

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.9422, 17.8596, 35.7454)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.9422, 17.8596, 35.7454)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(14.0643, 17.9764,
35.9862)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0080A0
RGB	0, 128, 160
RGB Percent	0%, 50%, 63%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4980, 0.3725
CMYK	1.00, 0.20, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	192°, 100%, 31%
HSV	192°, 100%, 63%
XYZ	14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862
YIQ	93.3760, -86.5600, -17.1840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

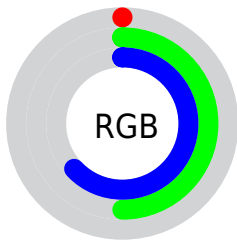
Format	Color
RYB	0, 71, 160
Decimal	32928
CIELab	49.47, -17.73, -25.40
CIELCh	49, 30.976, 235.095
Yxy	17.9764, 0.2067, 0.2643
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278223008 (0xFF0080A0)
YUV	93.3760, 32.8456, -81.8908
Hunter-Lab	42.3986, -14.9862, -20.6439

Details

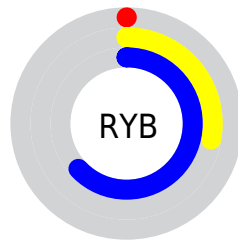
The XYZ color **14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **15.0146, 8.5080, 0.8515**, and the grayscale version is **10.4343, 10.9777, 11.9547**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.8141, 40.0288, 70.2868**, and **5.5028, 6.6747, 15.1857** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.0640, 17.9756, 35.9864**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.7028, 18.9354, 36.1380**.

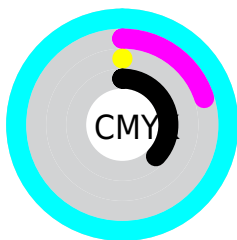
Distribution



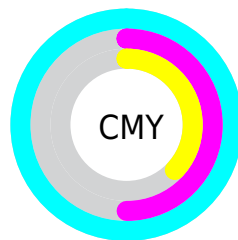
- Red (0%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.0643, 17.9764,
35.9862

■ 14.0643, 17.9764,
35.9862

■ 211.1331,
240.7380, 343.9358

■ 8.2474, 10.9330,
24.1339

■ 32.7884, 39.9971,
70.1796

■ 4.3068, 6.0218,
15.2199

■ 46.4263, 55.7432,
93.3578

■ 1.8771, 2.8584,
8.8255

■ 63.4019, 75.1591,
121.1483

■ 0.5635, 1.0582,
4.5323

■ 84.0806, 98.6291,
153.9698

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.9217

■ 108.8277,
126.5376, 192.2408

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.5065

■ 138.0086,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

159.2689, 236.3797

0.0000

171.9886,
197.2076, 286.8052

■ 14.0643, 17.9764,
35.9862

■ 14.0643, 17.9764,
35.9862

■ 14.0640, 17.9756,
35.9864

■ 14.7028, 18.9354,
36.1380

■ 15.5225, 20.0072,
36.3017

■ 16.5969, 21.2303,
36.4811

■ 17.9570, 22.6207,
36.6778

■ 19.6294, 24.1922,
36.8930

■ 21.6371, 25.9571,
37.1279

■ 24.0014, 27.9264,
37.3834

■ 26.7415, 30.1101,
37.6604

■ 29.8752, 32.5177,
37.9600

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.4802, 17.9764, 27.2340



14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862



16.6094, 17.9764, 40.4189

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862



23.3277, 17.9764, 20.9838



14.8090, 17.9764, 8.3062

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862



15.0146, 8.5080, 0.8515

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.5717, 17.9764, 7.5076



14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862



22.7050, 17.9764, 13.5034

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862



22.1284, 17.9764, 30.3182



20.5122, 17.9764, 9.1089



12.8745, 17.9764, 11.7244

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862



18.5936, 17.9764, 39.6183



20.5122, 17.9764, 9.1089



15.6622, 17.9764, 7.7730

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.0649, 17.9770, 35.9866



43.3058, 50.4830, 67.8483



12.8322, 25.2464, 5.5646



9.1121, 10.7542, 14.8392



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.0649, 17.9770, 35.9866



25.3902, 32.3468, 65.2919



7.4032, 4.6535, 33.7661



6.7091, 7.2839, 8.4590



10.9868, 14.0652, 28.0430



0.2228, 0.3041, 0.5102

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.3940, 9.0327, 21.1967



33.3233, 16.3701, 38.0961



20.2925, 19.0638, 2.6108



6.8473, 6.7318, 8.0468



14.3439, 7.0421, 16.5936



0.2698, 0.1312, 0.3667

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

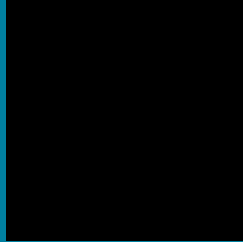
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862.

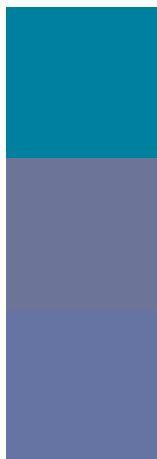


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.0643, 17.9764,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862

Protanopia

18.0156, 17.9133, 31.7862

Deuteranopia

18.3357, 17.9599, 37.1505



Tritanopia

12.7163, 17.8587, 27.5878

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862

Protanomaly

15.0034, 17.0312, 33.0684

Deuteranomaly

15.4180, 17.1654, 36.6831

Tritanomaly

13.1167, 17.8071, 30.3496

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862

Achromatopsia

10.4043, 10.9462, 11.9204

Achromatomaly

10.1686, 12.5222, 18.7107

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 128, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 128, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 128, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 128, 160) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 128, 160) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 128, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 128, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 128, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 128, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 128,  
160) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.0643, 17.9764, 35.9862 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 128, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 128,  
160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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