

# Converting Colors

XYZ(14.7496, 15.9162, 16.8867)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(14.7496, 15.9162, 16.8867)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(14.7388, 15.8806,  
16.7564)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6C706D
RGB	108, 112, 109
RGB Percent	42%, 44%, 43%
CMY	0.5765, 0.5608, 0.5725
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.03, 0.56
HSL	135°, 2%, 43%
HSV	135°, 4%, 44%
XYZ	14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564
YIQ	110.4620, -1.4210, -1.7810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

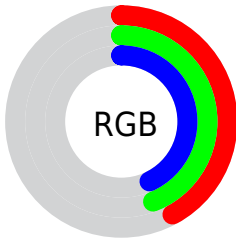
Format	Color
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	108, 111, 112
Decimal	7106669
CIE Lab	46.82, -2.14, 1.13
CIE LCh	47, 2.420, 152.208
Yxy	15.8806, 0.3111, 0.3352
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285296749 (0xFF6C706D)
YUV	110.4620, -0.7208, -2.1592
Hunter-Lab	39.8505, -3.7196, 2.9650

# Details

The XYZ color **14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **14.9145, 15.3179, 17.2103**, and the grayscale version is **14.9565, 15.7354, 17.1359**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.9187, 36.4599, 38.5075**, and **4.6274, 5.0067, 5.2799** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.0324, 15.0511, 14.4275**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.6644, 16.8190, 19.3219**.

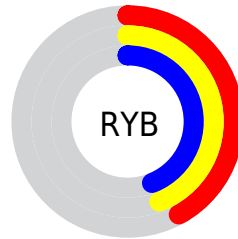
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (44%)

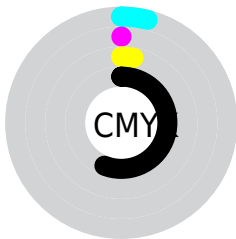
Blue (43%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (44%)

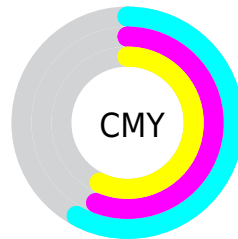


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 14.7388, 15.8806,  
16.7564

■ 14.7388, 15.8806,  
16.7564

215.1996,  
228.6361, 245.7609

■ 8.7214, 9.4397,  
9.9008

■ 33.9697, 36.3908,  
38.6914

■ 4.6156, 5.0291,  
5.2285

■ 47.9140, 51.2289,  
54.6078

■ 2.0559, 2.2643,  
2.3209

■ 65.2312, 69.6348,  
74.3817

■ 0.6651, 0.7547,  
0.7429

■ 86.2868, 91.9930,  
98.4315

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

111.4461,  
118.6878, 127.1758

141.0744,

150.1037, 161.0331

175.5371,  
186.6250, 200.4220

■ 14.7388, 15.8806,  
16.7564

■ 14.7388, 15.8806,  
16.7564

■ 13.0324, 15.0511,  
14.4275

■ 16.6644, 16.8190,  
19.3219

■ 11.5359, 14.3246,  
12.3275

■ 18.8153, 17.8679,  
22.1295

■ 10.2417, 13.6976,  
10.4499

■ 21.1989, 19.0315,  
25.1855

■ 9.1407, 13.1657,  
8.7872

■ 23.8221, 20.3132,  
28.4959

■ 8.2235, 12.7242,  
7.3317

■ 26.6913, 21.7163,  
32.0664

■ 7.4798, 12.3678,  
6.0754

■ 29.8127, 23.2438,  
35.9027

■ 6.8981, 12.0909,  
5.0094

■ 33.1924, 24.8987,  
40.0100

■ 6.4656, 11.8871,  
4.1244

■ 36.8361, 26.6838,  
44.3936

■ 6.1646, 11.7474,  
3.4100

■ 40.7495, 28.6021,  
49.0585

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.8793, 15.8806, 16.3289



14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564



14.6932, 15.8806, 17.3360

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564



15.1096, 15.8806, 18.4756



15.4391, 15.8806, 16.6808

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564



14.9145, 15.3179, 17.2103

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.5021, 15.8806, 17.2467



14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564



15.3108, 15.8806, 18.2907

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564



14.9061, 15.8806, 18.3371



15.4549, 15.8806, 17.8374



15.2835, 15.8806, 16.2860



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564



14.7224, 15.8806, 17.7331



15.4549, 15.8806, 17.8374



15.4719, 15.8806, 16.8568

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.7392, 15.8813, 16.7567



26.7164, 28.2995, 30.5440



15.0655, 16.0557, 16.4925



6.4248, 6.8019, 7.3465



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.7392, 15.8813, 16.7567



25.7230, 27.8159, 29.2082



14.8446, 15.9234, 17.3115



3.5685, 3.8693, 4.0483



6.9321, 13.4904, 3.4634



34.2322, 67.0815, 15.6739



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.9145, 15.3179, 17.2103



26.0754, 26.6829, 30.1204



14.8090, 15.2758, 16.6552



3.6223, 3.6965, 4.1874



9.5662, 4.7189, 10.0574

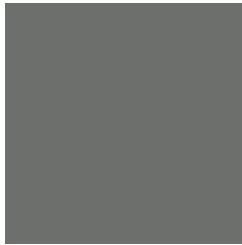


47.2954, 23.3635, 48.2153



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

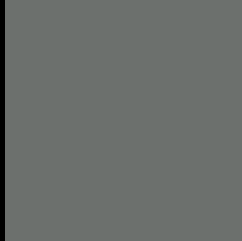
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

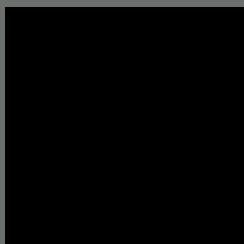
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

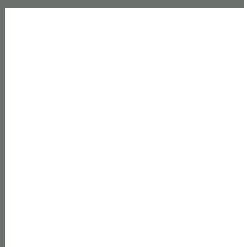
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.7388, 15.8806,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564

### Protanopia

15.0928, 15.7453, 16.4310

### Deuteranopia

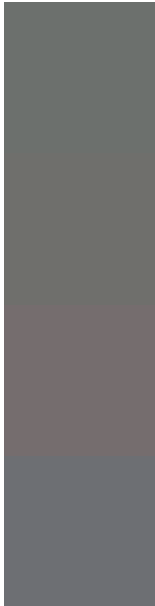
16.0982, 15.7788, 16.9490



## Tritanopia

15.3361, 15.7988, 19.6939

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564

## Protanomaly

14.9468, 15.8311, 16.4553

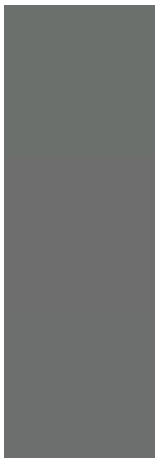
## Deuteranomaly

15.6192, 15.8450, 16.9870

## Tritanomaly

15.0856, 15.8579, 18.4854

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564

## Achromatopsia

14.8208, 15.5926, 16.9804

## Achromatomaly

14.8056, 15.7459, 17.0108

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 112, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 112, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 112, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 112, 109) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

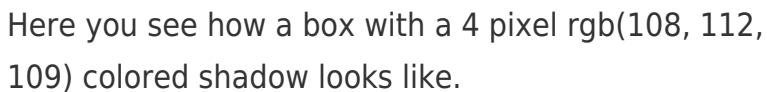
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 112, 109) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 112, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 112, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 112, 109); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 112, 109); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 112, 109) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.7388, 15.8806, 16.7564 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 112, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
112, 109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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