

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.0503, 7.0288, 10.3422)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.0503, 7.0288, 10.3422)
contains.

XYZ(14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(14.0582, 7.0341,
10.2896)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	94005A
RGB	148, 0, 90
RGB Percent	58%, 0%, 35%
CMY	0.4196, 0.9999, 0.6471
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.39, 0.42
HSL	324°, 100%, 29%
HSV	324°, 100%, 58%
XYZ	14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896
YIQ	54.5120, 59.3180, 59.3660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

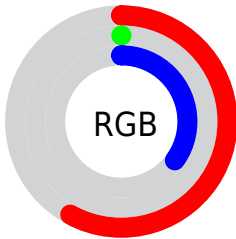
Format	Color
R_{YB}	148, 0, 90
Decimal	9699418
CIE _{Lab}	31.88, 58.03, -8.54
CIE _{LCh}	32, 58.650, 351.629
Yxy	7.0341, 0.4480, 0.2241
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287889498 (0xFF94005A)
YUV	54.5120, 17.4956, 81.9890
Hunter-Lab	26.5219, 48.2025, -4.4372

Details

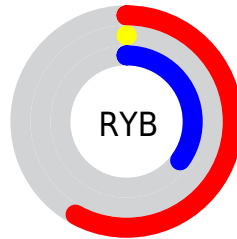
The XYZ color **14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **11.3544, 21.4856, 7.5543**, and the grayscale version is **3.5450, 3.7296, 4.0616**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.7033, 20.0474, 26.9568**, and **4.7690, 2.4060, 2.5959** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.0579, 7.0339, 10.2879**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.4832, 7.4733, 11.6975**.

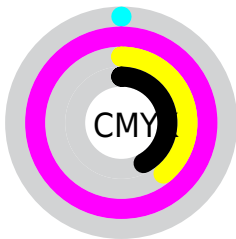
Distribution



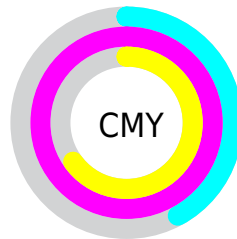
- Red (58%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (42%)





- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 14.0582, 7.0341,
10.2896

 14.0582, 7.0341,
10.2896


211.0960,
167.9467, 203.2860


 8.2431, 3.4834,
5.4833


 32.7777, 20.0418,
26.9551


 4.3040, 1.3890,
2.4699

 46.4128, 30.2676,
39.6513


 1.8755, 0.2086,
0.8241

 63.3853, 43.4872,
55.8147

 0.5626, 0.0000,
0.0000

 84.0605, 60.0851,
75.8636

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 108.8038, 80.4456,
100.2166

 137.9806,

104.9531, 129.2923

171.9562,
133.9920, 163.5093

14.0582, 7.0341,
10.2896

14.0582, 7.0341,
10.2896

14.0579, 7.0339,
10.2879

14.4832, 7.4733,
11.6975

15.0460, 8.1567,
13.2484

15.8042, 9.1987,
14.9637

16.7801, 10.6433,
16.8527

17.9928, 12.5281,
18.9238

■ 19.4593, 14.8863,
21.1844

■ 21.1949, 17.7481,
23.6414

■ 23.2135, 21.1409,
26.3013

■ 25.5284, 25.0903,
29.1701

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.2235, 7.0341, 22.9165



14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896



13.5066, 7.0341, 3.0804

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896



4.7973, 7.0341, 0.0316



3.7351, 7.0341, 28.9067

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896



11.3544, 21.4856, 7.5543

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.6638, 7.0341, 15.3882



14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896



3.1389, 7.0341, 1.3379

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896



7.5503, 7.0341, 0.0000



2.4837, 7.0341, 5.5198



5.8898, 7.0341, 37.8168

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896



11.9148, 7.0341, 1.1279



2.4837, 7.0341, 5.5198



3.2664, 7.0341, 24.4243

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.0584, 7.0345, 10.2897



37.1957, 30.9801, 41.4385



7.0184, 3.0009, 28.2263



8.2127, 6.6109, 9.0729



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.0584, 7.0345, 10.2897



24.7181, 12.3765, 17.6980



12.3164, 6.3377, 1.1162



5.9400, 5.8711, 6.7901



12.0213, 6.0136, 8.8592



0.1617, 0.0794, 0.1849

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.0584, 7.0345, 10.2897



24.7181, 12.3765, 17.6980



14.6690, 22.8114, 25.0088



5.9400, 5.8711, 6.7901



12.0213, 6.0136, 8.8592



0.1617, 0.0794, 0.1849

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

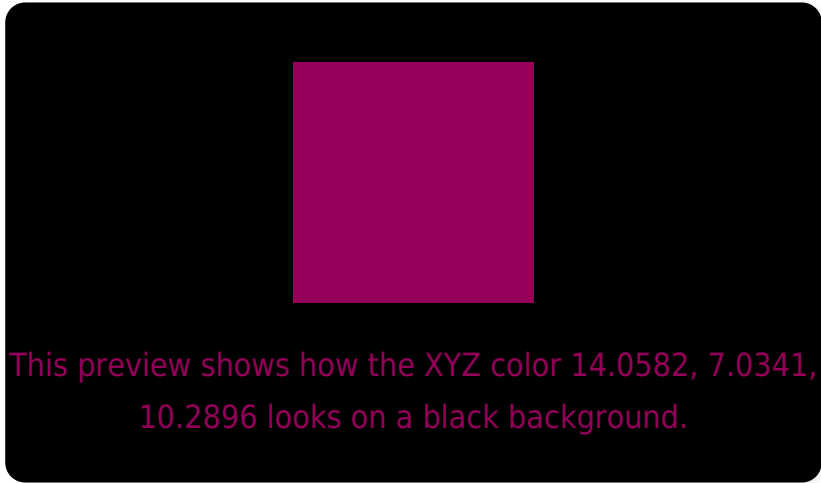
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896

Protanopia

8.3037, 7.7626, 21.8296

Deuteranopia

7.7520, 7.6480, 9.4551



Tritanopia

12.6419, 7.4151, 2.5152

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896

Protanomaly

8.4093, 5.6081, 16.8589

Deuteranomaly

8.8001, 5.9116, 9.4813

Tritanomaly

12.8743, 7.0093, 4.4158

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896

Achromatopsia

3.6313, 3.8204, 4.1605

Achromatomaly

5.7642, 3.7433, 5.8876

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 0, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 0, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 0, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 0, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 0, 90) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 0, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 0, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 0, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 0, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 0, 90)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.0582, 7.0341, 10.2896 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 0, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148, 0,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor