

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.1348, 6.7897, 23.1197)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.1348, 6.7897, 23.1197)
contains.

XYZ(14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(14.1346, 6.7896,
23.1198)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	860086
RGB	134, 0, 134
RGB Percent	53%, 0%, 53%
CMY	0.4745, 0.9999, 0.4745
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	300°, 100%, 26%
HSV	300°, 100%, 53%
XYZ	14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198
YIQ	55.3420, 36.8500, 70.0820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

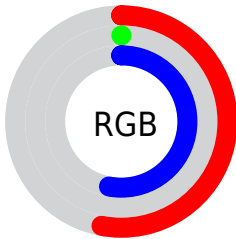
Format	Color
RYB	134, 0, 134
Decimal	8781958
CIELab	31.32, 60.92, -37.73
CIElCh	31, 71.658, 328.232
Yxy	6.7896, 0.3209, 0.1542
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286972038 (0xFF860086)
YUV	55.3420, 38.7784, 68.9831
Hunter-Lab	26.0569, 51.2282, -34.3672

Details

The XYZ color **14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **8.5254, 17.0505, 2.8421**, and the grayscale version is **3.6247, 3.8135, 4.1529**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.0117, 19.6048, 49.6211**, and **4.8247, 2.3024, 8.5776** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.1347, 6.7896, 23.1199**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.2840, 7.0882, 23.1697**.

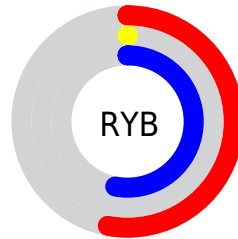
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (0%)

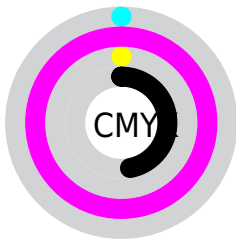
Blue (53%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (53%)

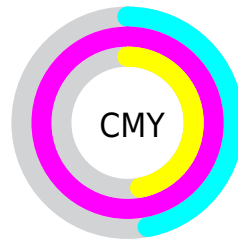


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

14.1346, 6.7896,
23.1198

14.1346, 6.7896,
23.1198

211.5605,
165.9038, 281.4816

8.2967, 3.3309,
14.4759

32.9119, 19.5487,
49.5157

4.3388, 1.3068,
8.3099

46.5821, 29.6178,
68.1046

1.8955, 0.1465,
4.2032

63.5936, 42.6592,
90.8457

0.5742, 0.0000,
1.7375

84.3120, 59.0572,
118.1575


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.3862

109.1025, 79.1963,
150.4584

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


138.3305,

103.4609, 188.1670

 172.3614,
132.2352, 231.7019

 14.1346, 6.7896,
23.1198

 14.1346, 6.7896,
23.1198


 14.1347, 6.7896,
23.1199

 14.2840, 7.0882,
23.1697

 14.5224, 7.5650,
23.2492

 14.9007, 8.3216,
23.3753

 15.4360, 9.3921,
23.5537

 16.1427, 10.8055,
23.7893

■ 17.0338, 12.5877,
24.0864

■ 18.1209, 14.7619,
24.4488

■ 19.4148, 17.3496,
24.8801

■ 20.9253, 20.3707,
25.3836

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.2349, 6.7896, 41.2572



14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198



15.9177, 6.7896, 8.0099

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198



6.6654, 6.7896, 0.0000



2.1245, 6.7896, 20.9651

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198



8.5254, 17.0505, 2.8421

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.7630, 6.7896, 6.8081



14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198



3.7410, 6.7896, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198



10.7370, 6.7896, 0.0000



2.2261, 6.7896, 1.1488



3.4941, 6.7896, 39.3957

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198



15.3082, 6.7896, 2.8197



2.2261, 6.7896, 1.1488



1.9092, 6.7896, 15.3149

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.1349, 6.7899, 23.1199



31.7874, 25.7298, 43.0293



4.3034, 1.7216, 22.6600



7.0001, 5.4740, 9.6403



64.0503, 67.3860, 73.3833



8.9945, 9.4630, 10.3052

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.1349, 6.7899, 23.1199



24.9037, 11.9625, 40.7344



10.8451, 5.4740, 5.7963



4.8579, 4.7628, 5.8640



13.2462, 6.3628, 21.6665



0.0459, 0.0220, 0.0751

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.1349, 6.7899, 23.1199



24.9037, 11.9625, 40.7344



9.5387, 17.4558, 8.1778



4.8579, 4.7628, 5.8640



13.2462, 6.3628, 21.6665



0.0459, 0.0220, 0.0751

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

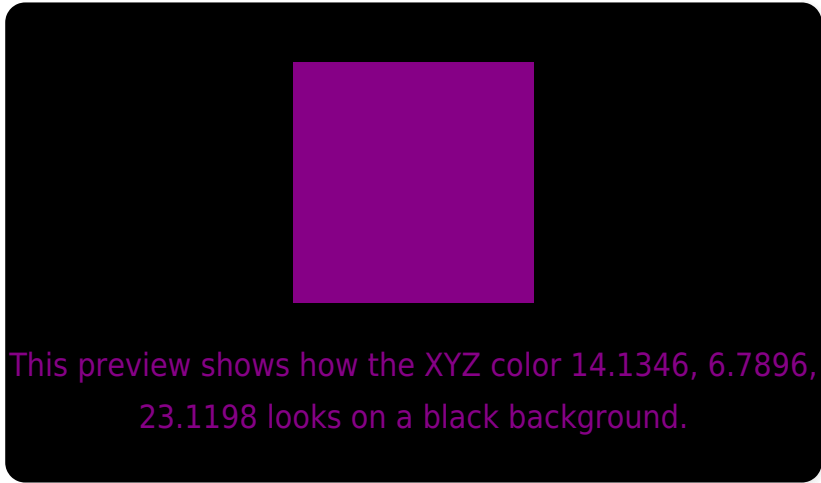
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

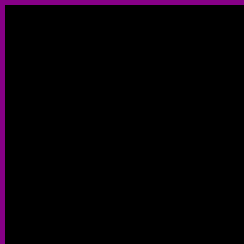
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.1346, 6.7896,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198

Protanopia

8.5346, 7.3319, 32.8637

Deuteranopia

7.5465, 7.3950, 20.7683



Tritanopia

10.5911, 7.2673, 4.5859

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198



Protanomaly

7.7080, 4.8559, 28.9648



Deuteranomaly

8.2026, 5.4013, 21.3791



Tritanomaly

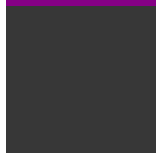
11.2255, 6.4513, 9.0411

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198



Achromatopsia

3.6313, 3.8204, 4.1605



Achromatomaly

5.8574, 3.7270, 8.7982

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 0, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 0, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 0, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 0, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 0, 134) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 0, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 0, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 0, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 0, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 0,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.1346, 6.7896, 23.1198 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 0, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134, 0,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

[@ConvertingColor](#)