

# Converting Colors

XYZ(14.4583, 15.8539, 19.4976)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(14.4583, 15.8539, 19.4976)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(14.4307, 15.8276,  
19.4340)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	647176
RGB	100, 113, 118
RGB Percent	39%, 44%, 46%
CMY	0.6078, 0.5569, 0.5373
CMYK	0.15, 0.04, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	197°, 8%, 43%
HSV	197°, 15%, 46%
XYZ	14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340
YIQ	109.6830, -9.3530, -1.2010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

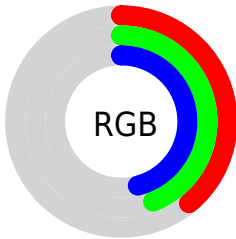
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	100, 108, 118
Decimal	6582646
CIE Lab	46.75, -3.72, -4.42
CIE LCh	47, 5.781, 229.890
Yxy	15.8276, 0.2904, 0.3185
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284772726 (0xFF647176)
YUV	109.6830, 4.1003, -8.4920
Hunter-Lab	39.7839, -4.8751, -1.1138

# Details

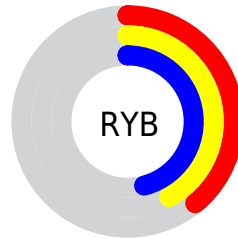
The XYZ color **14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **14.8232, 14.8748, 14.1468**, and the grayscale version is **14.7212, 15.4879, 16.8663**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.4733, 36.3919, 43.2903**, and **4.4640, 4.9797, 6.5202** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.8600, 14.4853, 19.2580**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.2046, 17.2950, 19.6240**.

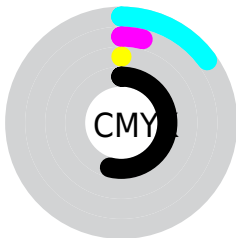
# Distribution



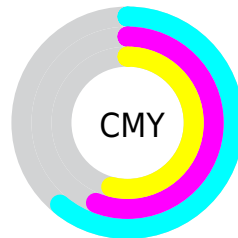
- Red (39%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 14.4307, 15.8276,  
19.4340

■ 14.4307, 15.8276,  
19.4340

213.3514,  
228.3223, 261.3364

■ 8.5045, 9.4022,  
11.8043

■ 33.4312, 36.2987,  
43.3126

■ 4.4739, 5.0045,  
6.4897

■ 47.2363, 51.1131,  
60.3986

■ 1.9736, 2.2499,  
3.0715

■ 64.3984, 69.4928,  
81.4738

■ 0.6191, 0.7470,  
1.1312

■ 85.2828, 91.8220,  
106.9567

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

110.2550,  
118.4851, 137.2659

139.6803,

149.8666, 172.8199

173.9240,  
186.3509, 214.0372

■ 14.4307, 15.8276,  
19.4340

■ 14.4307, 15.8276,  
19.4340

■ 12.8600, 14.4853,  
19.2580

■ 16.2046, 17.2950,  
19.6240

■ 11.4830, 13.2619,  
19.0944

■ 18.1880, 18.8899,  
19.8273

■ 10.2911, 12.1531,  
18.9432

■ 20.3887, 20.6168,  
20.0446

■ 9.2750, 11.1538,  
18.8039

■ 22.8138, 22.4795,  
20.2764

■ 8.4241, 10.2586,  
18.6759

■ 25.4698, 24.4817,  
20.5228

7.7269, 9.4610,  
18.5587

28.3630, 26.6267,  
20.7844

7.1701, 8.7542,  
18.4516

31.4997, 28.9180,  
21.0613

6.7313, 8.1263,  
18.3536

34.8856, 31.3587,  
21.3540

6.5369, 7.8418,  
18.3089

38.5264, 33.9520,  
21.6626

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.1547, 15.8276, 18.1907



14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340



14.8750, 15.8276, 20.0989

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340



16.0134, 15.8276, 17.7231



14.7179, 15.8276, 14.7641

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340



14.8232, 14.8748, 14.1468

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.2136, 15.8276, 14.6544



14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340



15.9691, 15.8276, 16.3107

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340



15.7936, 15.8276, 19.0754



15.6737, 15.8276, 15.2058



14.3179, 15.8276, 15.5143



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340



15.2100, 15.8276, 20.1010



15.6737, 15.8276, 15.2058



14.8786, 15.8276, 14.6527

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.4312, 15.8283, 19.4344



28.5352, 30.4447, 34.5094



14.2738, 16.6823, 15.7788



6.5191, 6.9658, 7.9299



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.4312, 15.8283, 19.4344



24.4539, 27.0533, 34.0699



13.4964, 13.9586, 19.1227



3.7015, 3.9916, 4.6656



7.0612, 8.4621, 19.8038



33.6631, 39.7427, 96.2572



# Inverse Universe

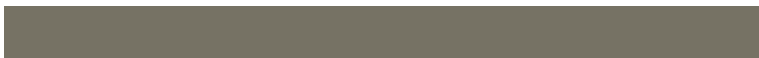
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.0094, 14.1585, 17.5653



25.6669, 23.6115, 30.1354



15.7665, 16.7615, 14.4613



3.7853, 3.7414, 4.3963



9.8613, 4.8782, 9.7438



47.6783, 23.6214, 45.4968



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

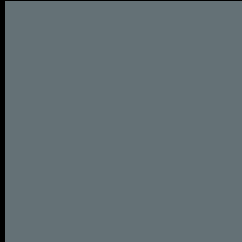
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

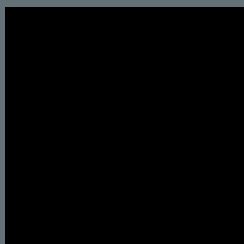
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

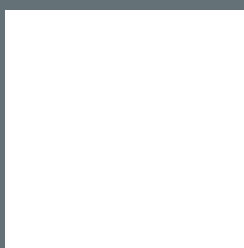
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.4307, 15.8276,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340

### Protanopia

15.2839, 15.7923, 18.7657

### Deuteranopia

15.9236, 15.6292, 19.6302



## Tritanopia

14.6122, 15.7355, 20.3563

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340

## Protanomaly

14.9587, 15.7790, 19.0869

## Deuteranomaly

15.3540, 15.6487, 19.6640

## Tritanomaly

14.5512, 15.7111, 20.0349

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340

## Achromatopsia

14.8208, 15.5926, 16.9804

## Achromatomaly

14.6089, 15.6253, 17.8688

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 113, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 113, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 113, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 113, 118) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 113, 118) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 113, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 113, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 113, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 113, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 113,  
118) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.4307, 15.8276, 19.4340 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 113, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
113, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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