

Converting Colors

XYZ(131.3943, 77.7438,
198.1913)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(131.3943, 77.7438, 198.1913)
contains.

XYZ(68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(68.8149, 47.5298,
100.1550)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF8DFF
RGB	255, 141, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 55%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4470, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 78%
HSV	300°, 45%, 100%
XYZ	68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550
YIQ	188.0820, 31.3500, 59.6220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

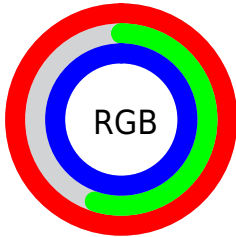
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 141, 255
Decimal	16748031
CIE _{Lab}	74.53, 58.77, -38.42
CIE _{LCh}	75, 70.214, 326.821
Yxy	47.5298, 0.3179, 0.2195
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294938111 (0xFFFF8DFF)
YUV	188.0820, 32.9906, 58.6871
Hunter-Lab	68.9419, 57.5230, -37.8740

Details

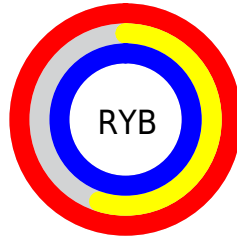
The XYZ color **68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99FF**. A complement of this color would be **51.5537, 79.1065, 37.7536**, and the grayscale version is **47.6539, 50.1356, 54.5977**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.2563, 68.4125, 103.6354**, and **36.2858, 22.4686, 55.8505** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.4786, 40.8572, 99.0429**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73.0184, 55.9368, 101.5561**.

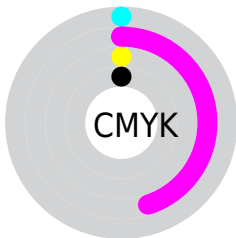
Distribution



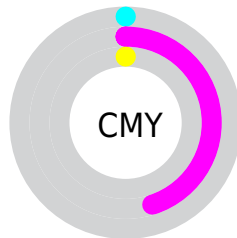
- Red (100%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 68.8149, 47.5298,
100.1550


 68.8149, 47.5298,
100.1550


445.7095,
376.9253, 581.9404

 50.8371, 33.4547,
75.8124

 116.5527, 86.5039,
163.4239

 36.2995, 22.4750,
55.7729

 147.0433,
112.1717, 203.1873

 24.8368, 14.2063,
39.6181

182.4356,
142.4725, 248.9280

 16.0836, 8.2643,
26.9294

223.0950,
177.7907, 301.0646

 9.6745, 4.2645,
17.2882

269.3867,
218.5106, 360.0156

 5.2443, 1.8226,
10.2761

321.6761,

 2.4275, 0.5012,

265.0168, 426.1995

5.4744

380.3285,
317.6936, 500.0349

■ 0.8589, 0.0000,
2.4646

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.8213

■ 68.8149, 47.5298,
100.1550

■ 68.8149, 47.5298,
100.1550

■ 65.4786, 40.8572,
99.0429

■ 73.0184, 55.9368,
101.5561

■ 62.9467, 35.7934,
98.1989

■ 78.1410, 66.1820,
103.2637

■ 61.1521, 32.2041,
97.6007

■ 84.2335, 78.3670,
105.2945

■ 60.0157, 29.9314,
97.2219

■ 91.3424, 92.5848,
107.6641

■ 59.4405, 28.7810,
97.0302

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 59.2900, 28.4800,
96.9800

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.0967, 47.5298, 142.4510



68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550



74.1617, 47.5298, 55.7223

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550



46.5415, 47.5298, 8.6497



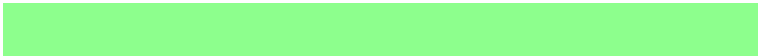
26.7201, 47.5298, 90.0942

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550



51.5537, 79.1065, 37.7536

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.9390, 47.5298, 47.9747



68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550



35.0414, 47.5298, 11.0972

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550



59.8788, 47.5298, 12.5433



27.6844, 47.5298, 22.1678



33.1009, 47.5298, 134.9787

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



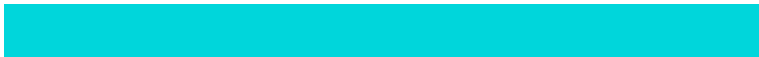
68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550



72.7706, 47.5298, 34.0576



27.6844, 47.5298, 22.1678



25.6221, 47.5298, 74.7083

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.8158, 47.5316, 100.1553



85.3715, 80.6429, 105.6738



38.5613, 31.9348, 98.7394



17.9586, 16.6321, 22.5138



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.8158, 47.5316, 100.1553



65.6863, 41.2726, 99.1121



60.9592, 44.3889, 58.7829



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.8158, 47.5316, 100.1553



65.6863, 41.2726, 99.1121



56.9389, 81.2606, 66.1118



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

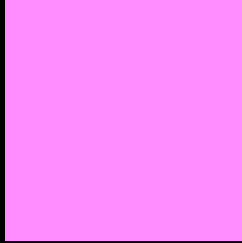
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.8149, 47.5298,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550

Protanopia

49.0711, 47.7413, 101.2364

Deuteranopia

48.9842, 47.8244, 95.4562



Tritanopia

57.6734, 47.5326, 45.1647

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550



Protanomaly

54.1919, 46.0945, 100.6487



Deuteranomaly

54.3375, 46.2432, 97.3287

Tritanomaly

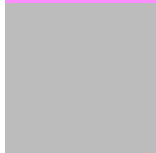
61.1188, 47.1865, 61.7637

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550



Achromatopsia

47.7994, 50.2886, 54.7643



Achromatomaly

53.5980, 47.8763, 68.7035

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 141, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 141, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 141, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 141, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 141, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 141, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 141, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 141, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 141, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 141,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 68.8149, 47.5298, 100.1550 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 141, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
141, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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