

# Converting Colors

XYZ(13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(13.8954, 11.0930,  
1.8607)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8E4D0F
RGB	142, 77, 15
RGB Percent	56%, 30%, 6%
CMY	0.4431, 0.6980, 0.9412
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.89, 0.44
HSL	29°, 81%, 31%
HSV	29°, 89%, 56%
XYZ	13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607
YIQ	89.3670, 58.6420, -5.5020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

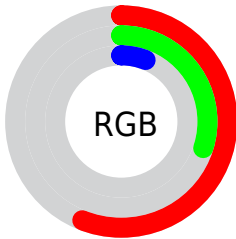
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	142, 136, 15
Decimal	9325839
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	39.74, 23.15, 44.58
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	40, 50.237, 62.554
Yxy	11.0930, 0.5175, 0.4132
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287515919 (0xFF8E4D0F)
YUV	89.3670, -36.6629, 46.1591
Hunter-Lab	33.3062, 16.1848, 20.0020

# Details

The XYZ color **13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **7.9479, 7.7914, 26.6759**, and the grayscale version is **9.6471, 10.1495, 11.0528**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.6309, 27.9779, 8.6815**, and **4.3277, 2.9584, 0.3429** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.3334, 10.1000, 1.2698**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.5709, 12.2233, 2.7669**.

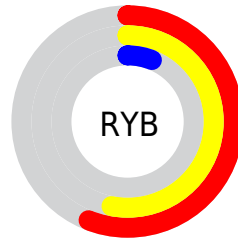
# Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (30%)

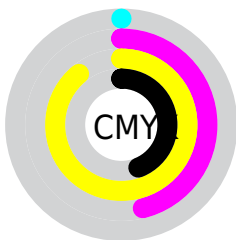
Blue (6%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (6%)

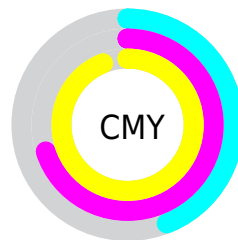


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (89%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (70%)


Yellow (94%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 13.8954, 11.0930,  
1.8607


 13.8954, 11.0930,  
1.8607


210.1028,  
198.3045, 120.1748


 8.1292, 6.1294,  
0.4676


 32.4911, 27.8320,  
8.6563


 4.2302, 2.9239,  
0.0000

 46.0513, 40.3762,  
14.9763


 1.8332, 1.0922,  
0.0000

 62.9403, 56.2161,  
23.8025

 0.5375, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 83.5232, 75.7361,  
35.5534


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 108.1656, 99.3205,  
50.6475


 137.2328,


127.3538, 69.5034


 171.0900,  
160.2203, 92.5397


 13.8954, 11.0930,  
1.8607


 13.8954, 11.0930,  
1.8607


 13.3334, 10.1000,  
1.2698


 14.5709, 12.2233,  
2.7669

 13.3035, 10.0473,  
1.2381

 15.3860, 13.5028,  
4.1197

 16.3523, 14.9392,  
5.9717

 17.4801, 16.5392,  
8.3681

 18.7782, 18.3091,  
11.3487

■ 20.2551, 20.2544,  
14.9497

■ 21.9183, 22.3806,  
19.2043

■ 23.7751, 24.6928,  
24.1433

■ 25.8322, 27.1960,  
29.7955

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.1589, 11.0930, 4.4839



13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607



10.2516, 11.0930, 1.3171

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607



5.2201, 11.0930, 12.9423



14.5181, 11.0930, 36.1135

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607



7.9479, 7.7914, 26.6759

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8411, 11.0930, 42.6056



13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607



5.8934, 11.0930, 25.4074

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607



5.6957, 11.0930, 5.2823



7.7794, 11.0930, 37.8939



17.5700, 11.0930, 23.0820



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607



8.2047, 11.0930, 1.6712



7.7794, 11.0930, 37.8939



13.2894, 11.0930, 39.3772

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.8956, 11.0936, 1.8609



36.2426, 36.3953, 27.6793



12.7970, 6.6808, 8.3246



7.9124, 7.8926, 5.7251



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.8956, 11.0936, 1.8609



23.2971, 17.3923, 2.1291



20.6024, 24.5071, 4.0965



5.6126, 5.8315, 5.7191



11.9630, 9.0578, 1.1178



0.1363, 0.1304, 0.0180



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.9479, 7.7914, 26.6759



12.6093, 11.4428, 46.6720



5.2818, 2.4591, 25.7872



5.3434, 5.6827, 6.8440



6.5222, 6.0303, 23.7973



0.0844, 0.1018, 0.2349



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

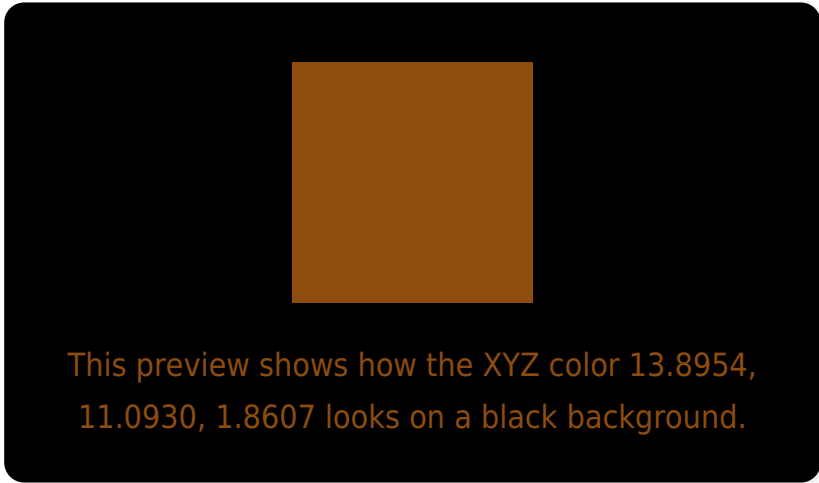
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.8954, 11.0930,

1.8607.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607

### Protanopia

10.1623, 11.2991, 2.3072

### Deuteranopia

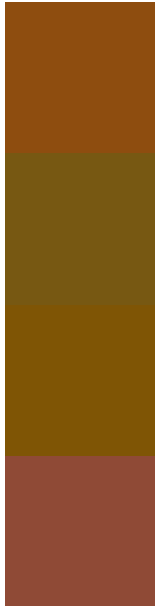
11.1801, 11.0667, 1.5468



## Tritanopia

15.1585, 11.0998, 8.3647

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607

## Protanomaly

11.2067, 10.9451, 2.0942

## Deuteranomaly

12.0283, 11.0200, 1.6367

## Tritanomaly

14.4423, 11.0035, 4.8527

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607

## Achromatopsia

9.4954, 9.9899, 10.8790

## Achromatomaly

10.3023, 10.0329, 5.9510

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 77, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 77, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 77, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 77, 15) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 77, 15) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 77, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 77, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 77, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 77, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 77,  
15) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.8954, 11.0930, 1.8607 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 77, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142, 77,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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