

# Converting Colors

XYZ(133.6804, 98.6588,  
48.5665)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(133.6804, 98.6588, 48.5665)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(68.8693, 65.3586,  
45.5449)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FFC8A7
RGB	255, 200, 167
RGB Percent	100%, 78%, 65%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2157, 0.3451
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.35, 0.00
HSL	23°, 100%, 83%
HSV	23°, 35%, 100%
XYZ	68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449
YIQ	212.6830, 43.3730, 1.3970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

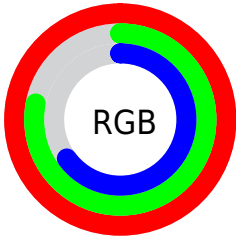
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 220, 167
Decimal	16763047
CIE Lab	84.67, 15.17, 23.99
CIE LCh	85, 28.388, 57.687
Yxy	65.3586, 0.3831, 0.3636
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294953127 (0xFFFFC8A7)
YUV	212.6830, -22.5217, 37.1120
Hunter-Lab	80.8447, 10.5810, 23.1895

# Details

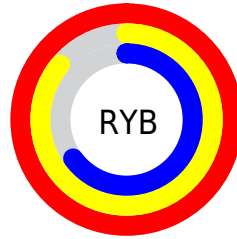
The XYZ color **68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **60.1067, 67.6756, 104.5024**, and the grayscale version is **63.1609, 66.4502, 72.3642**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.1848, 98.0539, 83.2803**, and **36.3994, 33.6659, 20.7994** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.2403, 57.5084, 33.1626**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.3512, 74.1703, 60.5060**.

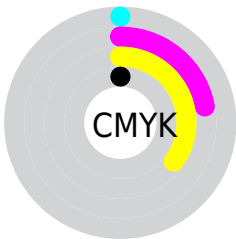
# Distribution



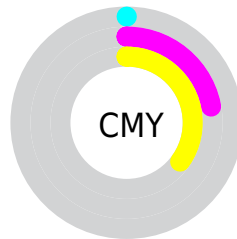
- Red (100%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (35%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 68.8693, 65.3586,  
45.5449


 68.8693, 65.3586,  
45.5449


445.8985,  
444.0795, 385.2002

 50.8815, 47.7519,  
31.5408


 116.6300,  
112.5653, 84.8646

 36.3350, 33.6305,  
20.7491


 147.1336,  
142.9340, 111.0172

 24.8643, 22.6099,  
12.7513


182.5398,  
178.3256, 142.0564

 16.1042, 14.3057,  
7.1288

223.2141,  
219.1244, 178.4008

 9.6892, 8.3336,  
3.4631

269.5218,  
265.7148, 220.4688

 5.2541, 4.3091,  
1.3357

321.8281,

 2.4334, 1.8480,

318.4812, 268.6790

0.0908

380.4986,  
377.8079, 323.4500

■ 0.8618, 0.5168,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 68.8693, 65.3586,  
45.5449

■ 68.8693, 65.3586,  
45.5449

■ 63.2403, 57.5084,  
33.1626

■ 75.3512, 74.1703,  
60.5060

■ 58.4200, 50.5760,  
23.2066

■ 82.7175, 83.9668,  
78.1784

■ 54.3674, 44.5278,  
15.5145

■ 91.0038, 94.7820,  
98.6901

■ 51.0354, 39.3242,  
9.9018

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 48.3704, 34.9216,  
6.1545

■ 46.3090, 31.2713,  
4.0107

■ 45.3902, 29.5604,  
3.3134

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.5552, 65.3586, 56.1417



68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449



62.6147, 65.3586, 41.6659

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449



50.7179, 65.3586, 69.7646



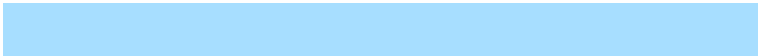
67.9605, 65.3586, 106.7786

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



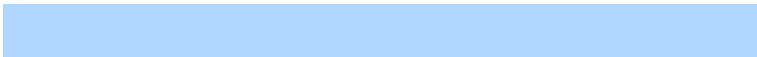
68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449



60.1067, 67.6756, 104.5024

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.6307, 65.3586, 112.0664



68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449



51.9384, 65.3586, 88.6531

# Square

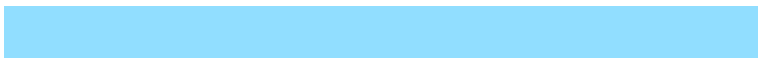
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449



52.3763, 65.3586, 54.0835



55.8293, 65.3586, 104.9423



73.0059, 65.3586, 91.5090



# Rectangle

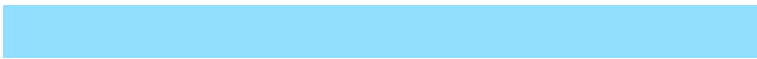
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449



58.4902, 65.3586, 42.8115



55.8293, 65.3586, 104.9423



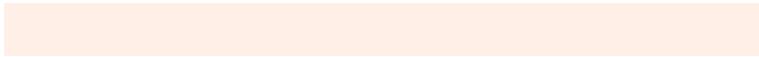
65.8998, 65.3586, 109.8851

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.8710, 65.3617, 45.5462



86.3381, 88.7157, 87.0686



68.3424, 54.2114, 76.4859



18.2340, 18.6672, 18.0298



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.8710, 65.3617, 45.5462



65.1218, 60.1576, 37.2238



80.3457, 88.3111, 49.3711



18.5675, 19.1032, 18.8530



23.8488, 15.7088, 1.7751

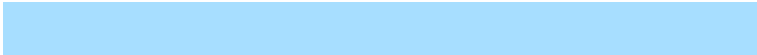


2.4229, 1.7312, 0.2065

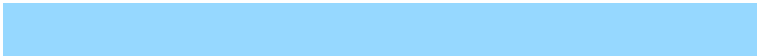


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.1067, 67.6756, 104.5024



55.2120, 62.7495, 103.8096



50.0537, 47.5697, 101.1514



17.9489, 19.2693, 23.0233



16.0903, 17.0902, 51.8853



1.6717, 1.8741, 5.0869



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

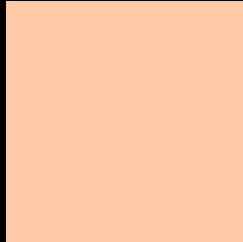
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

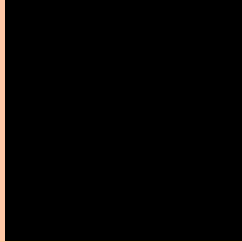
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.8693, 65.3586,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449

### Protanopia

61.4811, 65.4144, 48.4156

### Deuteranopia

66.5966, 65.2392, 45.1588



## Tritanopia

72.4886, 65.3433, 69.1136

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449

## Protanomaly

63.8295, 65.1901, 47.2490

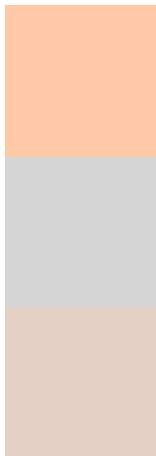
## Deuteranomaly

67.4278, 65.3182, 45.1302

## Tritanomaly

70.9439, 65.0875, 59.8629

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449

## Achromatopsia

63.2451, 66.5387, 72.4607

## Achromatomaly

64.5146, 65.5913, 61.4846

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 200, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 200, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 200, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 200, 167) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 200, 167) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 200, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 200, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 200, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 200, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 200,  
167) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 68.8693, 65.3586, 45.5449 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 200, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
200, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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