

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(14.4841, 9.1692,
6.4753)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	943444
RGB	148, 52, 68
RGB Percent	58%, 20%, 27%
CMY	0.4196, 0.7961, 0.7333
CMYK	0.00, 0.65, 0.54, 0.42
HSL	350°, 48%, 39%
HSV	350°, 65%, 58%
XYZ	14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753
YIQ	82.5280, 52.0800, 25.3280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

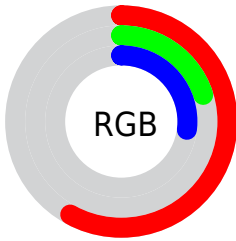
Format	Color
R_{YB}	148, 52, 68
Decimal	9712708
CIE Lab	36.31, 41.60, 12.12
CIE LCh	36, 43.331, 16.243
Yxy	9.1692, 0.4807, 0.3043
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287902788 (0xFF943444)
YUV	82.5280, -7.1623, 57.4189
Hunter-Lab	30.2807, 32.3903, 8.5178

Details

The XYZ color **14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **16.1715, 23.5760, 25.5297**, and the grayscale version is **8.1333, 8.5569, 9.3184**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.5563, 24.2834, 19.4415**, and **4.5891, 2.3455, 1.1306** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.5864, 7.9141, 4.5103**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.6687, 10.8712, 8.9269**.

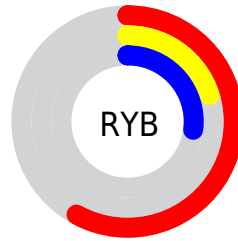
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (20%)

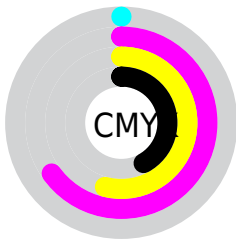
Blue (27%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (27%)

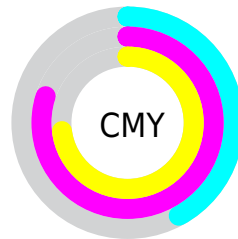


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (54%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)


Magenta (80%)

Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 14.4841, 9.1692,
6.4753


 14.4841, 9.1692,
6.4753


213.6729,
184.6351, 172.6918


 8.5421, 4.8517,
3.0628


 33.5247, 24.2207,
19.4042


 4.4984, 2.1605,
1.1268

 47.3540, 35.7234,
29.7576


 1.9878, 0.6983,
0.0000

 64.5431, 50.3900,
43.2617

 0.6271, 0.0000,
0.0000

 85.4573, 68.6049,
60.3351

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 110.4620, 90.7525,
81.3962

 139.9226,

117.2171, 106.8637

174.2045,
148.3832, 137.1560

■ 14.4841, 9.1692,
6.4753

■ 14.4841, 9.1692,
6.4753

■ 13.5864, 7.9141,
4.5103

■ 15.6687, 10.8712,
8.9269

■ 12.9496, 7.0622,
2.9983

■ 17.1614, 13.0556,
11.8946

■ 12.5425, 6.5599,
1.9014

■ 18.9826, 15.7558,
15.4059

■ 12.3845, 6.3646,
1.4764

■ 21.1503, 19.0019,
19.4865

■ 23.6814, 22.8218,
24.1601

■ 26.5917, 27.2414,
29.4494

■ 29.8960, 32.2849,
35.3756

■ 33.6083, 37.9754,
41.9590

■ 37.7419, 44.3346,
49.2191

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.5634, 9.1692, 13.8118



14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753



12.6725, 9.1692, 2.7796

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753



5.5663, 9.1692, 2.9720



7.5739, 9.1692, 31.4991

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753



16.1715, 23.5760, 25.5297

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.6814, 9.1692, 24.4018



14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753



4.6888, 9.1692, 6.9376

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753



7.3838, 9.1692, 1.5609



4.7263, 9.1692, 14.5740



10.1974, 9.1692, 31.1529

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753



10.9001, 9.1692, 1.7556



4.7263, 9.1692, 14.5740



6.8435, 9.1692, 29.7957

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.4843, 9.1697, 6.4755



39.6857, 37.0944, 38.7714



16.0893, 9.5002, 29.0026



8.7959, 8.0705, 8.3634



71.1368, 74.8414, 81.5023



11.3376, 11.9280, 12.9896

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.4843, 9.1697, 6.4755



23.3905, 13.1745, 6.6095



16.0032, 12.8851, 4.8931



5.8379, 5.8302, 6.2525



10.5858, 5.4394, 1.2997



0.1370, 0.0695, 0.0550

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.4843, 9.1697, 6.4755



23.3905, 13.1745, 6.6095



13.0073, 15.3595, 30.2960



5.8379, 5.8302, 6.2525



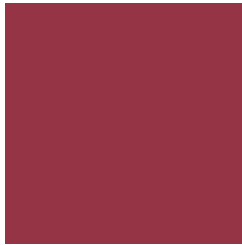
10.5858, 5.4394, 1.2997



0.1370, 0.0695, 0.0550

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

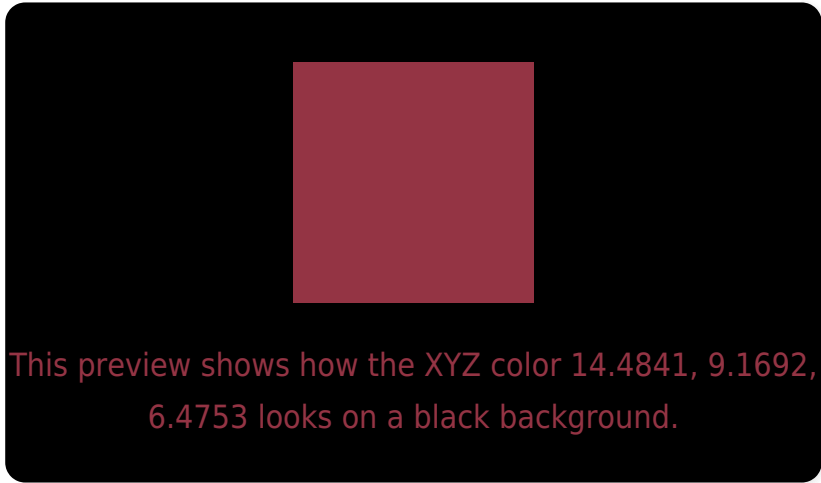
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.4841, 9.1692,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753

Protanopia

8.9920, 9.3862, 9.9321

Deuteranopia

9.4699, 9.3702, 6.0121



Tritanopia

14.0903, 9.1368, 4.8918

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753

Protanomaly

10.2905, 8.7771, 8.5489

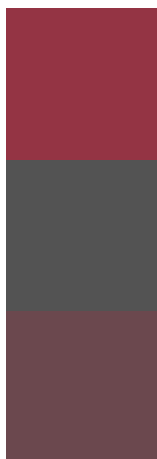
Deuteranomaly

10.8792, 8.9383, 6.1529

Tritanomaly

14.1480, 9.0862, 5.4230

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753

Achromatopsia

8.2219, 8.6500, 9.4199

Achromatomaly

9.7559, 8.3106, 8.2976

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 52, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 52, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 52, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 52, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 52, 68) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 52, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 52, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 52, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 52, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 52,  
68) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.4841, 9.1692, 6.4753 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 52, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148, 52,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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