

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.2541, 7.1723, 0.6508)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.2541, 7.1723, 0.6508)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(14.3036, 7.3731,
0.6980)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F0001
RGB	159, 0, 1
RGB Percent	62%, 0%, 0%
CMY	0.3765, 0.9999, 0.9961
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.99, 0.38
HSL	360°, 100%, 31%
HSV	360°, 100%, 62%
XYZ	14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980
YIQ	47.6550, 94.4430, 34.0190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

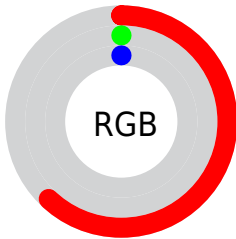
Format	Color
RYB	159, 0, 1
Decimal	10420225
CIELab	32.64, 56.29, 46.29
CIELCh	33, 72.883, 39.434
Yxy	7.3731, 0.6393, 0.3295
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288610305 (0xFF9F0001)
YUV	47.6550, -23.0009, 97.6496
Hunter-Lab	27.1535, 46.5097, 17.4833

Details

The XYZ color **14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **18.5717, 27.2657, 36.6411**, and the grayscale version is **2.7902, 2.9355, 3.1967**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.1065, 20.6406, 5.0354**, and **4.9298, 2.5414, 0.2307** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.3034, 7.3731, 0.6974**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.5818, 7.7790, 1.2552**.

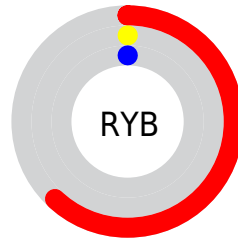
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (0%)

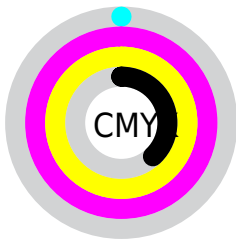
Blue (0%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (38%)


Magenta (100%)


Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 14.3036, 7.3731,
0.6980


 14.3036, 7.3731,
0.6980


 212.5845,
170.7288, 97.4545


 8.4152, 3.6965,
0.0000


 33.2085, 20.7199,
5.0912


 4.4158, 1.5053,
0.0000

 46.9558, 31.1590,
9.6903


 1.9400, 0.2924,
0.0000

 64.0535, 44.6210,
16.4571

 0.5999, 0.0000,
0.0000

 84.8668, 61.4903,
25.8100


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 109.7613, 82.1514,
38.1677


 139.1021,


106.9885, 53.9487


 173.2547,
136.3862, 73.5714

 14.3036, 7.3731,
0.6980


 14.3036, 7.3731,
0.6980


 14.3034, 7.3731,
0.6974

 14.5818, 7.7790,
1.2552

 15.0788, 8.5020,
2.2563

 15.8856, 9.6789,
3.8715

 17.0416, 11.3678,
6.1778

 18.5802, 13.6178,
9.2408

■ 20.5311, 16.4726,
13.1188

■ 22.9209, 19.9715,
17.8640

■ 25.7741, 24.1502,
23.5247

■ 29.1134, 29.0423,
30.1452

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.9722, 7.3731, 5.0627



14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980



9.9014, 7.3731, 0.0000

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980



2.1508, 7.3731, 2.6918



8.2754, 7.3731, 51.4345

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980



18.5717, 27.2657, 36.6411

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.7414, 7.3731, 47.8943



14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980



1.9881, 7.3731, 11.9709

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980



3.3153, 7.3731, 0.0000



2.7432, 7.3731, 30.0123



12.7506, 7.3731, 37.4720

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980



7.0803, 7.3731, 0.0000



2.7432, 7.3731, 30.0123



6.9360, 7.3731, 52.4137

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.3038, 7.3736, 0.6981



40.7769, 35.3682, 31.4521



20.0364, 9.6066, 33.5990



8.7923, 7.3869, 6.2952



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.3038, 7.3736, 0.6981



25.6135, 13.2035, 1.2351



16.9423, 12.6593, 1.5512



6.6346, 6.6468, 6.9272



11.2979, 5.8237, 0.5539



0.2024, 0.1043, 0.0122

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.3038, 7.3736, 0.6981



25.6135, 13.2035, 1.2351



9.2877, 8.5622, 33.9639



6.6346, 6.6468, 6.9272



11.2979, 5.8237, 0.5539



0.2024, 0.1043, 0.0122

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

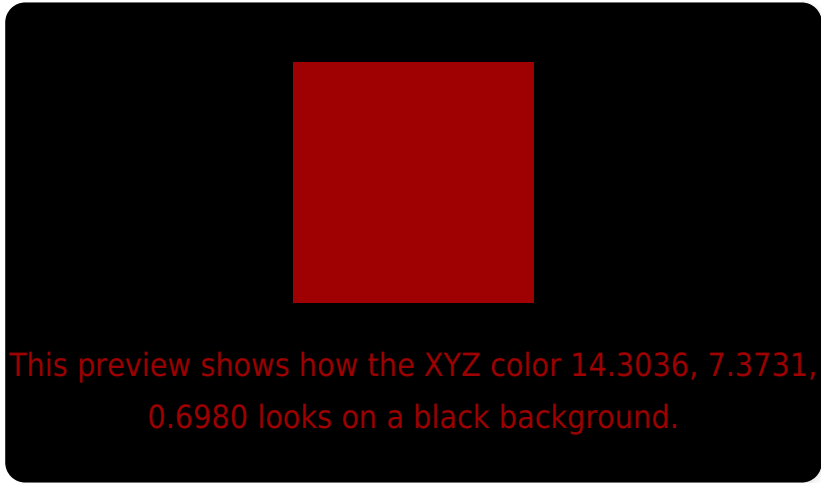
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.3036, 7.3731,

0.6980.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980

Protanopia

7.2205, 7.9651, 1.8663

Deuteranopia

7.9513, 7.9356, 1.1126



Tritanopia

14.2714, 7.6107, 0.7168

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980

Protanomaly

8.3333, 6.0442, 1.1429

Deuteranomaly

9.0830, 6.2515, 0.7279

Tritanomaly

14.2091, 7.4862, 0.6961

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980

Achromatopsia

2.8094, 2.9557, 3.2187

Achromatomaly

4.7618, 3.1536, 1.6541

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 0, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 0, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 0, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 0, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 0, 1) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 0, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 0, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 0, 1); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 0, 1); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 0, 1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.3036, 7.3731, 0.6980 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 0, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159, 0,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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