

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.2901, 8.9798, 1.6847)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.2901, 8.9798, 1.6847)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(14.3705, 9.0231,
1.6937)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	993115
RGB	153, 49, 21
RGB Percent	60%, 19%, 8%
CMY	0.4000, 0.8078, 0.9176
CMYK	0.00, 0.68, 0.86, 0.40
HSL	13°, 76%, 34%
HSV	13°, 86%, 60%
XYZ	14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937
YIQ	76.9040, 70.9720, 13.3400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

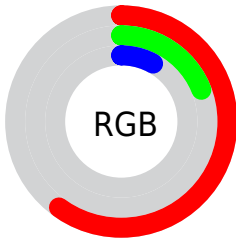
Format	Color
R_{YB}	153, 57, 21
Decimal	10039573
CIE _{Lab}	36.03, 42.11, 39.78
CIE _{LCh}	36, 57.925, 43.373
Yxy	9.0231, 0.5728, 0.3597
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288229653 (0xFF993115)
YUV	76.9040, -27.5607, 66.7362
Hunter-Lab	30.0385, 32.8276, 17.6839

Details

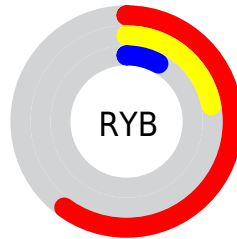
The XYZ color **14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **13.3917, 17.1247, 32.7362**, and the grayscale version is **7.0772, 7.4457, 8.1084**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.3984, 24.0088, 8.1841**, and **4.6161, 2.3797, 0.2160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.8281, 8.1050, 0.9993**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.1318, 10.2455, 2.8733**.

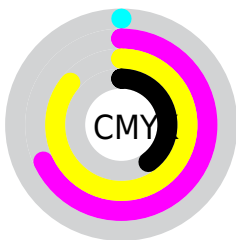
Distribution



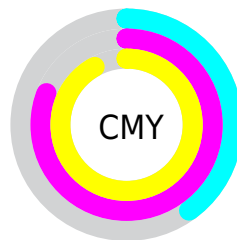
- Red (60%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (8%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (8%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (92%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.3705, 9.0231,
1.6937

■ 14.3705, 9.0231,
1.6937

212.9885,
183.5501, 117.4231

■ 8.4622, 4.7563,
0.3564

■ 33.3258, 23.9411,
8.1851

■ 4.4464, 2.1050,
0.0000

■ 47.1035, 35.3610,
14.2951

■ 1.9576, 0.6674,
0.0000

■ 64.2351, 49.9340,
22.8727

■ 0.6100, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 85.0859, 68.0446,
34.3364


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 110.0213, 90.0771,
49.1047

■ 139.4066,


116.4159, 67.5963

 173.6073,
147.4455, 90.2295


 14.3705, 9.0231,
1.6937


 14.3705, 9.0231,
1.6937


 13.8281, 8.1050,
0.9993


 15.1318, 10.2455,
2.8733

 13.6657, 7.8303,
0.7911

 16.1377, 11.7968,
4.6284

 17.4086, 13.6999,
7.0214

 18.9626, 15.9750,
10.1068

 20.8159, 18.6409,
13.9330

■ 22.9836, 21.7150,
18.5441

■ 25.4797, 25.2136,
23.9806

■ 28.3173, 29.1522,
30.2804

■ 31.5089, 33.5454,
37.4789

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.8022, 9.0231, 6.0475



14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937



10.6218, 9.0231, 0.4625

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937



3.6545, 9.0231, 5.3229



10.2068, 9.0231, 42.4086

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937



13.3917, 17.1247, 32.7362

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.8117, 9.0231, 41.6712



14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937



3.5995, 9.0231, 14.9165

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937



4.7741, 9.0231, 1.4678



4.5958, 9.0231, 29.5473



13.9972, 9.0231, 31.1687

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937



8.1912, 9.0231, 0.3002



4.5958, 9.0231, 29.5473



8.9731, 9.0231, 43.7022

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.3707, 9.0236, 1.6938



41.0616, 38.7486, 32.9954



17.2096, 8.8305, 20.7395



8.7844, 8.1572, 6.6802



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.3707, 9.0236, 1.6938



24.3618, 13.7987, 1.3794



19.2219, 18.7260, 3.3109



6.3098, 6.4246, 6.5134



11.3156, 6.5135, 0.6608



0.1917, 0.1424, 0.0174

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.3917, 17.1247, 32.7362



22.3032, 28.1310, 58.2263



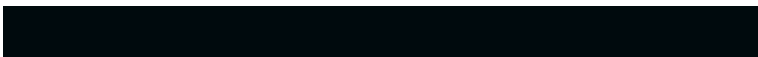
7.7065, 5.7543, 30.8411



6.2733, 6.8040, 7.9116



10.3813, 13.1593, 26.9005



0.1801, 0.2465, 0.4105

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

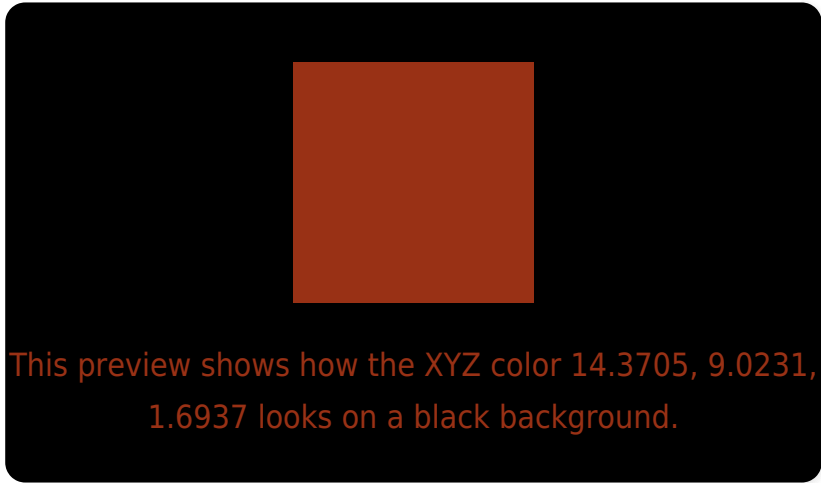
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.3705, 9.0231,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937

Protanopia

8.3860, 9.2361, 2.5691

Deuteranopia

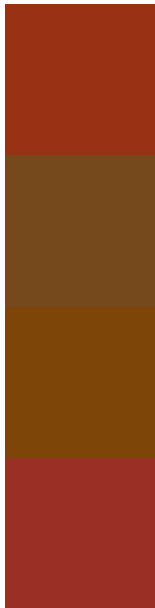
9.2491, 9.1361, 1.2760



Tritanopia

14.8369, 9.0374, 3.7587

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937

Protanomaly

9.9165, 8.6261, 2.1793

Deuteranomaly

10.6294, 8.6337, 1.3360

Tritanomaly

14.6928, 9.0430, 2.8048

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937

Achromatopsia

7.0540, 7.4214, 8.0819

Achromatomaly

8.5714, 7.3130, 4.8307

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 49, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 49, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 49, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 49, 21) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 49, 21) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 49, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 49, 21)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 49, 21); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 49, 21);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 49,  
21) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.3705, 9.0231, 1.6937 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 49, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 49,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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