

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.9008, 7.3086, 8.5083)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.9008, 7.3086, 8.5083)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(13.9143, 7.3226,
8.4646)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	941251
RGB	148, 18, 81
RGB Percent	58%, 7%, 32%
CMY	0.4196, 0.9294, 0.6824
CMYK	0.00, 0.88, 0.45, 0.42
HSL	331°, 78%, 33%
HSV	331°, 88%, 58%
XYZ	13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646
YIQ	64.0520, 57.2570, 47.1530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

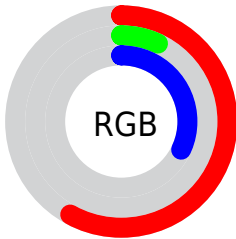
Format	Color
R_{YB}	148, 18, 81
Decimal	9704017
CIE _{Lab}	32.53, 54.34, -1.69
CIE _{LCh}	33, 54.362, 358.223
Yxy	7.3226, 0.4685, 0.2465
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287894097 (0xFF941251)
YUV	64.0520, 8.3554, 73.6224
Hunter-Lab	27.0603, 44.4285, 0.3960

Details

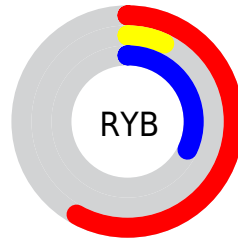
The XYZ color **13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **12.4798, 21.9647, 12.1788**, and the grayscale version is **4.8638, 5.1171, 5.5725**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.4253, 20.6184, 23.3898**, and **4.6483, 2.3577, 1.9604** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.4626, 6.8516, 6.9811**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.5391, 8.0883, 10.1645**.

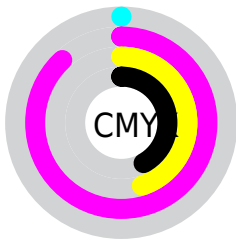
Distribution



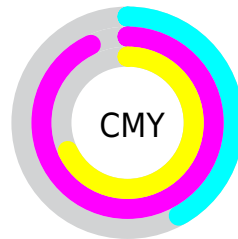
- Red (58%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

13.9143, 7.3226,
8.4646

13.9143, 7.3226,
8.4646

210.2183,
170.3180, 189.4006

8.1424, 3.6647,
4.3016

32.5244, 20.6193,
23.4254

4.2388, 1.4878,
1.7922

46.0933, 31.0269,
35.0602

1.8381, 0.2801,
0.4228

62.9920, 44.4531,
50.0229

0.5405, 0.0000,
0.0000

83.5857, 61.2824,
68.7317

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

108.2398, 81.8991,
91.6054

137.3197,

106.6877, 119.0624

171.1908,
136.0325, 151.5213

13.9143, 7.3226,
8.4646

13.9143, 7.3226,
8.4646

13.4626, 6.8516,
6.9811

14.5391, 8.0883,
10.1645

13.3732, 6.7601,
6.6824

15.3771, 9.2275,
12.0991

16.4508, 10.7834,
14.2806

17.7792, 12.7925,
16.7198

19.3794, 15.2877,
19.4270

■ 21.2668, 18.2986,
22.4115

■ 23.4558, 21.8524,
25.6822

■ 25.9597, 25.9745,
29.2474

■ 28.7910, 30.6886,
33.1152

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.6669, 7.3226, 19.2759



13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646



12.9193, 7.3226, 2.6507

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646



4.6962, 7.3226, 0.5724



4.4756, 7.3226, 29.8239

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646



12.4798, 21.9647, 12.1788

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



3.1900, 7.3226, 17.8115



13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646



3.2911, 7.3226, 2.2700

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646



7.1295, 7.3226, 0.1224



2.8231, 7.3226, 7.5009



6.7930, 7.3226, 35.7760

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646



11.2370, 7.3226, 1.0921



2.8231, 7.3226, 7.5009



3.9346, 7.3226, 26.0841

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.9145, 7.3230, 8.4647



37.9994, 33.0530, 40.2710



9.1297, 4.4104, 28.3872



8.4189, 7.1341, 8.8001



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.9145, 7.3230, 8.4647



23.5101, 11.8933, 11.3367



12.5386, 6.7727, 1.2192



5.9109, 5.8594, 6.6367



11.4365, 5.7797, 5.7798



0.1548, 0.0767, 0.1486

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.9145, 7.3230, 8.4647



23.5101, 11.8933, 11.3367



16.1849, 23.4467, 31.6897



5.9109, 5.8594, 6.6367



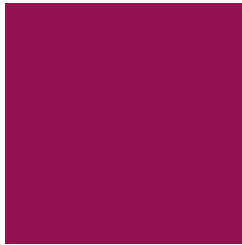
11.4365, 5.7797, 5.7798



0.1548, 0.0767, 0.1486

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

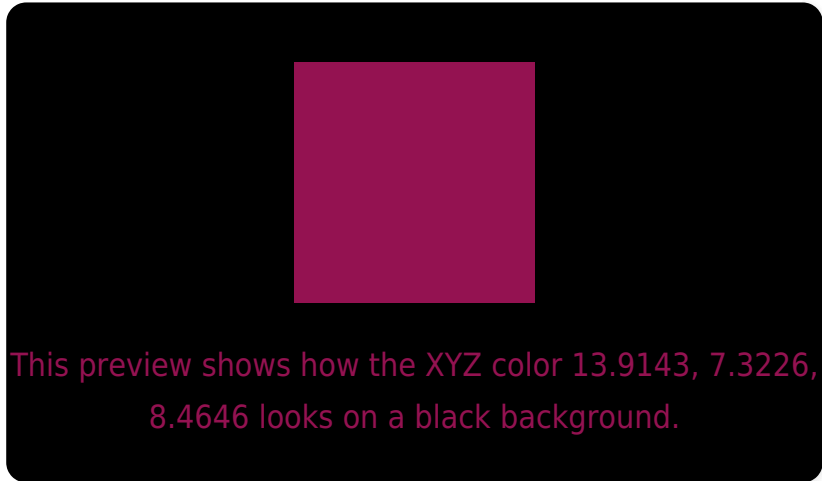
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

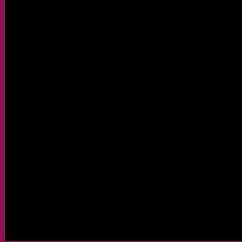
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646

Protanopia

7.9379, 7.6809, 16.9838

Deuteranopia

7.7849, 7.7031, 7.7332



Tritanopia

12.7735, 7.4404, 2.4320

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646

Protanomaly

8.6363, 6.2745, 13.3263

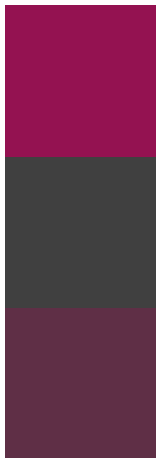
Deuteranomaly

9.0124, 6.5194, 7.8045

Tritanomaly

13.0918, 7.3297, 3.9736

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646

Achromatopsia

4.8732, 5.1269, 5.5832

Achromatomaly

6.8413, 4.9081, 6.3811

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 18, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 18, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 18, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 18, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 18, 81) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 18, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 18, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 18, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 18, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 18,  
81) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.9143, 7.3226, 8.4646 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 18, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148, 18,  
81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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