

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.3316, 5.3767, 15.5711)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.3316, 5.3767, 15.5711)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(15.5023, 7.6539,
15.9895)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	960070
RGB	150, 0, 112
RGB Percent	59%, 0%, 44%
CMY	0.4118, 0.9999, 0.5608
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.25, 0.41
HSL	315°, 100%, 29%
HSV	315°, 100%, 59%
XYZ	15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895
YIQ	57.6180, 53.4480, 66.6320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

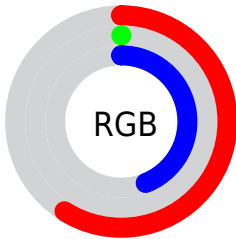
Format	Color
R_{YB}	150, 0, 112
Decimal	9830512
CIE _{Lab}	33.25, 60.89, -20.60
CIE _{LCh}	33, 64.284, 341.309
Yxy	7.6539, 0.3960, 0.1955
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288020592 (0xFF960070)
YUV	57.6180, 26.8103, 81.0190
Hunter-Lab	27.6657, 51.6065, -14.9009

Details

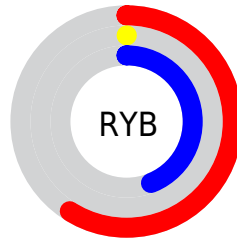
The XYZ color **15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **11.2568, 21.9529, 5.4794**, and the grayscale version is **3.9327, 4.1375, 4.5057**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.2977, 21.2591, 37.3650**, and **5.5415, 2.7498, 5.0892** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.5021, 7.6538, 15.9882**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.8896, 8.0825, 17.1849**.

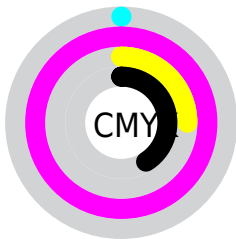
Distribution



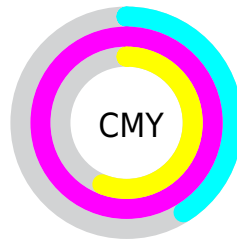
- Red (59%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

15.5023, 7.6539,
15.9895

15.5023, 7.6539,
15.9895

219.7153,
172.9916, 241.1233

9.2613, 3.8743,
9.3624

35.2965, 21.2771,
37.3465

4.9705, 1.6035,
4.8783

49.5803, 31.8895,
52.9136

2.2645, 0.3600,
2.1186

67.2758, 45.5483,
72.2977

0.7764, 0.0000,
0.6268


88.7483, 62.6378,
95.9174


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

114.3631, 83.5425,
124.1913


144.4856,


108.6468, 157.5379


 179.4813,
138.3350, 196.3757

 15.5023, 7.6539,
15.9895


 15.5023, 7.6539,
15.9895


 15.5021, 7.6538,
15.9882

 15.8896, 8.0825,
17.1849

 16.4085, 8.7599,
18.4687

 17.1172, 9.8024,
19.8608

 18.0385, 11.2553,
21.3696

 19.1920, 13.1575,
23.0018

■ 20.5948, 15.5433,
24.7637

■ 22.2625, 18.4436,
26.6611

■ 24.2093, 21.8867,
28.6991

■ 26.4486, 25.8990,
30.8826

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.5675, 7.6539, 32.1676



15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895



15.8698, 7.6539, 5.1459

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895



6.0543, 7.6539, 0.0000



3.3542, 7.6539, 28.1114

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895



11.2568, 21.9529, 5.4794

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.5282, 7.6539, 12.6237



15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895



3.7262, 7.6539, 0.6322

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895



9.6048, 7.6539, 0.0000



2.6386, 7.6539, 3.6209



5.3558, 7.6539, 42.1922

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895



14.5078, 7.6539, 1.8602



2.6386, 7.6539, 3.6209



2.9633, 7.6539, 22.5457

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.5026, 7.6543, 15.9896



39.0969, 32.2131, 46.8417



6.2868, 2.6053, 29.0258



8.4066, 6.6885, 10.0938



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.5026, 7.6543, 15.9896



27.2844, 13.4779, 27.8295



12.9200, 6.6213, 2.3900



5.9732, 5.8843, 6.9649



12.8704, 6.3532, 13.3304



0.1694, 0.0825, 0.2257

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.5026, 7.6543, 15.9896



27.2844, 13.4779, 27.8295



13.8594, 22.9940, 19.1848



5.9732, 5.8843, 6.9649



12.8704, 6.3532, 13.3304



0.1694, 0.0825, 0.2257

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

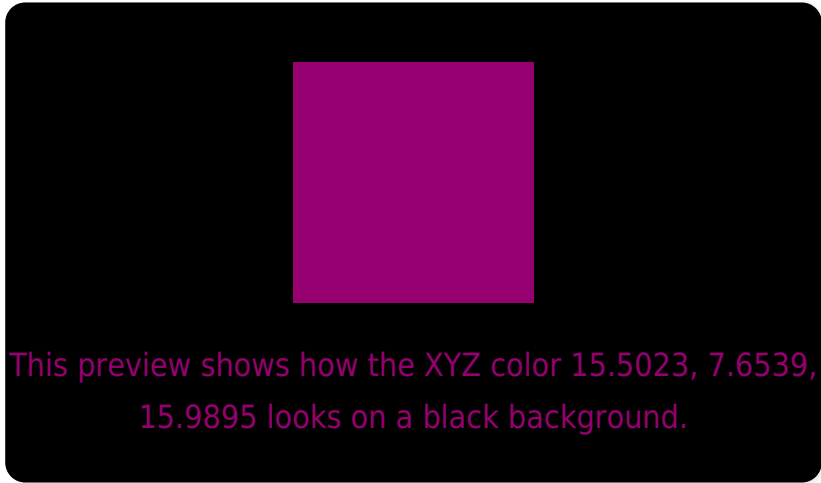
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

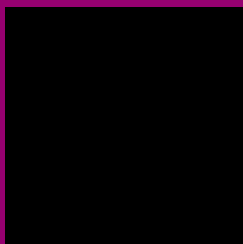
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895

Protanopia

9.6497, 8.4022, 33.9141

Deuteranopia

8.4790, 8.3350, 14.5265



Tritanopia

13.0709, 8.0184, 3.4436

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895

Protanomaly

8.9247, 5.7301, 26.2268

Deuteranomaly

9.5995, 6.3934, 14.9155

Tritanomaly

13.5534, 7.4757, 6.5230

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895

Achromatopsia

4.0217, 4.2311, 4.6077

Achromatomaly

6.3511, 4.0973, 7.6639

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 0, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 0, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 0, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 0, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 0, 112) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 0, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 0, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 0, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 0, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 0,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.5023, 7.6539, 15.9895 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 0, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150, 0,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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