

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.1520, 28.3039, 4.7174)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.1520, 28.3039, 4.7174)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| XYZ(14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**XYZ(14.1880, 28.3759,
4.7293)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 00A900 |
| RGB | 0, 169, 0 |
| RGB Percent | 0%, 66%, 0% |
| CMY | 1.0000, 0.3372, 0.9999 |
| CMYK | 1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.34 |
| HSL | 120°, 100%, 33% |
| HSV | 120°, 100%, 66% |
| XYZ | 14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293 |
| YIQ | 99.2030, -46.4750, -88.3870 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

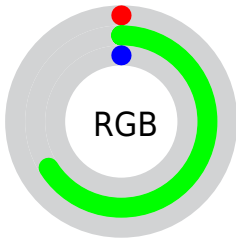
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 0, 169, 169 |
| Decimal | 43264 |
| CIELab | 60.23, -63.33, 61.12 |
| CIELCh | 60, 88.014, 136.016 |
| Yxy | 28.3759, 0.3000, 0.6000 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4278233344 (0xFF00A900) |
| YUV | 99.2030, -48.9071, -87.0010 |
| Hunter-Lab | 53.2690, -45.6780, 32.0245 |

Details

The XYZ color **14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **23.5237, 11.2998, 38.4741**, and the grayscale version is **12.0404, 12.6675, 13.7949**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.1183, 57.3066, 15.6191**, and **6.1307, 12.2615, 2.0436** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.1886, 28.3770, 4.7298**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.5185, 28.5355, 5.2695**.

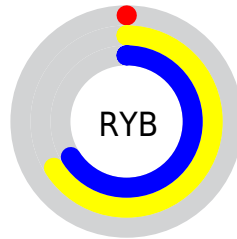
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (66%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (66%)

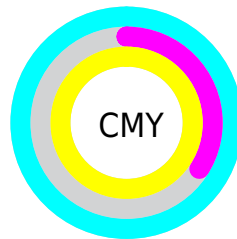


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (34%)


Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 14.1880, 28.3759,
4.7293


 14.1880, 28.3759,
4.7293


211.8846,
294.2588, 156.0161


 8.3341, 18.6092,
2.0334


 33.0057, 57.0840,
15.6596


 4.3631, 11.3882,
0.5757


 46.7003, 76.7943,
24.7310


 1.9095, 6.3286,
0.0000


 63.7391, 100.5878,
36.7647

 0.5824, 3.0459,
0.0000

 84.4875, 128.8490,
52.1793

 0.0000, 1.1557,
0.0000

 109.3109,
161.9623, 71.3931


 0.0000, 0.0251,
0.0000


 138.5747,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


200.3121, 94.8248


0.0000


 172.6441,
244.2828, 122.8930


 14.1880, 28.3759,
4.7293


 14.1880, 28.3759,
4.7293


 14.1886, 28.3770,
4.7298

 14.5185, 28.5355,
5.2695

 15.1279, 28.8282,
6.2664

 16.1302, 29.3097,
7.9061

 17.5767, 30.0045,
10.2721

 19.5106, 30.9335,
13.4354

■ 21.9702, 32.1149,
17.4587

■ 24.9901, 33.5655,
22.3981

■ 28.6016, 35.3004,
28.3054

■ 32.8341, 37.3334,
35.2282

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.4216, 28.3759, 1.3976



14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293



10.9319, 28.3759, 18.1929

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293



22.0645, 28.3759, 138.7506



53.6277, 28.3759, 16.7399

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293



23.5237, 11.2998, 38.4741

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.9428, 28.3759, 48.4553



14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293



33.4032, 28.3759, 137.2059

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293



14.5451, 28.3759, 100.5385



45.7647, 28.3759, 97.1597



44.9960, 28.3759, 4.2978

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293



10.6480, 28.3759, 37.8692



45.7647, 28.3759, 97.1597



54.7773, 28.3759, 24.8370

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.1887, 28.3771, 4.7299



44.4355, 59.9587, 39.5911



30.5513, 36.8124, 5.4954



9.1879, 12.8296, 7.8160



80.6108, 84.8088, 92.3568



14.7206, 15.4872, 16.8656

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.1887, 28.3771, 4.7299



25.4099, 50.8197, 8.4703



15.8086, 29.0251, 13.2606



7.4368, 8.4078, 8.0203



10.5743, 21.1485, 3.5250



0.2573, 0.5145, 0.0858

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.5237, 11.2998, 38.4741



42.1279, 20.2363, 68.9022



17.9829, 9.0835, 9.2969



7.8419, 7.6666, 9.4847



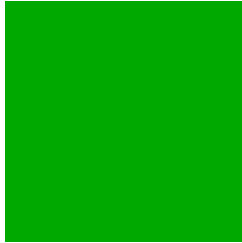
17.5314, 8.4213, 28.6735



0.4265, 0.2049, 0.6977

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

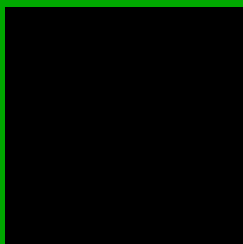
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.1880, 28.3759,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293

Protanopia

25.2297, 28.0373, 4.0820

Deuteranopia

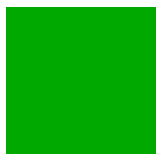
28.3356, 27.8486, 5.6321



Tritanopia

21.9112, 28.3558, 42.3486

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293



Protanomaly

17.2645, 26.0543, 4.1190



Deuteranomaly

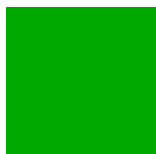
17.9825, 25.2057, 4.7816



Tritanomaly

16.5338, 27.1303, 18.5526

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293



Achromatopsia

11.8596, 12.4772, 13.5877



Achromatomaly

10.1548, 15.8309, 7.2231

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 169, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 169, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 169, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 169, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 169, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 169, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 169, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 169, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 169, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 169, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.1880, 28.3759, 4.7293 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 169, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 169,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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