

# Converting Colors

XYZ(13.8880, 7.0852, 4.3314)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(13.8880, 7.0852, 4.3314)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(13.8507, 7.0578,  
4.3737)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	990038
RGB	153, 0, 56
RGB Percent	60%, 0%, 22%
CMY	0.4000, 0.9999, 0.7804
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.63, 0.40
HSL	338°, 100%, 30%
HSV	338°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737
YIQ	52.1310, 73.2120, 49.8520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

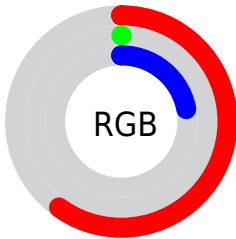
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	153, 0, 56
Decimal	10027064
CIE Lab	31.94, 56.49, 14.16
CIE LCh	32, 58.233, 14.070
Yxy	7.0578, 0.5478, 0.2792
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288217144 (0xFF990038)
YUV	52.1310, 1.9074, 88.4621
Hunter-Lab	26.5665, 46.5712, 8.8355

# Details

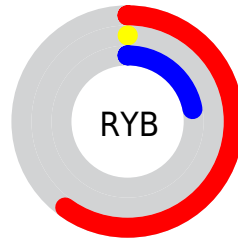
The XYZ color **13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **13.5500, 23.6460, 15.1638**, and the grayscale version is **3.2725, 3.4429, 3.7493**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.2876, 20.0030, 14.7296**, and **4.6954, 2.4114, 0.6334** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.8504, 7.0577, 4.3722**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.2868, 7.5129, 5.8054**.

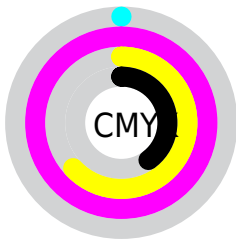
# Distribution



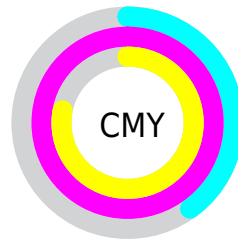
- Red (60%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (40%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (78%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 13.8507, 7.0578,  
4.3737


 13.8507, 7.0578,  
4.3737


209.8293,  
168.1431, 152.2926


 8.0979, 3.4983,  
1.8325


 32.4124, 20.0894,  
14.8628


 4.2100, 1.3971,  
0.4493

 45.9519, 30.3303,  
23.6479


 1.8216, 0.2146,  
0.0000

 62.8178, 43.5670,  
35.3513

 0.5306, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 83.3754, 60.1841,  
50.3916

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 107.9899, 80.5658,  
69.1873

 137.0269,

105.0966, 92.1571

170.8515,  
134.1609, 119.7193

13.8507, 7.0578,  
4.3737

13.8507, 7.0578,  
4.3737

13.8504, 7.0577,  
4.3722

14.2868, 7.5129,  
5.8054

14.9008, 8.2460,  
7.5354

15.7545, 9.3775,  
9.5957

16.8740, 10.9559,  
12.0054

18.2817, 13.0228,  
14.7820

■ 19.9974, 15.6149,  
17.9416

■ 22.0393, 18.7655,  
21.4990

■ 24.4239, 22.5049,  
25.4684

■ 27.1666, 26.8614,  
29.8632

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.7736, 7.0578, 13.0606



13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737



11.6641, 7.0578, 1.0191

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737



3.4861, 7.0578, 0.9246



5.2689, 7.0578, 36.2761

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737



13.5500, 23.6460, 15.1638

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.4027, 7.0578, 25.4232



13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737



2.5989, 7.0578, 4.0331

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737



5.4217, 7.0578, 0.0000



2.5736, 7.0578, 12.3485



8.1837, 7.0578, 36.6616



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737



9.5065, 7.0578, 0.1884



2.5736, 7.0578, 12.3485



4.5212, 7.0578, 33.5037

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.8509, 7.0582, 4.3738



39.2314, 33.2359, 38.0959



10.6698, 4.8366, 30.5081



8.3392, 6.8376, 7.8551



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.8509, 7.0582, 4.3738



24.7221, 12.6066, 7.3963



13.3945, 7.2875, 0.7012



6.2976, 6.2582, 6.9471



11.4621, 5.8391, 3.6923



0.1879, 0.0939, 0.1422



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.8509, 7.0582, 4.3738



24.7221, 12.6066, 7.3963



14.0832, 18.9664, 33.0555



6.2976, 6.2582, 6.9471



11.4621, 5.8391, 3.6923



0.1879, 0.0939, 0.1422



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

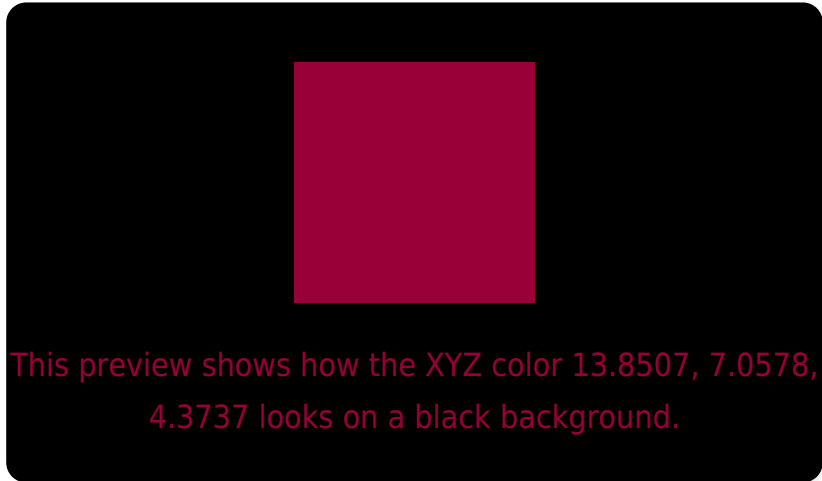
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

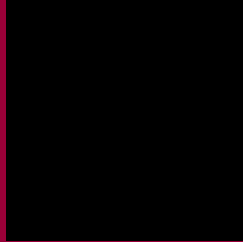
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.8507, 7.0578,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737

### Protanopia

7.4718, 7.7202, 9.0790

### Deuteranopia

7.7898, 7.6868, 3.9789



## Tritanopia

13.3906, 7.3423, 1.4209

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737

## Protanomaly

8.2871, 5.8264, 6.9912

## Deuteranomaly

8.8792, 6.0748, 3.9534

## Tritanomaly

13.4085, 7.1325, 2.1834

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737

## Achromatopsia

3.2640, 3.4340, 3.7396

## Achromatomaly

5.3063, 3.4686, 3.7580

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 0, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 0, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 0, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 0, 56) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 0, 56) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 0, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 0, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 0, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 0, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 0, 56)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.8507, 7.0578, 4.3737 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 0, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 0,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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