

# Converting Colors

XYZ(14.3109, 14.1066, 17.3563)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(14.3109, 14.1066, 17.3563)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(14.2315, 14.0521,  
17.2915)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F6670
RGB	111, 102, 112
RGB Percent	44%, 40%, 44%
CMY	0.5647, 0.6000, 0.5608
CMYK	0.01, 0.09, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	294°, 5%, 42%
HSV	294°, 9%, 44%
XYZ	14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915
YIQ	105.8310, 2.1540, 5.0180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	111, 102, 112
Decimal	7300720
CIE Lab	44.31, 5.56, -4.33
CIE LCh	44, 7.045, 322.100
Yxy	14.0521, 0.3123, 0.3083
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285490800 (0xFF6F6670)
YUV	105.8310, 3.0413, 4.5332
Hunter-Lab	37.4861, 2.1663, -1.1088

# Details

The XYZ color **14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **13.7866, 15.4316, 14.8231**, and the grayscale version is **13.6452, 14.3558, 15.6335**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.1963, 33.2493, 39.7901**, and **4.3415, 4.1593, 5.4245** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.0643, 11.9256, 16.9428**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.5500, 16.4782, 17.6905**.

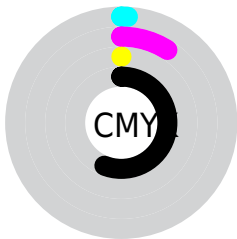
# Distribution



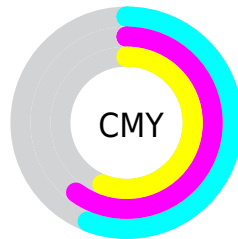
- Red (44%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 14.2315, 14.0521,  
17.2915

■ 14.2315, 14.0521,  
17.2915

212.1482,  
217.5547, 248.9472

■ 8.3646, 8.1569,  
10.2784

■ 33.0821, 33.1814,  
39.6238

■ 4.3829, 4.1955,  
5.4759

■ 46.7965, 47.1844,  
55.7800

■ 1.9210, 1.7835,  
2.4655

■ 63.8575, 64.6587,  
75.8211

■ 0.5890, 0.4769,  
0.8218

■ 84.6304, 85.9888,  
100.1655

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

109.4805,  
111.5590, 129.2318

138.7733,

141.7538, 163.4384

172.8741,  
176.9576, 203.2041

■ 14.2315, 14.0521,  
17.2915

■ 14.2315, 14.0521,  
17.2915

■ 13.0643, 11.9256,  
16.9428

■ 15.5500, 16.4782,  
17.6905

■ 12.0414, 10.0851,  
16.6414

■ 17.0242, 19.2132,  
18.1407

■ 11.1566, 8.5185,  
16.3857

■ 18.6598, 22.2684,  
18.6442

■ 10.4033, 7.2121,  
16.1732

■ 20.4618, 25.6539,  
19.2027

■ 9.7741, 6.1514,  
16.0016

■ 22.4352, 29.3793,  
19.8178

■ 9.2609, 5.3199,  
15.8682

■ 24.5844, 33.4539,  
20.4910

■ 8.8544, 4.6996,  
15.7699

■ 26.9141, 37.8866,  
21.2238

■ 8.5444, 4.2694,  
15.7032

■ 29.4285, 42.6860,  
22.0176

■ 8.2948, 3.9576,  
15.6562

■ 32.1317, 47.8603,  
22.8739

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.7689, 14.0521, 18.3667



14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915



14.4609, 14.0521, 15.7318

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915



13.5059, 14.0521, 12.4218



12.3750, 14.0521, 16.5006

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915



13.7866, 15.4316, 14.8231

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.3090, 14.0521, 14.8769



14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915



12.9517, 14.0521, 12.5958

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915



14.0344, 14.0521, 12.9750



12.5174, 14.0521, 13.4682



12.7000, 14.0521, 17.8881



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915



14.4463, 14.0521, 14.6576



12.5174, 14.0521, 13.4682



12.3221, 14.0521, 15.9616

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.2319, 14.0527, 17.2918



26.3230, 27.1137, 30.7759



13.2716, 13.7290, 17.2799



6.2845, 6.4413, 7.3818



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.2319, 14.0527, 17.2918



24.4938, 23.7579, 30.2245



14.1496, 14.0344, 16.1975



3.4831, 3.4374, 4.2341



9.5480, 4.5316, 18.0931



47.1500, 22.3611, 90.1102



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.8822, 13.9274, 14.7895



23.7309, 23.4852, 24.7414



13.8670, 15.4507, 15.8422



3.3968, 3.4064, 3.6164



7.7913, 4.0089, 0.7108



38.6541, 19.9070, 2.7109



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

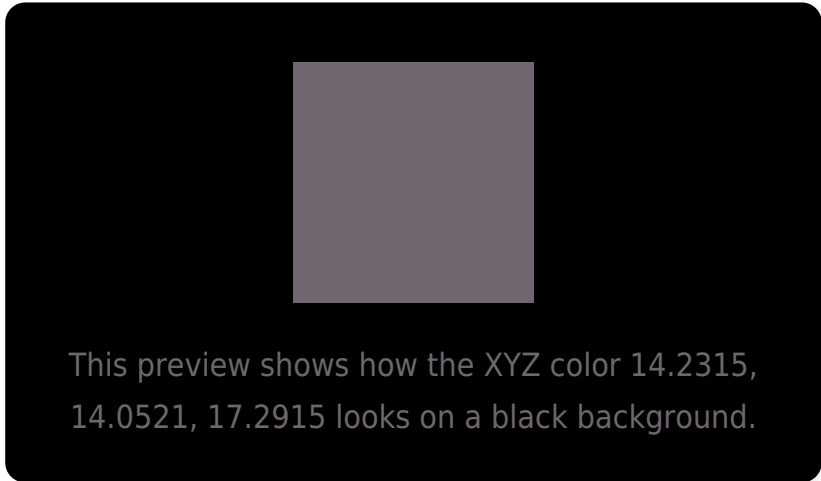
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.2315, 14.0521,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915

### Protanopia

13.6399, 14.0359, 17.6131

### Deuteranopia

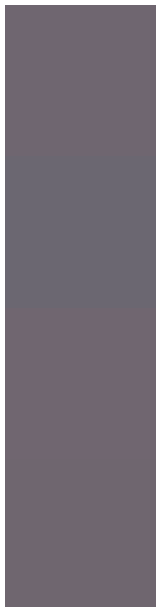
14.3581, 14.1173, 17.2974



## Tritanopia

14.1214, 14.0080, 16.7114

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915

## Protanomaly

13.8943, 14.0185, 17.5963

## Deuteranomaly

14.3581, 14.1173, 17.2974

## Tritanomaly

14.1762, 14.0299, 16.9998

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915

## Achromatopsia

13.6994, 14.4128, 15.6956

## Achromatomaly

13.9427, 14.3740, 16.2270

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 102, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 102, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 102, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 102, 112) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 102, 112) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 102, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 102, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 102, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 102, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 102,  
112) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.2315, 14.0521, 17.2915 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 102, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
102, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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