

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.1156, 15.9332, 19.6894)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.1156, 15.9332, 19.6894)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(14.1798, 16.0263,
19.7988)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F7377
RGB	95, 115, 119
RGB Percent	37%, 45%, 47%
CMY	0.6274, 0.5490, 0.5333
CMYK	0.20, 0.03, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	190°, 11%, 42%
HSV	190°, 20%, 47%
XYZ	14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988
YIQ	109.4760, -13.2040, -2.9960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

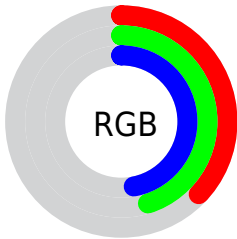
Format	Color
R_{YB}	95, 106, 119
Decimal	6255479
CIE _{Lab}	47.01, -6.41, -4.67
CIE _{LCh}	47, 7.928, 216.094
Yxy	16.0263, 0.2836, 0.3205
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284445559 (0xFF5F7377)
YUV	109.4760, 4.6953, -12.6955
Hunter-Lab	40.0329, -6.8321, -1.2997

Details

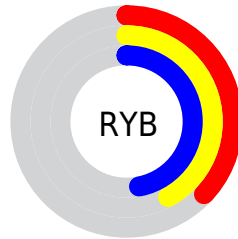
The XYZ color **14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **14.1352, 13.6717, 12.7206**, and the grayscale version is **14.6613, 15.4248, 16.7976**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.0235, 36.6887, 43.8692**, and **4.3634, 5.0976, 6.7152** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.8134, 14.9903, 19.6711**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.7409, 17.1707, 19.9377**.

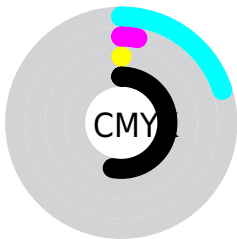
Distribution



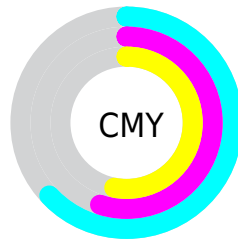
- Red (37%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.1798, 16.0263,
19.7988

■ 14.1798, 16.0263,
19.7988

211.8348,
229.4969, 263.3919

■ 8.3284, 9.5428,
12.0663

■ 32.9913, 36.6439,
43.9341

■ 4.3593, 5.0969,
6.6657

■ 46.6821, 51.5467,
61.1740

■ 1.9074, 2.3042,
3.1787

■ 63.7168, 70.0247,
82.4200

■ 0.5811, 0.7759,
1.1866

■ 84.4606, 92.4623,
108.0908

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

109.2789,
119.2440, 138.6048

138.5372,

150.7540, 174.3807

172.6007,
187.3768, 215.8369

■ 14.1798, 16.0263,
19.7988

■ 14.1798, 16.0263,
19.7988

■ 12.8134, 14.9903,
19.6711

■ 15.7409, 17.1707,
19.9377

■ 11.6317, 14.0563,
19.5531

■ 17.5033, 18.4257,
20.0870

■ 10.6259, 13.2201,
19.4447

■ 19.4750, 19.7960,
20.2476

■ 9.7860, 12.4765,
19.3455

■ 21.6632, 21.2852,
20.4197

■ 9.1009, 11.8197,
19.2548

■ 24.0747, 22.8969,
20.6037

■ 8.5581, 11.2433,
19.1721

■ 26.7161, 24.6346,
20.7999

■ 8.1432, 10.7398,
19.0968

■ 29.5936, 26.5014,
21.0086

■ 7.8084, 10.2891,
19.0275

■ 32.7132, 28.5006,
21.2300

■ 36.0807, 30.6352,
21.4645

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.9442, 16.0263, 17.8587



14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988



14.6983, 16.0263, 21.1809

Triad

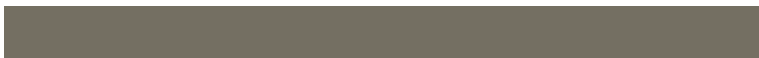
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988



16.4849, 16.0263, 19.0443



15.0913, 16.0263, 13.9200

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988



14.1352, 13.6717, 12.7206

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.7795, 16.0263, 14.1850



14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988



16.5979, 16.0263, 17.0474

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988



16.0320, 16.0263, 20.7227



16.3361, 16.0263, 15.2946



14.4601, 16.0263, 14.5412

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



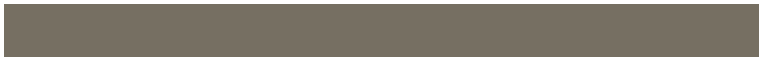
14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988



15.1418, 16.0263, 21.5458



16.3361, 16.0263, 15.2946



15.3236, 16.0263, 13.9091

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.1803, 16.0270, 19.7992



29.4102, 31.6256, 35.8073



13.5494, 16.5200, 14.1791



6.9336, 7.4690, 8.4829



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.1803, 16.0270, 19.7992



24.2634, 27.8517, 35.3502



12.9394, 13.5453, 19.3856



3.7339, 4.0565, 4.6764



8.2900, 10.9197, 20.2133



39.8613, 52.1391, 98.3232

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.7948, 13.3444, 18.0164



25.5788, 22.2119, 31.5117



15.3144, 16.0302, 13.1137



3.8017, 3.7480, 4.4826



10.4815, 5.1263, 13.0099



50.8069, 24.8729, 61.9716

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

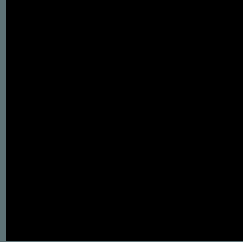
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

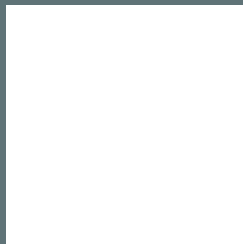
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.1798, 16.0263,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988

Protanopia

15.5189, 16.0746, 18.8078

Deuteranopia

16.2239, 15.9327, 19.9895



Tritanopia

14.4163, 15.9515, 21.0580

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988

Protanomaly

14.9489, 15.9369, 19.1179

Deuteranomaly

15.5050, 16.0399, 20.0481

Tritanomaly

14.3540, 15.9266, 20.7299

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988

Achromatopsia

14.5356, 15.2926, 16.6537

Achromatomaly

14.3740, 15.5042, 17.8578

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(95, 115, 119) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 115, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 115, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 115, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 115, 119) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 115, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 115, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 115, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 115, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 115,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.1798, 16.0263, 19.7988 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 115, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 115,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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