

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.9828, 19.7442, 30.0051)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.9828, 19.7442, 30.0051)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(13.9150, 19.6527,
29.8480)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008891
RGB	0, 136, 145
RGB Percent	0%, 53%, 57%
CMY	0.9999, 0.4667, 0.4314
CMYK	1.00, 0.06, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	184°, 100%, 28%
HSV	184°, 100%, 57%
XYZ	13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480
YIQ	96.3620, -83.9450, -26.0330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

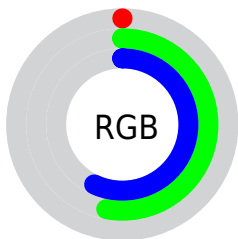
Format	Color
RYB	0, 70, 145
Decimal	34961
CIELab	51.44, -27.18, -13.64
CIELCh	51, 30.408, 206.656
Yxy	19.6527, 0.2194, 0.3099
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278225041 (0xFF008891)
YUV	96.3620, 23.9785, -84.5095
Hunter-Lab	44.3314, -21.5512, -8.8876

Details

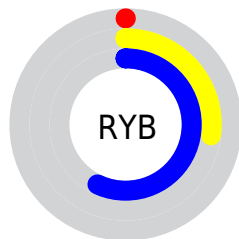
The XYZ color **13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **11.7752, 6.2156, 0.5797**, and the grayscale version is **11.1660, 11.7475, 12.7930**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.5600, 42.9289, 60.6028**, and **5.3933, 7.4818, 11.9863** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.9152, 19.6529, 29.8484**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.2319, 20.0054, 29.8998**.

Distribution



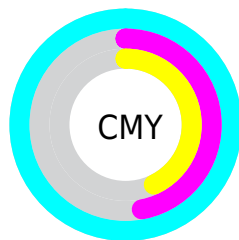
- Red (0%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.9150, 19.6527,
29.8480

■ 13.9150, 19.6527,
29.8480

■ 210.2226,
250.0287, 315.3805

■ 8.1429, 12.1428,
19.4722

■ 32.5257, 42.8341,
60.4799

■ 4.2391, 6.8410,
11.8317

■ 46.0949, 59.2745,
81.5730

■ 1.8383, 3.3629,
6.5080

■ 62.9939, 79.4605,
107.0757

■ 0.5406, 1.3240,
3.0826

■ 83.5880, 103.7765,
137.4064

■ 0.0000, 0.1597,
1.1370

■ 108.2426,
132.6070, 172.9837

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 137.3230,

166.3362, 214.2261

171.1945,
205.3487, 261.5522

■ 13.9150, 19.6527,
29.8480

■ 13.9150, 19.6527,
29.8480

■ 13.9152, 19.6529,
29.8484

■ 14.2319, 20.0054,
29.8998

■ 14.6783, 20.4261,
29.9574

■ 15.3187, 20.9484,
30.0245

■ 16.1771, 21.5846,
30.1020

■ 17.2740, 22.3454,
30.1911

■ 18.6276, 23.2401,
30.2924

■ 20.2542, 24.2772,
30.4069

■ 22.1689, 25.4644,
30.5351

■ 24.3856, 26.8089,
30.6778

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.4173, 19.6527, 20.4339



13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480



15.6390, 19.6527, 38.7094

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480



24.0165, 19.6527, 32.0162



19.0234, 19.6527, 8.6338

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480



11.7752, 6.2156, 0.5797

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.0902, 19.6527, 10.2149



13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480



25.1635, 19.6527, 22.3928

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480



21.4344, 19.6527, 40.1817



24.4231, 19.6527, 14.7161



16.1710, 19.6527, 9.6283

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480



17.3588, 19.6527, 42.2417



24.4231, 19.6527, 14.7161



20.0652, 19.6527, 8.8678

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.9156, 19.6534, 29.8485



36.0705, 43.3498, 54.4398



10.1656, 20.2671, 3.5849



7.7710, 9.4834, 12.0931



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.9156, 19.6534, 29.8485



24.8725, 35.1005, 53.4377



7.0165, 5.8552, 27.5488



5.5320, 6.0598, 6.9069



11.9423, 16.8707, 25.6040



0.1198, 0.1725, 0.2467

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.1215, 7.7979, 23.9488



28.8465, 13.9543, 42.7616



14.5284, 11.7220, 1.4974



5.6120, 5.5053, 6.7208



13.8311, 6.6894, 20.5595



0.1351, 0.0651, 0.2115

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

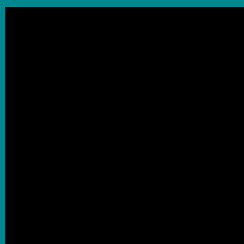
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

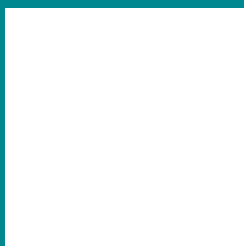
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480.

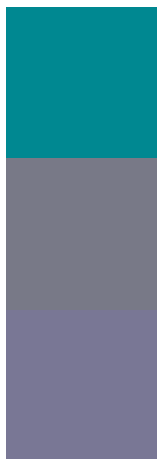


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.9150, 19.6527,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480

Protanopia

18.9563, 19.4171, 25.6704

Deuteranopia

19.9068, 19.4285, 31.1346



Tritanopia

14.2222, 19.7931, 30.6746

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480

Protanomaly

15.1015, 18.3223, 27.1667

Deuteranomaly

15.7395, 18.3831, 30.7357

Tritanomaly

14.0926, 19.7353, 30.2607

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480

Achromatopsia

11.1181, 11.6971, 12.7381

Achromatomaly

10.6462, 13.5759, 17.9789

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 136, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 136, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 136, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 136, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 136, 145) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 136, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 136, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 136, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 136, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 136,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.9150, 19.6527, 29.8480 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 136, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 136,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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