

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.6222, 21.1888, 28.8266)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.6222, 21.1888, 28.8266)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(14.5885, 21.0961,
28.8942)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0E8D8E
RGB	14, 141, 142
RGB Percent	5%, 55%, 56%
CMY	0.9450, 0.4471, 0.4431
CMYK	0.90, 0.01, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	180°, 82%, 31%
HSV	180°, 90%, 56%
XYZ	14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942
YIQ	103.1410, -76.0130, -26.6130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

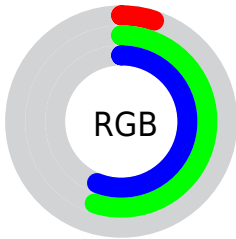
Format	Color
R_{YB}	14, 78, 142
Decimal	953742
CIE _{Lab}	53.05, -29.94, -9.46
CIE _{LCh}	53, 31.401, 197.540
Yxy	21.0961, 0.2259, 0.3267
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279143822 (0xFF0E8D8E)
YUV	103.1410, 19.1575, -78.1767
Hunter-Lab	45.9305, -23.6830, -5.1471

Details

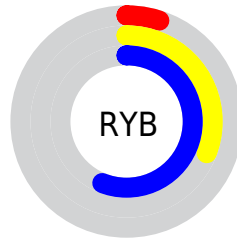
The XYZ color **14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **11.4060, 6.1248, 0.9972**, and the grayscale version is **12.8966, 13.5682, 14.7758**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.6954, 45.1894, 59.1710**, and **5.5879, 8.0850, 11.3913** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.3916, 20.9711, 28.8808**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.9090, 21.2861, 28.9144**.

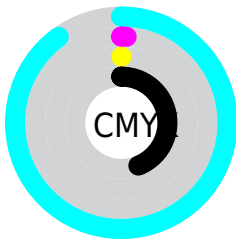
Distribution



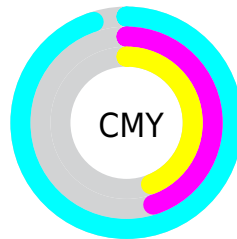
- Red (5%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.5885, 21.0961,
28.8942

■ 14.5885, 21.0961,
28.8942

■ 214.2999,
257.7888, 310.7607

■ 8.6155, 13.1943,
18.7559

■ 33.7073, 45.2474,
58.9491

■ 4.5464, 7.5625,
11.3190

■ 47.5838, 62.2657,
79.7028

■ 2.0156, 3.8163,
6.1650

■ 64.8255, 83.0916,
104.8321

■ 0.6427, 1.5713,
2.8752

■ 85.7978, 108.1094,
134.7555

■ 0.0000, 0.3382,
1.0313

■ 110.8661,
137.7037, 169.8915

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 140.3956,

172.2587, 210.6587

174.7518,
212.1590, 257.4756

■ 14.5885, 21.0961,
28.8942

■ 14.5885, 21.0961,
28.8942

■ 14.3916, 20.9711,
28.8808

■ 14.9090, 21.2861,
28.9144

■ 15.4126, 21.5700,
28.9426

■ 16.1226, 21.9603,
28.9805

■ 17.0586, 22.4672,
29.0290

■ 18.2379, 23.0995,
29.0889

■ 19.6759, 23.8652,
29.1609

■ 21.3869, 24.7717,
29.2457

■ 23.3842, 25.8258,
29.3439

■ 25.6802, 27.0339,
29.4561

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.4711, 21.0961, 19.2676



14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942



16.0650, 21.0961, 39.1564

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942



25.1068, 21.0961, 37.5534



21.4518, 21.0961, 9.4015

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942



11.4060, 6.1248, 0.9972

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.6476, 21.0961, 12.0015



14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942



26.9080, 21.0961, 27.1188

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942



22.0252, 21.0961, 45.0230



26.7313, 21.0961, 17.9166



18.1989, 21.0961, 9.6332

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942



17.7232, 21.0961, 44.1924



26.7313, 21.0961, 17.9166



22.5747, 21.0961, 9.9353

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.5891, 21.0969, 28.8947



35.4233, 42.4695, 51.4583



9.9340, 19.4716, 3.6510



7.7264, 9.3872, 11.4841



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.5891, 21.0969, 28.8947



25.3720, 36.9683, 50.9262



7.7891, 7.4969, 26.6280



5.5567, 6.1092, 6.9151



12.9220, 18.8300, 25.9306



0.1243, 0.1815, 0.2482

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.1207, 7.9886, 25.8924



28.1322, 13.5253, 45.4744



13.9600, 11.2329, 1.8486



5.6245, 5.5103, 6.7865



14.3255, 6.8872, 23.1634



0.1373, 0.0660, 0.2235

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

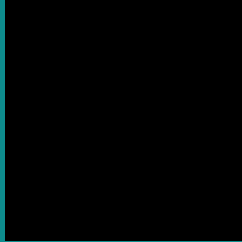
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942.

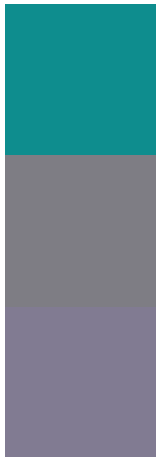


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.5885, 21.0961,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942

Protanopia

20.1027, 20.7688, 24.7790

Deuteranopia

21.3245, 20.9084, 30.1059



Tritanopia

15.4429, 21.2374, 32.5635

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942

Protanomaly

16.3065, 19.9415, 26.2822

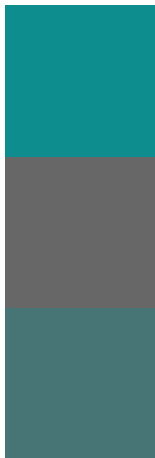
Deuteranomaly

17.0239, 20.0358, 29.7581

Tritanomaly

15.0767, 21.0764, 31.2905

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942

Achromatopsia

12.8919, 13.5633, 14.7705

Achromatomaly

12.1707, 15.3465, 19.1503

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(14, 141, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(14, 141, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(14, 141, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(14, 141, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(14, 141, 142) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(14, 141, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(14, 141, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(14, 141, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 141, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 141,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.5885, 21.0961, 28.8942 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(14, 141, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(14, 141,  
142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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