

# Converting Colors

XYZ(14.7334, 28.9364, 4.8088)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(14.7334, 28.9364, 4.8088)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(14.7281, 28.9316,  
4.8081)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                        |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex         | 17AA00                       |
| RGB         | 23, 170, 0                   |
| RGB Percent | 9%, 67%, 0%                  |
| CMY         | 0.9098, 0.3333, 0.9999       |
| CMYK        | 0.86, 0.00, 1.00, 0.33       |
| HSL         | 112°, 100%, 33%              |
| HSV         | 112°, 100%, 67%              |
| XYZ         | 14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081     |
| YIQ         | 106.6670, -33.0420, -84.0340 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

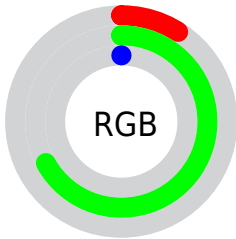
| Format                              | Color                           |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>RYB</b>                          | 0, 170, 147                     |
| Decimal                             | 1550848                         |
| CIELab                              | 60.72, -62.14, 61.59            |
| CIELCh                              | 61, 87.486, 135.255             |
| Yxy                                 | 28.9316, 0.3039,<br>0.5969      |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4279740928<br>(0xFF17AA00)      |
| YUV                                 | 106.6670, -52.5868,<br>-73.3760 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 53.7881, -45.2528,<br>32.3518   |

# Details

The XYZ color **14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **19.2918, 9.1073, 38.7728**, and the grayscale version is **14.0315, 14.7623, 16.0761**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.0719, 58.1993, 15.9164**, and **6.2454, 12.4908, 2.0818** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.7284, 28.9326, 4.8083**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.2650, 29.1976, 5.3621**.

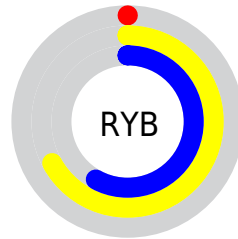
# Distribution



Red (9%)

Green (67%)

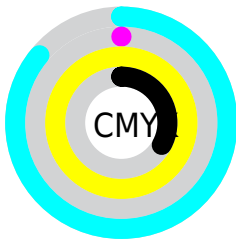
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (58%)

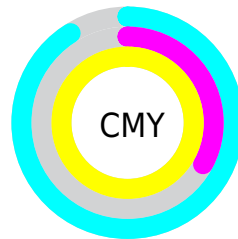


Cyan (86%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (91%)

Magenta (33%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 14.7281, 28.9316,  
4.8081


 14.7281, 28.9316,  
4.8081


215.1357,  
296.8921, 156.8235


 8.7139, 19.0291,  
2.0783


 33.9511, 57.9684,  
15.8343


 4.6106, 11.6913,  
0.6028


 47.8905, 77.8715,  
24.9679


 2.0531, 6.5338,  
0.0000


 65.2024, 101.8768,  
37.0731

 0.6635, 3.1723,  
0.0000

 86.2520, 130.3689,  
52.5686

 0.0000, 1.2223,  
0.0000

 111.4048,  
163.7321, 71.8728


 0.0000, 0.0798,  
0.0000


 141.0261,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


202.3507, 95.4044


0.0000


 175.4813,  
246.6093, 123.5818


 14.7281, 28.9316,  
4.8081


 14.7281, 28.9316,  
4.8081


 14.7284, 28.9326,  
4.8083

 15.2650, 29.1976,  
5.3621

 16.1014, 29.6070,  
6.3807

 17.2952, 30.1868,  
8.0489

 18.8822, 30.9534,  
10.4509

 20.8933, 31.9212,  
13.6581

■ 23.3565, 33.1034,  
17.7335

■ 26.2973, 34.5119,  
22.7338

■ 29.7394, 36.1576,  
28.7109

■ 33.7047, 38.0509,  
35.7130

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.1469, 28.9316, 1.4934



14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081



11.3321, 28.9316, 18.1207

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081



22.3094, 28.9316, 138.8494



54.3853, 28.9316, 17.7521

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081



19.2918, 9.1073, 38.7728

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.4644, 28.9316, 50.2386



14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081



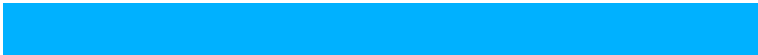
33.6498, 28.9316, 138.4633

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081



14.8187, 28.9316, 100.0122



46.0941, 28.9316, 99.1662



45.9009, 28.9316, 4.6968



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081



10.9884, 28.9316, 37.5794



46.0941, 28.9316, 99.1662



55.4593, 28.9316, 26.1172

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.7288, 28.9328, 4.8088



47.3934, 62.4633, 40.6991



26.6282, 28.6462, 4.1263



10.0621, 13.6869, 8.2096



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



15.4596, 16.2647, 17.7123



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.7288, 28.9328, 4.8088



26.6168, 52.4389, 8.7189



15.1782, 29.0718, 9.0190



7.5276, 8.4546, 8.0244



10.8627, 21.2972, 3.5382



0.2918, 0.5323, 0.0874



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.2918, 9.1073, 38.7728



34.8652, 16.4529, 70.3400



19.4206, 9.6836, 15.7427



7.7407, 7.6144, 9.4801



14.2245, 6.7164, 28.5222

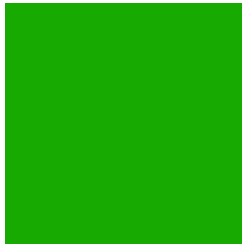


0.3727, 0.1771, 0.6952



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

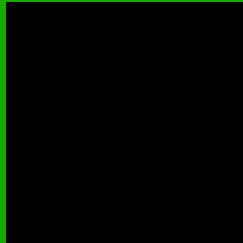
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.7281, 28.9316,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081

### Protanopia

25.5887, 28.4503, 4.1428

### Deuteranopia

28.9508, 28.3778, 5.7019



## Tritanopia

22.4016, 28.8498, 42.9160

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081



## Protanomaly

18.5314, 26.9534, 4.2258



## Deuteranomaly

19.5287, 26.2386, 4.8994



## Tritanomaly

17.2562, 27.7570, 18.9161

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081



## Achromatopsia

13.9749, 14.7027, 16.0113



## Achromatomaly

12.0065, 17.9191, 8.2948

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(23, 170, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(23, 170, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 170, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(23, 170, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(23, 170, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(23, 170, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 170, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(23, 170, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 170, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 170, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.7281, 28.9316, 4.8081 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(23, 170, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(23, 170,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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