

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.9341, 8.2408, 3.9870)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.9341, 8.2408, 3.9870)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(13.9340, 8.2406,
3.9882)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	962833
RGB	150, 40, 51
RGB Percent	59%, 16%, 20%
CMY	0.4118, 0.8431, 0.8000
CMYK	0.00, 0.73, 0.66, 0.41
HSL	354°, 58%, 37%
HSV	354°, 73%, 59%
XYZ	13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882
YIQ	74.1440, 62.0290, 26.7410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

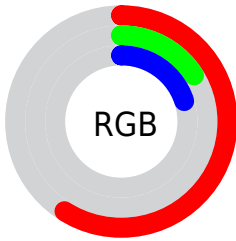
Format	Color
R_{YB}	150, 40, 51
Decimal	9840691
CIE _{Lab}	34.48, 46.06, 20.61
CIE _{LCh}	34, 50.462, 24.109
Yxy	8.2406, 0.5326, 0.3150
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288030771 (0xFF962833)
YUV	74.1440, -11.4100, 66.5257
Hunter-Lab	28.7064, 36.4069, 11.8573

Details

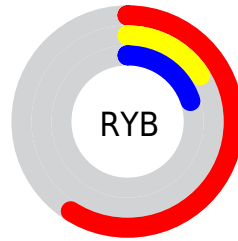
The XYZ color **13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **16.4423, 24.1281, 28.2190**, and the grayscale version is **6.5469, 6.8879, 7.5009**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.4549, 22.4238, 13.9269**, and **4.5471, 2.3403, 0.3844** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.2672, 7.3163, 2.5046**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.8839, 9.5929, 5.9928**.

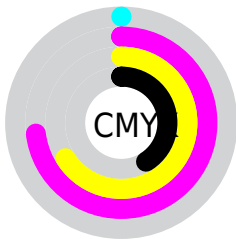
Distribution



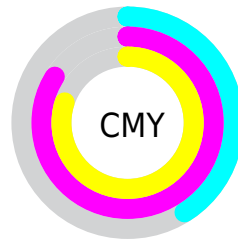
- Red (59%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

13.9340, 8.2406,
3.9882

13.9340, 8.2406,
3.9882

210.3387,
177.6072, 148.0941

8.1562, 4.2493,
1.6189

32.5591, 22.4288,
13.9825

4.2477, 1.8140,
0.3042

46.1371, 33.3944,
22.4446

1.8432, 0.4959,
0.0000

63.0459, 47.4537,
33.7747

0.5435, 0.0000,
0.0000

83.6508, 64.9909,
48.3914

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

108.3172, 86.3904,
66.7131

137.4104,

112.0367, 89.1584

171.2958,
142.3142, 116.1459

■ 13.9340, 8.2406,
3.9882

■ 13.9340, 8.2406,
3.9882

■ 13.2672, 7.3163,
2.5046

■ 14.8839, 9.5929,
5.9928

■ 12.8511, 6.7672,
1.4930

■ 16.1434, 11.4153,
8.5607

■ 12.6638, 6.5185,
1.0424

■ 17.7368, 13.7461,
11.7301

■ 19.6854, 16.6197,
15.5360

■ 22.0092, 20.0671,
20.0104

■ 24.7264, 24.1172,
25.1835

■ 27.8540, 28.7969,
31.0833

■ 31.4082, 34.1314,
37.7365

■ 35.4041, 40.1447,
45.1684

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.6000, 8.2406, 10.6718



13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882



11.4813, 8.2406, 1.3379

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882



4.1951, 8.2406, 2.5806



7.2863, 8.2406, 35.1726

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882



16.4423, 24.1281, 28.2190

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.0523, 8.2406, 28.4855



13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882



3.5660, 8.2406, 7.4641

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882



5.8107, 8.2406, 0.9358



3.8369, 8.2406, 16.9767



10.2760, 8.2406, 32.0879

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882



9.4214, 8.2406, 0.7629



3.8369, 8.2406, 16.9767



6.4330, 8.2406, 33.9101

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.9342, 8.2411, 3.9883



39.2421, 36.0098, 36.0803



16.9115, 9.2091, 29.7402



8.4611, 7.6301, 7.5450



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.9342, 8.2411, 3.9883



22.8965, 12.2212, 3.1866



16.1314, 12.9785, 3.6630



5.8230, 5.8242, 6.1739



10.5093, 5.4088, 0.8972



0.1333, 0.0681, 0.0354

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.9342, 8.2411, 3.9883



22.8965, 12.2212, 3.1866



11.5346, 12.9619, 30.7479



5.8230, 5.8242, 6.1739



10.5093, 5.4088, 0.8972



0.1333, 0.0681, 0.0354

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

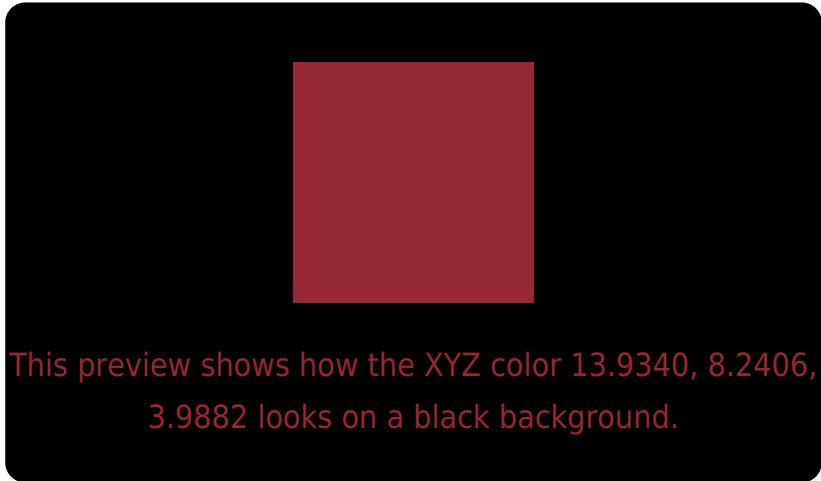
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

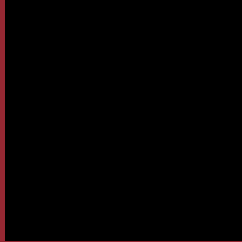
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.9340, 8.2406,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882

Protanopia

7.9912, 8.4782, 6.6841

Deuteranopia

8.5649, 8.4049, 3.6535



Tritanopia

13.8067, 8.2443, 3.1491

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882

Protanomaly

9.3071, 7.6771, 5.5487

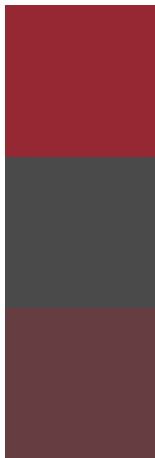
Deuteranomaly

9.9542, 7.7940, 3.6691

Tritanomaly

13.8638, 8.2672, 3.4498

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882

Achromatopsia

6.5089, 6.8478, 7.4573

Achromatomaly

8.1855, 6.6634, 6.0090

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 40, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 40, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 40, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 40, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 40, 51) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 40, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 40, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 40, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 40, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 40,  
51) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.9340, 8.2406, 3.9882 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 40, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150, 40,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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