

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.6637, 9.1744, 1.9630)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.6637, 9.1744, 1.9630)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(14.6112, 9.1412,
1.9716)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A311A
RGB	154, 49, 26
RGB Percent	60%, 19%, 10%
CMY	0.3961, 0.8078, 0.8980
CMYK	0.00, 0.68, 0.83, 0.40
HSL	11°, 71%, 35%
HSV	11°, 83%, 60%
XYZ	14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716
YIQ	77.7730, 69.9630, 15.1070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

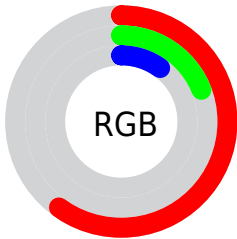
Format	Color
R_{YB}	154, 54, 26
Decimal	10105114
CIE _{Lab}	36.25, 42.61, 37.58
CIE _{LCh}	36, 56.812, 41.407
Yxy	9.1412, 0.5680, 0.3554
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288295194 (0xFF9A311A)
YUV	77.7730, -25.5241, 66.8511
Hunter-Lab	30.2344, 33.3524, 17.2978

Details

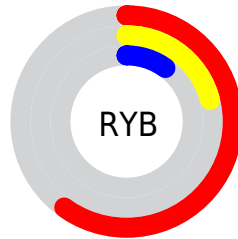
The XYZ color **14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **14.3742, 18.7837, 33.4397**, and the grayscale version is **7.2365, 7.6133, 8.2909**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.8477, 24.2223, 9.0223**, and **4.7193, 2.4329, 0.2209** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.0267, 8.1778, 1.1438**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.4367, 10.4390, 3.3360**.

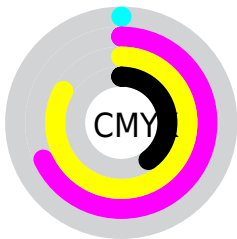
Distribution



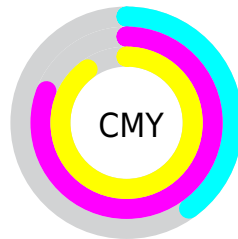
- Red (60%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.6112, 9.1412,
1.9716

■ 14.6112, 9.1412,
1.9716

214.4361,
184.4278, 121.9342

■ 8.6315, 4.8334,
0.5377

■ 33.7469, 24.1671,
8.9630

■ 4.5568, 2.1498,
0.0000

■ 47.6337, 35.6541,
15.4174

■ 2.0217, 0.6924,
0.0000

■ 64.8868, 50.3028,
24.4024

■ 0.6461, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 85.8718, 68.4978,
36.3364

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 110.9538, 90.6234,
51.6381

■ 140.4983,


117.0640, 70.7259

 174.8706,
148.2040, 94.0184


 14.6112, 9.1412,
1.9716


 14.6112, 9.1412,
1.9716


 14.0267, 8.1778,
1.1438

 15.4367, 10.4390,
3.3360

 13.7340, 7.6854,
0.7596

 16.5268, 12.0972,
5.3088

 17.9029, 14.1411,
7.9512

 19.5840, 16.5933,
11.3166

 21.5871, 19.4744,
15.4533

■ 23.9284, 22.8039,
20.4050

■ 26.6226, 26.5997,
26.2124

■ 29.6836, 30.8791,
32.9135

■ 33.1247, 35.6583,
40.5437

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.8578, 9.1412, 6.6744



14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716



10.9578, 9.1412, 0.6056

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716



3.8281, 9.1412, 5.0759



10.0547, 9.1412, 42.1695

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716



14.3742, 18.7837, 33.4397

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.7563, 9.1412, 40.5903



14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716



3.7059, 9.1412, 14.1609

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716



5.0251, 9.1412, 1.4572



4.6314, 9.1412, 28.3227



13.8026, 9.1412, 31.8076

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716



8.5280, 9.1412, 0.3995



4.6314, 9.1412, 28.3227



8.8509, 9.1412, 43.1357

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.6114, 9.1417, 1.9717



42.3966, 39.9071, 34.7837



17.9064, 9.2931, 22.9197



9.2766, 8.5786, 7.1957



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.6114, 9.1417, 1.9717



24.8457, 13.7543, 1.3453



19.2337, 18.3863, 3.5125



6.2942, 6.3934, 6.5082



11.2095, 6.3014, 0.6255



0.1872, 0.1334, 0.0159

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.3742, 18.7837, 33.4397



24.0946, 31.2361, 60.2955



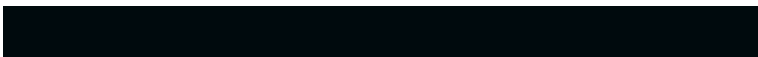
8.3664, 6.7681, 31.4371



6.2901, 6.8376, 7.9172



10.8876, 14.1720, 27.0693



0.1846, 0.2555, 0.4120

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

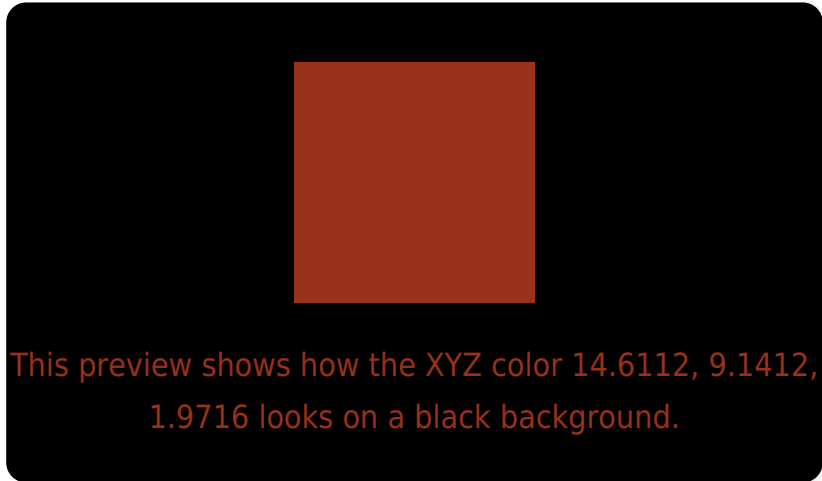
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.6112, 9.1412,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716

Protanopia

8.5505, 9.4306, 3.0387

Deuteranopia

9.4032, 9.3175, 1.7183



Tritanopia

15.0489, 9.1443, 3.8776

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716

Protanomaly

9.9794, 8.6513, 2.5104

Deuteranomaly

10.7568, 8.7840, 1.7008

Tritanomaly

14.9343, 9.1617, 3.0791

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716

Achromatopsia

7.2414, 7.6185, 8.2966

Achromatomaly

8.7404, 7.3942, 5.1042

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 49, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 49, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 49, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 49, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 49, 26) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 49, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 49, 26)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 49, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 49, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 49,  
26) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.6112, 9.1412, 1.9716 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 49, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154, 49,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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