

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006)
contains.

XYZ(14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(14.4451, 9.2171,
3.4006)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97342C
RGB	151, 52, 44
RGB Percent	59%, 20%, 17%
CMY	0.4078, 0.7961, 0.8274
CMYK	0.00, 0.66, 0.71, 0.41
HSL	4°, 55%, 38%
HSV	4°, 71%, 59%
XYZ	14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006
YIQ	80.6890, 61.5720, 18.5000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

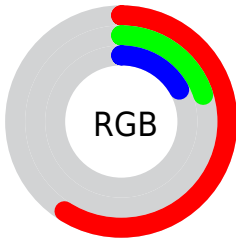
Format	Color
RYB	151, 53, 44
Decimal	9909292
CIELab	36.40, 40.97, 27.36
CIELCh	36, 49.265, 33.735
Yxy	9.2171, 0.5338, 0.3406
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288099372 (0xFF97342C)
YUV	80.6890, -18.0877, 61.6627
Hunter-Lab	30.3597, 31.8007, 14.6107

Details

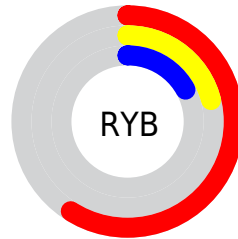
The XYZ color **14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **16.4462, 22.4131, 32.7373**, and the grayscale version is **7.7861, 8.1916, 8.9207**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.3741, 24.3405, 12.6120**, and **4.6161, 2.3797, 0.2160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.6772, 8.0560, 1.9901**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.5013, 10.7897, 5.4170**.

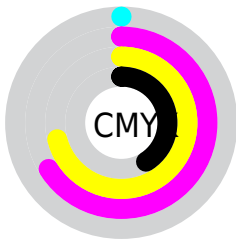
Distribution



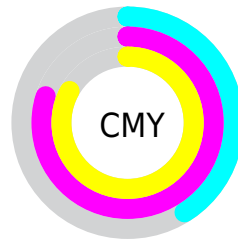
- Red (59%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.4451, 9.2171,
3.4006

■ 14.4451, 9.2171,
3.4006

213.4382,
184.9893, 141.3099

■ 8.5147, 4.8831,
1.3026

■ 33.4564, 24.3121,
12.6019

■ 4.4805, 2.1788,
0.0640

■ 47.2680, 35.8419,
20.5423

■ 1.9774, 0.7084,
0.0000

■ 64.4374, 50.5391,
31.2673

■ 0.6212, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 85.3299, 68.7880,
45.1955

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 110.3109, 90.9731,
62.7452

■ 139.7457,

117.4788, 84.3352

173.9996,
148.6893, 110.3839

■ 14.4451, 9.2171,
3.4006

■ 14.4451, 9.2171,
3.4006

■ 13.6772, 8.0560,
1.9901

■ 15.5013, 10.7897,
5.4170

■ 13.1683, 7.2664,
1.1169

■ 16.8700, 12.8058,
8.0967

■ 12.8855, 6.8255,
0.6383

■ 18.5735, 15.2962,
11.4910

■ 20.6321, 18.2882,
15.6461

■ 23.0643, 21.8072,
20.6043

■ 25.8873, 25.8770,
26.4047

■ 29.1174, 30.5197,
33.0840

■ 32.7697, 35.7565,
40.6766

■ 36.8588, 41.6071,
49.2150

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.8166, 9.2171, 9.0040



14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006



11.5502, 9.2171, 1.3390

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006



4.5598, 9.2171, 4.3826



9.1393, 9.2171, 36.9511

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006



16.4462, 22.4131, 32.7373

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.4607, 9.2171, 33.1321



14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006



4.1948, 9.2171, 11.1437

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006



5.9470, 9.2171, 1.6381



4.8057, 9.2171, 22.1935



12.3454, 9.2171, 30.8172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006



9.4012, 9.2171, 0.9638



4.8057, 9.2171, 22.1935



8.1497, 9.2171, 36.8006

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.4453, 9.2176, 3.4007



41.0435, 38.6757, 36.3636



18.6870, 10.3902, 27.3526



9.0662, 8.4112, 7.7285



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.4453, 9.2176, 3.4007



23.9093, 13.5253, 2.5424



18.2314, 16.7897, 4.6628



6.2441, 6.2933, 6.4915



10.9713, 5.8251, 0.5461



0.1727, 0.1044, 0.0110

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.4462, 22.4131, 32.7373



27.6354, 38.4936, 58.4071



10.3118, 10.1442, 30.6925



6.3450, 6.9474, 7.9355



12.7024, 17.8015, 27.6743



0.2001, 0.2864, 0.4171

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

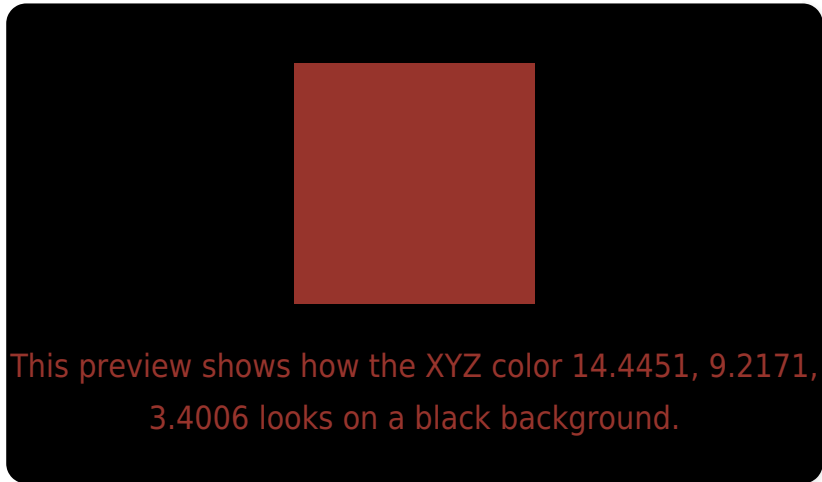
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006.

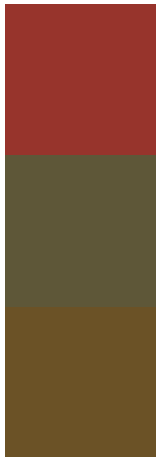


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.4451, 9.2171,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006

Protanopia

8.7381, 9.4816, 5.1110

Deuteranopia

9.4305, 9.3003, 3.1318



Tritanopia

14.5889, 9.2040, 4.3758

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006

Protanomaly

10.1388, 8.7903, 4.4111

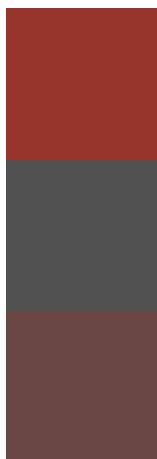
Deuteranomaly

10.8046, 8.8706, 3.1502

Tritanomaly

14.5220, 9.1773, 4.0236

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006

Achromatopsia

7.8210, 8.2283, 8.9606

Achromatomaly

9.1774, 7.8618, 6.5026

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 52, 44)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 52, 44)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 52, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 52, 44) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 52, 44) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 52, 44) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 52, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 52, 44); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 52, 44);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 52,  
44) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.4451, 9.2171, 3.4006 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 52, 44) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151, 52,  
44) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor