

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.9406, 16.0415, 2.3616)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.9406, 16.0415, 2.3616)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(14.0434, 16.1722,
2.3814)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A7200
RGB	122, 114, 0
RGB Percent	48%, 45%, 0%
CMY	0.5216, 0.5529, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 1.00, 0.52
HSL	56°, 100%, 24%
HSV	56°, 100%, 48%
XYZ	14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814
YIQ	103.3960, 41.3620, -33.7580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

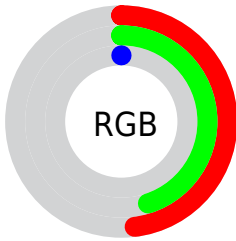
Format	Color
RYB	9, 122, 0
Decimal	8024576
CIELab	47.20, -8.08, 53.03
CIELCh	47, 53.646, 98.664
Yxy	16.1722, 0.4308, 0.4961
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286214656 (0xFF7A7200)
YUV	103.3960, -50.9742, 16.3157
Hunter-Lab	40.2147, -8.0415, 24.6393

Details

The XYZ color **14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **3.5998, 1.5789, 18.5274**, and the grayscale version is **13.1212, 13.8046, 15.0332**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.8935, 37.0963, 10.1293**, and **4.4025, 5.1616, 0.7643** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.0437, 16.1728, 2.3815**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.2020, 16.3812, 2.7679**.

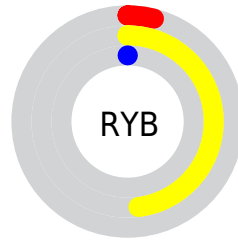
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (45%)

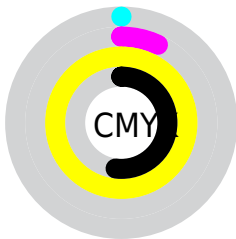
Blue (0%)



Red (4%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (0%)

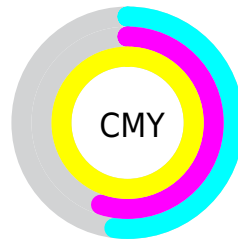


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.0434, 16.1722,
2.3814

■ 14.0434, 16.1722,
2.3814

211.0059,
230.3557, 128.0434

■ 8.2328, 9.6461,
0.7763

■ 32.7516, 36.8969,
10.0595

■ 4.2973, 5.1649,
0.0000

■ 46.3799, 51.8643,
16.9815

■ 1.8717, 2.3444,
0.0000

■ 63.3449, 70.4142,
26.5169

■ 0.5603, 0.7970,
0.0000


■ 84.0117, 92.9310,
39.0842


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 108.7459,
119.7992, 55.1020


■ 137.9127,


151.4031, 74.9887


 171.8776,
188.1272, 99.1630


 14.0434, 16.1722,
2.3814


 14.0434, 16.1722,
2.3814


 14.0437, 16.1728,
2.3815

 14.2020, 16.3812,
2.7679

 14.3949, 16.6046,
3.3329

 14.6457, 16.8525,
4.1991

 14.9612, 17.1274,
5.4019

 15.3472, 17.4319,
6.9717

■ 15.8088, 17.7678,
8.9358

■ 16.3506, 18.1372,
11.3185

■ 16.9770, 18.5416,
14.1425

■ 17.6918, 18.9828,
17.4285

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.9176, 16.1722, 2.7947



14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814



10.3671, 16.1722, 4.1076

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814



9.3149, 16.1722, 39.3671



25.4764, 16.1722, 28.8675

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814



3.5998, 1.5789, 18.5274

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.7713, 16.1722, 46.7229



14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814



12.2982, 16.1722, 54.6411

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814



8.0281, 16.1722, 21.8243



16.7801, 16.1722, 57.8633



26.2098, 16.1722, 13.9744

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814



8.8462, 16.1722, 7.2508



16.7801, 16.1722, 57.8633



24.5055, 16.1722, 34.8927

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.0438, 16.1730, 2.3817



28.6912, 31.8594, 19.5811



8.0707, 4.1556, 0.6105



6.4840, 7.2335, 4.1395



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.0438, 16.1730, 2.3817



24.6689, 28.3765, 4.1770



9.4235, 15.1893, 2.4354



4.2863, 4.5911, 4.2848



14.7835, 17.0228, 2.5066



70.2753, 80.7140, 11.8755

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.5998, 1.5789, 18.5274



6.2927, 2.6971, 32.5818



4.9744, 2.1587, 18.5668



3.8168, 3.9319, 5.0009



3.7874, 1.6572, 19.5055



17.8356, 7.4439, 92.9666

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.0434, 16.1722,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814

Deuteranopia

16.4029, 16.0963, 2.7326

Tritanopia

17.2446, 16.1901, 18.1357

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814

Deuteranomaly

15.5151, 16.1101, 2.5790

Tritanomaly

15.2754, 15.8539, 8.5583

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814

Achromatopsia

12.8919, 13.5633, 14.7705

Achromatomaly

12.6715, 14.2237, 7.2319

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 114, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 114, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 114, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 114, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 114, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 114, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 114, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 114, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 114, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 114,  
0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.0434, 16.1722, 2.3814 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 114, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
114, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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