

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.2884, 6.9204, 20.7975)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.2884, 6.9204, 20.7975)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(14.3120, 6.9356,
20.6630)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A007F
RGB	138, 0, 127
RGB Percent	54%, 0%, 50%
CMY	0.4588, 0.9999, 0.5020
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.08, 0.46
HSL	305°, 100%, 27%
HSV	305°, 100%, 54%
XYZ	14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630
YIQ	55.7400, 41.4810, 68.7530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

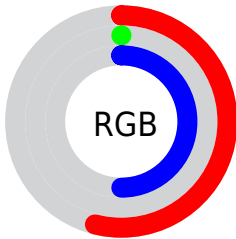
Format	Color
R_{YB}	138, 0, 127
Decimal	9044095
CIE _{Lab}	31.66, 60.58, -32.76
CIE _{LCh}	32, 68.866, 331.595
Yxy	6.9356, 0.3415, 0.1655
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287234175 (0xFF8A007F)
YUV	55.7400, 35.1312, 72.1420
Hunter-Lab	26.3355, 50.9184, -28.0844

Details

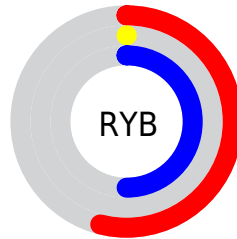
The XYZ color **14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **9.1492, 18.2014, 3.3481**, and the grayscale version is **3.6793, 3.8709, 4.2154**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.1927, 19.7949, 45.2514**, and **4.9068, 2.3748, 7.2209** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6627**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.5388, 7.2736, 21.0944**.

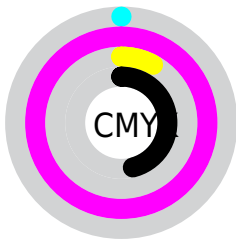
Distribution



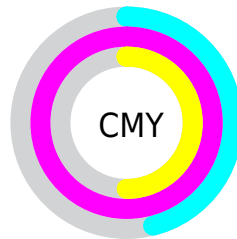
- Red (54%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.3120, 6.9356,
20.6630

■ 14.3120, 6.9356,
20.6630

212.6352,
167.1275, 268.2040

■ 8.4211, 3.4219,
12.6891

■ 33.2233, 19.8435,
45.3995

■ 4.4196, 1.3557,
7.0866

■ 46.9744, 30.0065,
62.9991

■ 1.9422, 0.1838,
3.4370

■ 64.0763, 43.1547,
84.6443

■ 0.6012, 0.0000,
1.3219

■ 84.8944, 59.6725,
110.7538


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0796


■ 109.7939, 79.9443,
141.7459


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 139.1404,

104.3544, 178.0393


 173.2990,
133.2874, 220.0525


 14.3120, 6.9356,
20.6630

 14.3120, 6.9356,
20.6630


 14.3120, 6.9356,
20.6627

 14.5388, 7.2736,
21.0944

 14.8633, 7.8060,
21.5621

 15.3382, 8.6378,
22.0839

 15.9817, 9.8057,
22.6658

 16.8096, 11.3410,
23.3130

■ 17.8357, 13.2716,
24.0303

■ 19.0726, 15.6225,
24.8218

■ 20.5319, 18.4167,
25.6913

■ 22.2242, 21.6757,
26.6424

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.7111, 6.9356, 38.0155



14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630



15.6878, 6.9356, 7.0355

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630



6.4093, 6.9356, 0.0000



2.4041, 6.9356, 22.5058

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630



9.1492, 18.2014, 3.3481

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.9377, 6.9356, 8.0925



14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630



3.6931, 6.9356, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630



10.2754, 6.9356, 0.0000



2.3112, 6.9356, 1.6420



3.9146, 6.9356, 39.5889

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630



14.8773, 6.9356, 2.4976



2.3112, 6.9356, 1.6420



2.1496, 6.9356, 16.9165

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.3123, 6.9359, 20.6631



33.4648, 27.2438, 43.6573



4.7030, 1.8947, 24.1629



7.3205, 5.7574, 9.6757



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.3123, 6.9359, 20.6631



25.2003, 12.2143, 36.2791



11.2920, 5.7278, 4.7588



5.2169, 5.1222, 6.2309



13.1245, 6.3599, 18.9576



0.0896, 0.0432, 0.1384

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.3123, 6.9359, 20.6631



25.2003, 12.2143, 36.2791



10.4713, 18.7303, 10.3100



5.2169, 5.1222, 6.2309



13.1245, 6.3599, 18.9576



0.0896, 0.0432, 0.1384

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

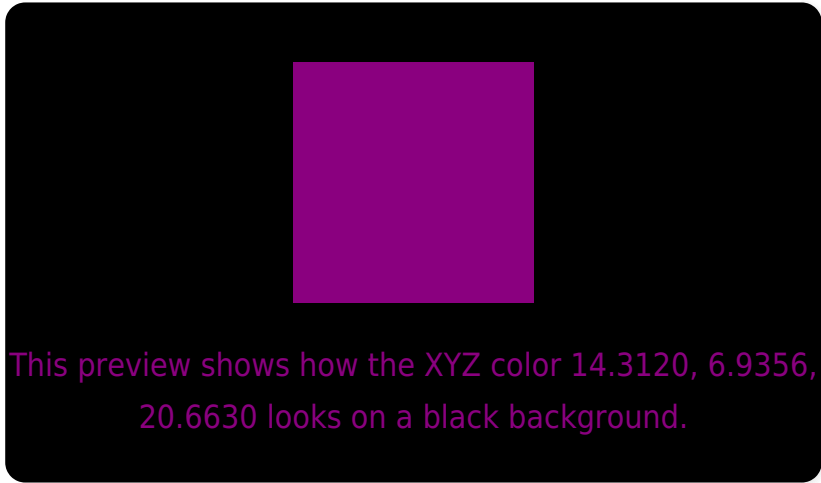
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

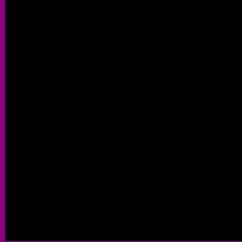
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.3120, 6.9356,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630

Protanopia

8.7741, 7.5354, 33.7929

Deuteranopia

7.6710, 7.5095, 18.4979



Tritanopia

11.1433, 7.3635, 4.2021

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630



Protanomaly

7.6388, 4.8986, 28.1467



Deuteranomaly

8.4489, 5.5802, 19.0441



Tritanomaly

11.7960, 6.6805, 8.2572

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630



Achromatopsia

3.7589, 3.9546, 4.3066



Achromatomaly

5.9916, 3.8494, 8.4099

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 0, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 0, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 0, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 0, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 0, 127) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 0, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 0, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 0, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 0, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 0,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.3120, 6.9356, 20.6630 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 0, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138, 0,  
127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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