.9734, 17.4428



11.8844, 9.3981, 30.2321



10.2321, 8.0699, 17.5424



3.5335, 3.6068, 4.6002



3.7041, 1.5009, 18.6370



17.6812, 7.1235, 90.8034

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451

Protanopia

15.0059, 16.2166, 7.8081

Deuteranopia

16.3867, 16.1212, 8.2093



Tritanopia

16.2418, 16.2657, 19.7363

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451

Protanomaly

14.5563, 16.1495, 7.8188

Deuteranomaly

15.2856, 16.0297, 8.0828

Tritanomaly

15.2134, 16.1728, 14.6317

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451

Achromatopsia

14.5356, 15.2926, 16.6537

Achromatomaly

14.2450, 15.7115, 12.8715

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 116, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 116, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 116, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 116, 69) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 116, 69) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 116, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 116, 69)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 116, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 116, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 116,  
69) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.8751, 16.3000, 8.0451 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 116, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
116, 69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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