

Converting Colors

XYZ(136.9789, 203.5908,
211.6840)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(136.9789, 203.5908, 211.6840)
contains.

XYZ(64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(64.2912, 84.1433,
107.4605)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8AFFFF
RGB	138, 255, 255
RGB Percent	54%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.4588, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.46, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 77%
HSV	180°, 46%, 100%
XYZ	64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605
YIQ	220.0170, -69.7320, -24.8040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

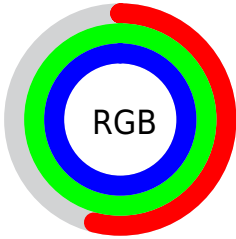
Format	Color
RYB	138, 197, 255
Decimal	9109503
CIELab	93.51, -33.13, -10.31
CIELCh	94, 34.696, 197.287
Yxy	84.1433, 0.2512, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287299583 (0xFF8AFFFF)
YUV	220.0170, 17.2466, -71.9289
Hunter-Lab	91.7297, -35.4204, -5.2470

Details

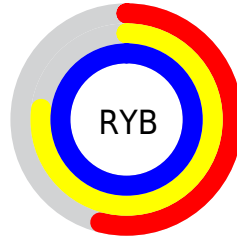
The XYZ color **64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **54.9170, 41.2735, 29.1188**, and the grayscale version is **67.9580, 71.4971, 77.8603**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.0987, 90.7458, 108.0599**, and **33.3676, 46.0019, 60.5467** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60.5565, 82.2180, 107.2857**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.0179, 86.5799, 107.6817**.

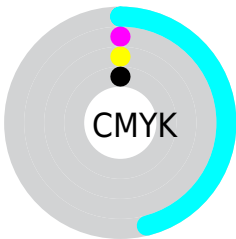
Distribution



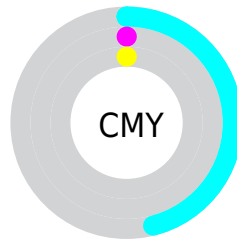
- Red (54%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

64.2912, 84.1433,
107.4605

64.2912, 84.1433,
107.4605

429.8260,
508.7890, 605.3058

47.1491, 63.1338,
81.8941

110.1016,
139.1756, 173.5134

33.3620, 45.9494,
60.7429

139.5006,
173.9672, 214.8370

22.5645, 32.2059,
43.5885

173.7160,
214.1215, 262.2500

14.3912, 21.5188,
30.0123

213.1132,
260.0231, 316.1710

8.4767, 13.5038,
19.5958

258.0574,
312.0562, 377.0185

4.4558, 7.7764,
11.9204

308.9140,

1.9631, 3.9522,

370.6053, 445.2112

6.5676

366.0485,
436.0547, 521.1674

■ 0.6131, 1.6468,
3.1189

■ 0.0000, 0.3889,
1.1557

■ 64.2912, 84.1433,
107.4605

■ 64.2912, 84.1433,
107.4605

■ 60.5565, 82.2180,
107.2857

■ 69.0179, 86.5799,
107.6817

■ 57.7409, 80.7665,
107.1540

■ 74.7975, 89.5594,
107.9522

■ 55.7657, 79.7482,
107.0615

■ 81.6892, 93.1122,
108.2747

■ 54.5377, 79.1152,
107.0041

■ 89.7468, 97.2661,
108.6518

■ 53.9415, 78.8078,
106.9762

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.9768, 84.1433, 80.9465



64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605



68.5998, 84.1433, 133.9635

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605



93.6458, 84.1433, 130.3250



83.9197, 84.1433, 50.6536

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605



54.9170, 41.2735, 29.1188

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.5445, 84.1433, 59.2929



64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605



98.4415, 84.1433, 103.1879

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605



85.3314, 84.1433, 148.7984



98.0237, 84.1433, 77.4141



74.8488, 84.1433, 51.3596

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605



73.3579, 84.1433, 146.5504



98.0237, 84.1433, 77.4141



86.9800, 84.1433, 52.4794

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.2920, 84.1437, 107.4606



83.1138, 93.8466, 108.3414



50.8298, 78.7588, 36.5696



17.4406, 19.9071, 23.1732



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.2920, 84.1437, 107.4606



60.8474, 82.3679, 107.2993



48.3855, 52.3306, 102.1584



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.3792, 46.6584, 100.0097



65.3923, 40.6845, 99.0141



65.6813, 62.8020, 32.7068



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



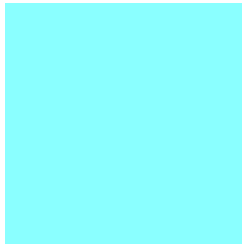
30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

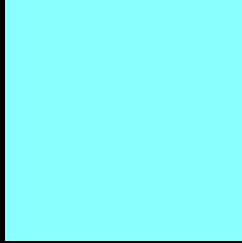
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

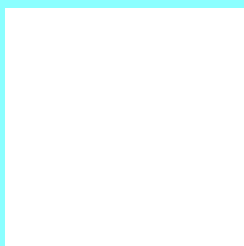
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605.

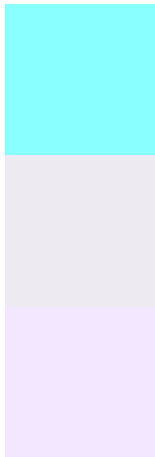


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 64.2912, 84.1433,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605

Protanopia

80.3749, 83.2610, 95.8392

Deuteranopia

83.3090, 82.8683, 106.2121



Tritanopia

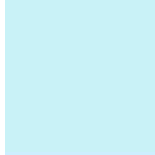
72.9064, 83.5235, 106.8868

Trichromacy



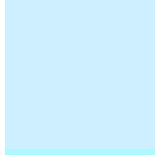
Original Color

64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605



Protanomaly

72.6280, 82.6372, 100.1184



Deuteranomaly

74.0933, 81.9321, 106.5171



Tritanomaly

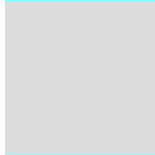
69.0730, 83.3535, 107.0560

Monochromacy



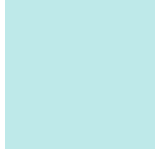
Original Color

64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605



Achromatopsia

68.0267, 71.5694, 77.9390



Achromatomaly

65.0821, 75.1082, 88.1579

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 64.2912, 84.1433, 107.4605 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor