

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.9599, 18.7202, 33.0146)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.9599, 18.7202, 33.0146)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(14.0010, 18.8024,
33.0283)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008499
RGB	0, 132, 153
RGB Percent	0%, 52%, 60%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4823, 0.4000
CMYK	1.00, 0.14, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	188°, 100%, 30%
HSV	188°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283
YIQ	94.9260, -85.4130, -21.4530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

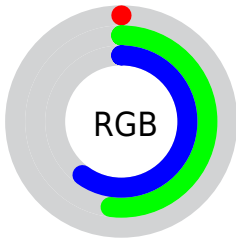
Format	Color
RYB	0, 71, 153
Decimal	33945
CIELab	50.46, -22.38, -19.80
CIElCh	50, 29.884, 221.504
Yxy	18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278224025 (0xFF008499)
YUV	94.9260, 28.6305, -83.2501
Hunter-Lab	43.3617, -18.2475, -14.8075

Details

The XYZ color **14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **13.4057, 7.3096, 0.7050**, and the grayscale version is **10.8096, 11.3726, 12.3847**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.5419, 41.2292, 65.2744**, and **5.4156, 6.9939, 13.6349** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.0009, 18.8021, 33.0286**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.4913, 19.4826, 33.1341**.

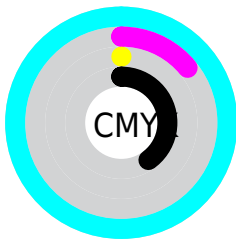
Distribution



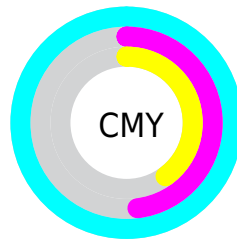
- Red (0%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.0010, 18.8024,
33.0283

■ 14.0010, 18.8024,
33.0283

■ 210.7475,
245.3557, 330.4132

■ 8.2031, 11.5276,
21.8768

■ 32.6771, 41.3999,
65.5362

■ 4.2781, 6.4229,
13.5690

■ 46.2859, 57.4914,
87.7298

■ 1.8606, 3.1039,
7.6862

■ 63.2291, 77.2906,
114.4411

■ 0.5538, 1.1862,
3.8099

■ 83.8719, 101.1819,
146.0887

■ 0.0000, 0.0504,
1.5217

■ 108.5799,
129.5497, 183.0912

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.2340

■ 137.7182,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

162.7783, 225.8671

0.0000

171.6523,
201.2522, 274.8349

■ 14.0010, 18.8024,
33.0283

■ 14.0010, 18.8024,
33.0283

■ 14.0009, 18.8021,
33.0286

■ 14.4913, 19.4826,
33.1341

■ 15.1363, 20.2507,
33.2484

■ 16.0050, 21.1428,
33.3748

■ 17.1251, 22.1732,
33.5146

■ 18.5200, 23.3539,
33.6690

■ 20.2107, 24.6958,
33.8389

■ 22.2157, 26.2086,
34.0253

■ 24.5523, 27.9012,
34.2288

■ 27.2365, 29.7819,
34.4503

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.9314, 18.8024, 23.8365



14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283



16.1548, 18.8024, 39.7313

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283



23.7176, 18.8024, 25.9864



16.7786, 18.8024, 8.4456

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283



13.4057, 7.3096, 0.7050

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.7049, 18.8024, 8.7289



14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283



23.9315, 18.8024, 17.4411

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283



21.8398, 18.8024, 34.9651



22.3958, 18.8024, 11.5864



14.4149, 18.8024, 10.6667

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283



18.0183, 18.8024, 41.0239



22.3958, 18.8024, 11.5864



17.7247, 18.8024, 8.2716

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.0016, 18.8031, 33.0288



39.5505, 46.7625, 60.9135



11.5217, 22.8349, 4.4819



8.4157, 10.0887, 13.4212



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.0016, 18.8031, 33.0288



24.9732, 33.4708, 59.1163



7.1699, 5.1395, 30.7515



6.3123, 6.8819, 7.9246



11.5892, 15.5751, 27.3032



0.1907, 0.2678, 0.4140

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.3023, 8.4389, 22.5473



30.9344, 15.0915, 40.1097



17.4034, 15.3050, 2.0375



6.4247, 6.3091, 7.6168



14.3085, 6.9776, 18.6812



0.2227, 0.1078, 0.3257

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

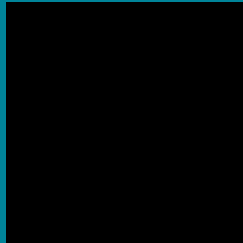
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283.

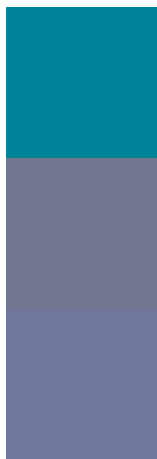


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.0010, 18.8024,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283

Protanopia

18.5703, 18.7847, 29.0326

Deuteranopia

19.1613, 18.8019, 34.0717



Tritanopia

13.4216, 18.7887, 29.3047

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283

Protanomaly

15.2218, 17.9384, 30.2639

Deuteranomaly

15.5979, 17.8721, 33.6379

Tritanomaly

13.6540, 18.8816, 30.5286

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283

Achromatopsia

10.8771, 11.4435, 12.4620

Achromatomaly

10.3784, 12.9467, 18.4750

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 132, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 132, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 132, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 132, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 132, 153) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 132, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 132, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 132, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 132, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 132,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.0010, 18.8024, 33.0283 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 132, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 132,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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