

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.0616, 8.0082, 0.7969)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.0616, 8.0082, 0.7969)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(14.0341, 8.0016,
0.8048)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9B2000
RGB	155, 32, 0
RGB Percent	61%, 13%, 0%
CMY	0.3922, 0.8745, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.79, 1.00, 0.39
HSL	12°, 100%, 30%
HSV	12°, 100%, 61%
XYZ	14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048
YIQ	65.1290, 83.5800, 16.1240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

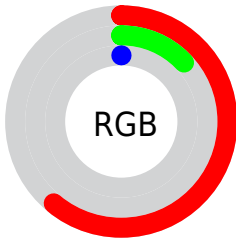
Format	Color
R_{YB}	155, 40, 0
Decimal	10166272
CIE _{Lab}	33.99, 48.81, 47.09
CIE _{LCh}	34, 67.823, 43.967
Yxy	8.0016, 0.6144, 0.3503
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288356352 (0xFF9B2000)
YUV	65.1290, -32.1086, 78.8169
Hunter-Lab	28.2871, 39.0569, 18.1141

Details

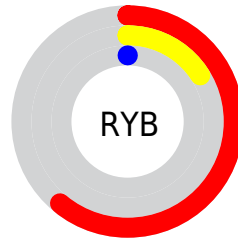
The XYZ color **14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **12.9982, 16.5302, 33.5157**, and the grayscale version is **5.0835, 5.3483, 5.8243**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.6594, 21.9529, 5.4217**, and **4.6161, 2.3797, 0.2160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.0342, 8.0020, 0.8049**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.5196, 8.8289, 1.4098**.

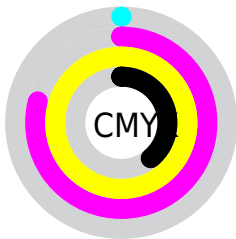
Distribution



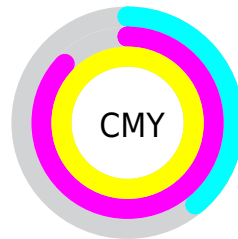
- Red (61%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (39%)




- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 14.0341, 8.0016,
0.8048


 14.0341, 8.0016,
0.8048


 210.9492,
175.7445, 99.7901


 8.2262, 4.0960,
0.0000


 32.7353, 21.9616,
5.4220


 4.2931, 1.7274,
0.0000

 46.3593, 32.7847,
10.1962

 1.8692, 0.4413,
0.0000

 63.3195, 46.6825,
17.1752

 0.5589, 0.0000,
0.0000


 83.9811, 64.0393,
26.7775


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 108.7095, 85.2395,
39.4216


 137.8701,


110.6675, 55.5260


 171.8282,
140.7077, 75.5093


 14.0341, 8.0016,
0.8048


 14.0341, 8.0016,
0.8048


 14.0342, 8.0020,
0.8049

 14.5196, 8.8289,
1.4098

 15.2087, 9.9551,
2.4164

 16.1430, 11.4146,
3.9893

 17.3448, 13.2319,
6.1975

 18.8337, 15.4292,
9.0998

■ 20.6272, 18.0267,
12.7485

■ 22.7416, 21.0432,
17.1907

■ 25.1919, 24.4964,
22.4697

■ 27.9921, 28.4027,
28.6254

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.9209, 8.0016, 4.6311



14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048



9.7664, 8.0016, 0.0000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048



2.5803, 8.0016, 4.1767



9.4738, 8.0016, 47.7977

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048



12.9982, 16.5302, 33.5157

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.7891, 8.0016, 47.2031



14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048



2.5479, 8.0016, 14.6796

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048



3.6294, 8.0016, 0.6839



3.5188, 8.0016, 32.2147



13.7604, 8.0016, 33.4850

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048



7.1192, 8.0016, 0.0000



3.5188, 8.0016, 32.2147



8.1130, 8.0016, 49.5572

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.0343, 8.0021, 0.8049



40.4899, 37.3485, 30.2801



17.1556, 8.4238, 19.7905



8.8153, 7.9568, 6.1149



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.0343, 8.0021, 0.8049



25.0225, 14.1078, 1.4042



18.9329, 17.7994, 2.4378



6.3070, 6.4192, 6.5124



11.2959, 6.4741, 0.6543



0.1909, 0.1408, 0.0171

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.9982, 16.5302, 33.5157



23.1402, 29.3273, 59.9774



6.9130, 4.3599, 31.4873



6.2762, 6.8098, 7.9126



10.4679, 13.3324, 26.9294



0.1809, 0.2480, 0.4107

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

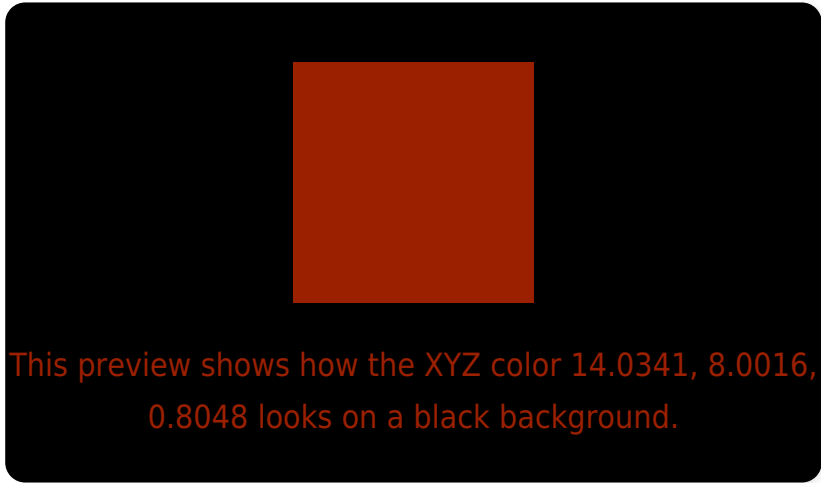
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.0341, 8.0016,

0.8048.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048

Protanopia

7.5401, 8.3536, 1.7873

Deuteranopia

8.3179, 8.3323, 1.1699



Tritanopia

14.2162, 7.9908, 2.0214

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048

Protanomaly

8.9640, 7.3358, 1.2601

Deuteranomaly

9.6948, 7.4751, 0.9319

Tritanomaly

14.1251, 7.9956, 1.4149

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048

Achromatopsia

5.0244, 5.2861, 5.7565

Achromatomaly

6.7103, 5.3030, 2.7677

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 32, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 32, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 32, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 32, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 32, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 32, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 32, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 32, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 32, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 32, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.0341, 8.0016, 0.8048 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 32, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155, 32,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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