

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.1264, 6.4461, 38.4450)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.1264, 6.4461, 38.4450)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(14.1951, 6.4797,
38.5327)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7200AA
RGB	114, 0, 170
RGB Percent	45%, 0%, 67%
CMY	0.5529, 1.0000, 0.3333
CMYK	0.33, 1.00, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	280°, 100%, 33%
HSV	280°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327
YIQ	53.4660, 13.3740, 77.0380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

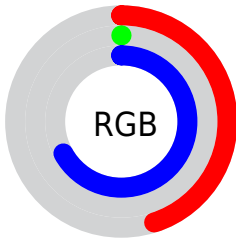
Format	Color
R_{YB}	114, 0, 170
Decimal	7471274
CIE _{Lab}	30.59, 64.45, -61.14
CIE _{LCh}	31, 88.835, 316.513
Yxy	6.4797, 0.2398, 0.1094
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285661354 (0xFF7200AA)
YUV	53.4660, 57.4513, 53.0883
Hunter-Lab	25.4553, 54.9937, -71.9311

Details

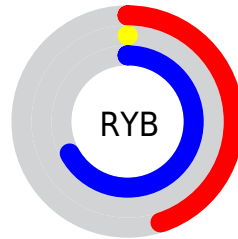
The XYZ color **14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660099**. A complement of this color would be **16.0057, 29.5903, 4.8680**, and the grayscale version is **3.3721, 3.5477, 3.8635**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.9046, 18.9140, 73.8680**, and **4.7833, 2.1017, 16.6766** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.1953, 6.4798, 38.5328**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.1469, 7.2680, 38.6348**.

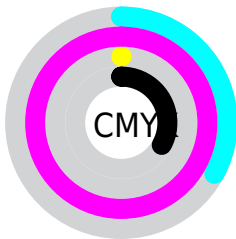
Distribution



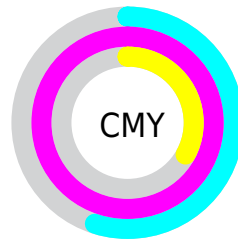
- Red (45%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.1951, 6.4797,
38.5327

■ 14.1951, 6.4797,
38.5327

211.9276,
163.2676, 355.2661

■ 8.3391, 3.1389,
26.0914

■ 33.0182, 18.9186,
74.1364

■ 4.3663, 1.2047,
16.6656

■ 46.7160, 28.7855,
98.1357

■ 1.9114, 0.0655,
9.8369

■ 63.7584, 41.5965,
126.8249

■ 0.5834, 0.0000,
5.1868

■ 84.5108, 57.7360,
160.6224

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.2966

■ 109.3386, 77.5885,
199.9467


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.7293


■ 138.6071,


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,


101.5384, 245.2164

0.0000

 172.6816,
129.9699, 296.8500

 14.1951, 6.4797,
38.5327

 14.1951, 6.4797,
38.5327


 14.1953, 6.4798,
38.5328

 15.1469, 7.2680,
38.6348

 16.3148, 8.4217,
38.7960

 17.7691, 10.0797,
39.0393

 19.5418, 12.3049,
39.3754

 21.6601, 15.1507,
39.8131

■ 24.1482, 18.6645,
40.3602

■ 27.0279, 22.8887,
41.0237

■ 30.3191, 27.8622,
41.8102

■ 34.0403, 33.6211,
42.7257

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.7861, 6.4797, 61.6992



14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327



18.0151, 6.4797, 14.0434

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327



8.2683, 6.4797, 0.0000



1.1763, 6.4797, 16.0184

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327



16.0057, 29.5903, 4.8680

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.1397, 6.4797, 2.8832



14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327



4.1156, 6.4797, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327



13.6693, 6.4797, 0.0000



1.9285, 6.4797, 0.0000



2.0727, 6.4797, 41.3071

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327



18.3705, 6.4797, 4.7195



1.9285, 6.4797, 0.0000



1.0845, 6.4797, 10.0572

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.1955, 6.4799, 38.5329



48.7350, 41.0761, 74.3618



8.7026, 5.7959, 38.6903



10.3748, 8.4310, 16.4682



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.1955, 6.4799, 38.5329



25.5175, 11.6340, 69.9025



21.4352, 10.4892, 26.3553



7.5982, 7.5410, 9.4734



10.5028, 4.7978, 28.3480



0.3060, 0.1428, 0.6921

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.2915, 8.8317, 4.5348



31.2835, 15.9880, 7.7542



14.5884, 28.8350, 5.9166



7.6292, 7.5815, 8.3647



12.7431, 6.5060, 3.4589



0.3335, 0.1677, 0.2078

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

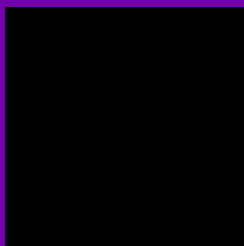
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.1951, 6.4797,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327

Protanopia

7.9849, 6.9017, 30.6171

Deuteranopia

6.7506, 6.9464, 22.4577



Tritanopia

7.9094, 6.8382, 6.8643

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327

Protanomaly

8.1495, 4.9286, 33.3227

Deuteranomaly

7.1236, 4.7124, 27.3222

Tritanomaly

9.0753, 5.6010, 14.5127

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327

Achromatopsia

3.3839, 3.5601, 3.8770

Achromatomaly

5.5850, 3.4844, 11.4445

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 0, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 0, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 0, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 0, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 0, 170) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 0, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 0, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 0, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 0, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 0,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.1951, 6.4797, 38.5327 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 0, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114, 0,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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