

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.8188, 7.9998, 3.6245)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.8188, 7.9998, 3.6245)
contains.

XYZ(14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(14.7459, 7.9637,
3.6657)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9D1631
RGB	157, 22, 49
RGB Percent	62%, 9%, 19%
CMY	0.3843, 0.9137, 0.8078
CMYK	0.00, 0.86, 0.69, 0.38
HSL	348°, 75%, 35%
HSV	348°, 86%, 62%
XYZ	14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657
YIQ	65.4430, 71.7930, 37.0170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

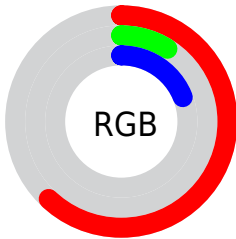
Format	Color
R _Y B	157, 22, 49
Decimal	10294833
CIE Lab	33.91, 53.55, 21.47
CIE LCh	34, 57.693, 21.845
Yxy	7.9637, 0.5591, 0.3019
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288484913 (0xFF9D1631)
YUV	65.4430, -8.1064, 80.2955
Hunter-Lab	28.2200, 43.8871, 12.0524

Details

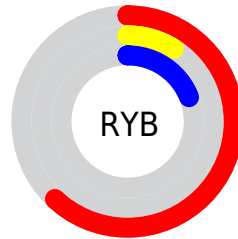
The XYZ color **14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **16.4183, 25.8965, 25.2573**, and the grayscale version is **5.0978, 5.3633, 5.8406**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.0723, 21.9182, 13.2613**, and **5.0534, 2.6032, 0.3223** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.2982, 7.4352, 2.3860**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.4461, 8.8791, 5.3944**.

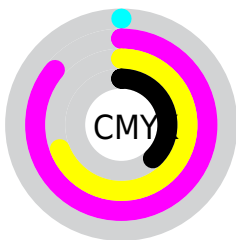
Distribution



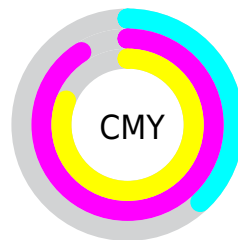
- Red (62%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Black (38%)




- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 14.7459, 7.9637,
3.6657


 14.7459, 7.9637,
3.6657


215.2420,
175.4470, 144.4338


 8.7264, 4.0717,
1.4438


 33.9821, 21.8873,
13.2311


 4.6188, 1.7138,
0.1755

 47.9296, 32.6876,
21.4117


 2.0578, 0.4325,
0.0000

 65.2503, 46.5596,
32.4156

 0.6661, 0.0000,
0.0000

 86.3098, 63.8875,
46.6614

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 111.4734, 85.0558,
64.5676

 141.1064,

110.4489, 86.5527

175.5741,
140.4512, 113.0352

■ 14.7459, 7.9637,
3.6657

■ 14.7459, 7.9637,
3.6657

■ 14.2982, 7.4352,
2.3860

■ 15.4461, 8.8791,
5.3944

■ 14.1569, 7.2690,
1.9801

■ 16.4368, 10.2483,
7.6121

■ 17.7471, 12.1214,
10.3536

■ 19.4023, 14.5415,
13.6502

■ 21.4251, 17.5470,
17.5306

■ 23.8361, 21.1730,
22.0216

■ 26.6545, 25.4516,
27.1482

■ 29.8982, 30.4128,
32.9341

■ 33.5838, 36.0848,
39.4017

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3398, 7.9637, 11.3880



14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657



11.9894, 7.9637, 0.9155

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657



3.7193, 7.9637, 1.7430



6.7378, 7.9637, 39.9299

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657



16.4183, 25.8965, 25.2573

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.3958, 7.9637, 30.8876



14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657



2.9996, 7.9637, 6.4249

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657



5.5218, 7.9637, 0.3433



3.2069, 7.9637, 16.9148



10.0690, 7.9637, 37.0250

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657



9.6298, 7.9637, 0.2545



3.2069, 7.9637, 16.9148



5.8258, 7.9637, 38.0453

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.7461, 7.9642, 3.6658



42.4448, 37.5508, 38.9903



15.5793, 7.7547, 32.5737



9.0225, 7.7844, 7.9930



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.7461, 7.9642, 3.6658



25.2983, 12.9960, 3.2531



15.8000, 10.7270, 1.9976



6.6846, 6.6668, 7.1902



11.5093, 5.9083, 1.6671



0.2187, 0.1108, 0.0977

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.7461, 7.9642, 3.6658



25.2983, 12.9960, 3.2531



12.7206, 15.2124, 34.1638



6.6846, 6.6668, 7.1902



11.5093, 5.9083, 1.6671



0.2187, 0.1108, 0.0977

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

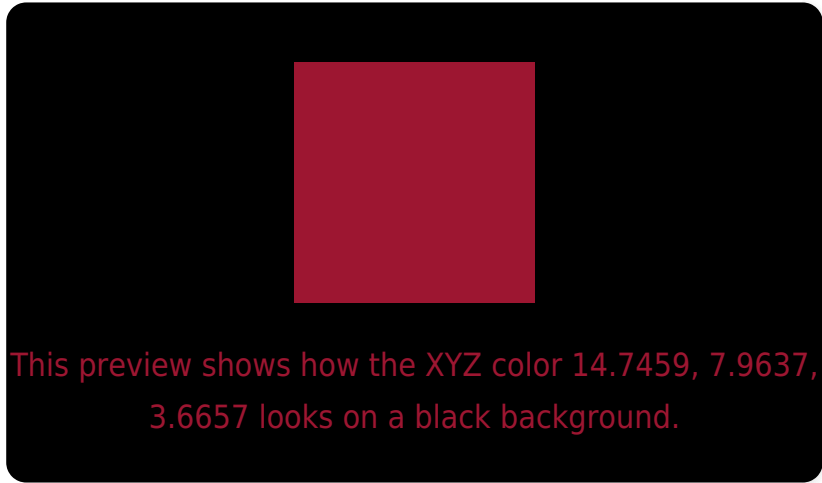
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.7459, 7.9637,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657

Protanopia

7.8857, 8.3055, 6.9819

Deuteranopia

8.3978, 8.3253, 3.3548



Tritanopia

14.3234, 7.9776, 1.8218

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657

Protanomaly

9.1675, 7.0243, 5.4301

Deuteranomaly

9.8719, 7.2805, 3.3676

Tritanomaly

14.3831, 7.9281, 2.3623

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657

Achromatopsia

5.0244, 5.2861, 5.7565

Achromatomaly

6.9247, 5.1091, 4.7588

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 22, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 22, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 22, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 22, 49) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 22, 49) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 22, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 22, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 22, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 22, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 22,  
49) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.7459, 7.9637, 3.6657 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 22, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157, 22,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor