

# Converting Colors

XYZ(14.6167, 17.9378, 22.9419)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(14.6167, 17.9378, 22.9419)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(14.7096, 18.0196,  
23.1249)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	527D80
RGB	82, 125, 128
RGB Percent	32%, 49%, 50%
CMY	0.6784, 0.5098, 0.4980
CMYK	0.36, 0.02, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	184°, 22%, 41%
HSV	184°, 36%, 50%
XYZ	14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249
YIQ	112.4850, -26.5910, -8.1830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

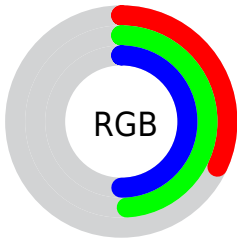
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	82, 104, 128
Decimal	5406080
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	49.52, -13.97, -6.36
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 15.347, 204.487
Yxy	18.0196, 0.2634, 0.3226
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283596160 (0xFF527D80)
YUV	112.4850, 7.6489, -26.7353
Hunter-Lab	42.4495, -12.4328, -2.5843

# Details

The XYZ color **14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **13.6739, 11.6956, 9.5199**, and the grayscale version is **15.5280, 16.3366, 17.7906**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.9338, 40.1635, 49.6799**, and **4.5914, 6.0405, 8.3211** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.5937, 17.2886, 23.0429**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.0352, 18.8609, 23.2177**.

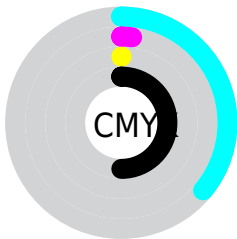
# Distribution



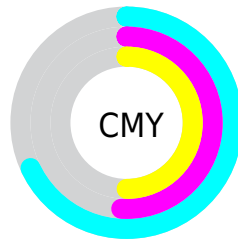
- Red (32%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 14.7096, 18.0196,  
23.1249

■ 14.7096, 18.0196,  
23.1249

215.0251,  
240.9815, 281.5085

■ 8.7008, 10.9641,  
14.4796

■ 33.9188, 40.0707,  
49.5241

■ 4.6021, 6.0427,  
8.3124

■ 47.8499, 55.8351,  
68.1151

■ 2.0481, 2.8710,  
4.2049

■ 65.1525, 75.2712,  
90.8584

■ 0.6608, 1.0648,  
1.7384

■ 86.1919, 98.7634,  
118.1726

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3869

■ 111.3335,  
126.6962, 150.4761

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

140.9427,

159.4538, 188.1876

175.3848,  
197.4208, 231.7256

■ 14.7096, 18.0196,  
23.1249

■ 14.7096, 18.0196,  
23.1249

■ 13.5937, 17.2886,  
23.0429

■ 16.0352, 18.8609,  
23.2177

■ 12.6742, 16.6598,  
22.9700

■ 17.5794, 19.8157,  
23.3206

■ 11.9390, 16.1272,  
22.9060

■ 19.3529, 20.8901,  
23.4345

■ 11.3739, 15.6837,  
22.8501

■ 21.3648, 22.0888,  
23.5599

■ 10.9626, 15.3207,  
22.8018

■ 23.6241, 23.4163,  
23.6970

■ 10.6775, 15.0241,  
22.7595

■ 26.1391, 24.8769,  
23.8464

■ 10.5716, 14.9091,  
22.7429

■ 28.9178, 26.4748,  
24.0084

■ 31.9678, 28.2139,  
24.1833

■ 35.2964, 30.0980,  
24.3715

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.4954, 18.0196, 18.8619



14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249



15.5558, 18.0196, 26.8758

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249



19.5019, 18.0196, 24.6418



17.3968, 18.0196, 12.6884

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249



13.6739, 11.6956, 9.5199

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.8008, 18.0196, 13.8044



14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249



20.0594, 18.0196, 20.3987

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249



18.3107, 18.0196, 27.8346



19.7959, 18.0196, 16.4889



15.9956, 18.0196, 13.2055



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249



16.3911, 18.0196, 28.3784



19.7959, 18.0196, 16.4889



17.8848, 18.0196, 12.8796

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.7101, 18.0203, 23.1253



32.3618, 35.7474, 41.1506



12.8113, 17.8773, 11.2252



7.4965, 8.3207, 9.6293



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.7101, 18.0203, 23.1253



24.2883, 30.6751, 40.5970



12.1968, 12.9937, 22.2876



4.4232, 4.8404, 5.5144



10.4828, 14.7840, 22.5511



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.6215, 12.1049, 20.9160



26.1610, 18.7475, 36.0061



15.7145, 15.7769, 10.2001



4.4864, 4.4077, 5.3661



12.1682, 5.8870, 18.0073



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

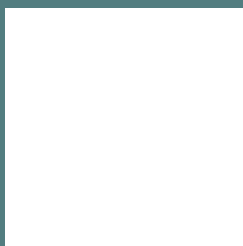
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.7096, 18.0196,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249

### Protanopia

17.4077, 18.0042, 21.2966

### Deuteranopia

18.2150, 17.8573, 23.6059



## Tritanopia

15.1669, 18.0214, 25.2333

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249

## Protanomaly

16.2438, 17.9169, 22.0042

## Deuteranomaly

16.6252, 17.7300, 23.3149

## Tritanomaly

14.9398, 17.9202, 24.5013

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249

## Achromatopsia

15.4009, 16.2029, 17.6450

## Achromatomaly

14.9981, 16.7973, 19.5913

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 125, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(82, 125, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 125, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 125, 128) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 125, 128) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 125, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 125, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 125, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 125, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 125,  
128) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.7096, 18.0196, 23.1249 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 125, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 125,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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