

Converting Colors

XYZ(13.9867, 13.1578, 50.1633)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(13.9867, 13.1578, 50.1633)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(13.9742, 13.1962,
49.9547)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0366BD
RGB	3, 102, 189
RGB Percent	1%, 40%, 74%
CMY	0.9881, 0.6000, 0.2588
CMYK	0.98, 0.46, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	208°, 97%, 38%
HSV	208°, 98%, 74%
XYZ	13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547
YIQ	82.3170, -86.9310, 6.0690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

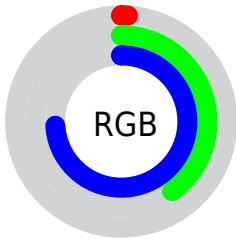
Format	Color
R_{YB}	3, 68, 189
Decimal	222909
CIE _{Lab}	43.06, 9.34, -52.43
CIE _{LCh}	43, 53.256, 280.099
Yxy	13.1962, 0.1812, 0.1711
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278412989 (0xFF0366BD)
YUV	82.3170, 52.5947, -69.5610
Hunter-Lab	36.3266, 5.0943, -56.1044

Details

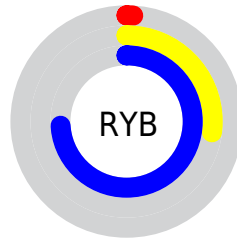
The XYZ color **13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. A complement of this color would be **24.6623, 18.1441, 2.2895**, and the grayscale version is **7.9962, 8.4126, 9.1614**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.5821, 31.5432, 91.5600**, and **5.7873, 4.5776, 23.5002** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.7983, 12.9001, 49.9071**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.1821, 15.1785, 50.2740**.

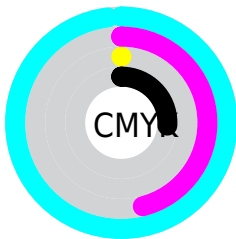
Distribution



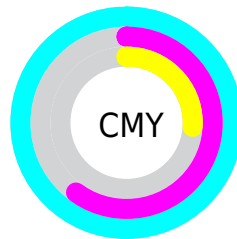
- Red (1%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.9742, 13.1962,
49.9547

■ 13.9742, 13.1962,
49.9547

210.5841,
212.1713, 403.2188

■ 8.1843, 7.5638,
35.0065

■ 32.6299, 31.6558,
91.5034

■ 4.2659, 3.8171,
23.3843

■ 46.2264, 45.2518,
118.9409

■ 1.8536, 1.5718,
14.6695

■ 63.1558, 62.2711,
151.3786

■ 0.5497, 0.3385,
8.4438

■ 83.7835, 83.0982,
189.2350

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
4.2884

■ 108.4748,
108.1173, 232.9287

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.7848

■ 137.5951,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

137.7129, 282.8782

0.4179

171.5098,
172.2695, 339.5020

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 13.9742, 13.1962,
49.9547

■ 13.9742, 13.1962,
49.9547

■ 13.7983, 12.9001,
49.9071

■ 15.1821, 15.1785,
50.2740

■ 16.7719, 17.4994,
50.6382

■ 18.8211, 20.2027,
51.0520

■ 21.3779, 23.3172,
51.5184

■ 24.4840, 26.8680,
52.0400

■ 28.1763, 30.8775,
52.6193

■ 32.4881, 35.3664,
53.2585

■ 37.4502, 40.3539,
53.9597

■ 43.0913, 45.8579,
54.7247

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.0493, 13.1962, 47.7013



13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547



18.3270, 13.1962, 39.4334

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547



19.5792, 13.1962, 4.1897



6.5012, 13.1962, 7.9794

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547



24.6623, 18.1441, 2.2895

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.1247, 13.1962, 3.1024



13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547



15.4176, 13.1962, 1.8860

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547



21.9985, 13.1962, 10.7667



11.2123, 13.1962, 1.6400



6.2792, 13.1962, 18.6953

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547



20.6792, 13.1962, 28.7921



11.2123, 13.1962, 1.6400



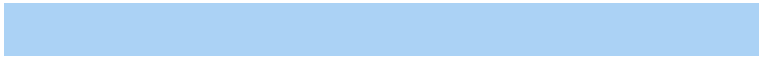
6.8812, 13.1962, 5.8053

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.9748, 13.1966, 49.9551



56.4800, 61.5906, 95.1376



20.0735, 37.1501, 15.7454



11.4375, 12.5096, 20.3543



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.9748, 13.1966, 49.9551



24.4701, 22.6187, 89.3023



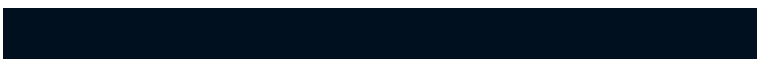
9.3236, 3.8942, 48.4047



9.4255, 10.0433, 12.1140



9.3610, 8.8338, 33.6046



0.4316, 0.4759, 1.3380

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.4177, 11.8441, 13.6224



41.6341, 20.9956, 23.0739



37.8957, 44.6108, 6.7006



9.7366, 9.6189, 11.0020



15.7258, 7.9215, 9.1155



0.6488, 0.3234, 0.5297

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

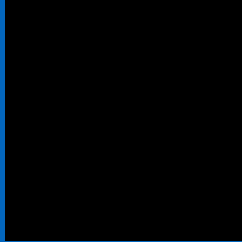
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 13.9742, 13.1962,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547

Protanopia

14.9637, 13.3260, 47.6824

Deuteranopia

13.2937, 13.0779, 46.0796



Tritanopia

9.2953, 13.1663, 19.8207

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547

Protanomaly

14.2194, 13.0716, 48.2280

Deuteranomaly

13.6197, 13.2097, 47.7308

Tritanomaly

10.5920, 12.9881, 28.7368

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547

Achromatopsia

8.0200, 8.4376, 9.1886

Achromatomaly

8.4918, 9.2821, 19.4332

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(3, 102, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(3, 102, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 102, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(3, 102, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(3, 102, 189) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(3, 102, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(3, 102, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(3, 102, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 102, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 102,  
189) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 13.9742, 13.1962, 49.9547 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(3, 102, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(3, 102,  
189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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