

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.8466, 19.1076, 35.5560)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.8466, 19.1076, 35.5560)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(14.9353, 19.2253,
35.7246)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A849F
RGB	26, 132, 159
RGB Percent	10%, 52%, 62%
CMY	0.8980, 0.4823, 0.3765
CMYK	0.84, 0.17, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	192°, 72%, 36%
HSV	192°, 84%, 62%
XYZ	14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246
YIQ	103.3840, -71.8430, -14.0750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

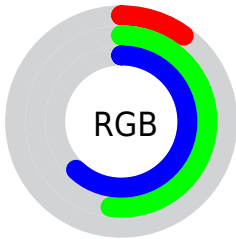
Format	Color
R _Y B	26, 85, 159
Decimal	1737887
CIE Lab	50.95, -18.76, -22.51
CIE LCh	51, 29.307, 230.188
Yxy	19.2253, 0.2137, 0.2751
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279927967 (0xFF1A849F)
YUV	103.3840, 27.4187, -67.8658
Hunter-Lab	43.8467, -15.9300, -17.6146

Details

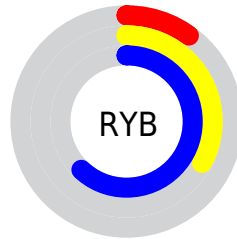
The XYZ color **14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **15.7586, 9.9932, 2.0765**, and the grayscale version is **12.9384, 13.6122, 14.8237**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.3104, 42.0398, 69.9245**, and **5.6711, 7.0961, 14.9807** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.2051, 18.2094, 35.5674**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.9055, 20.3858, 35.8978**.

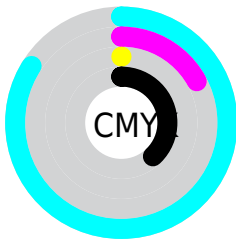
Distribution



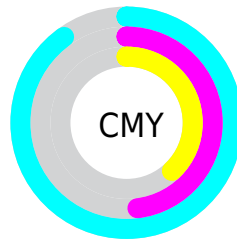
- Red (10%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.9353, 19.2253,
35.7246

■ 14.9353, 19.2253,
35.7246

■ 216.3704,
247.6897, 342.7561

■ 8.8600, 11.8332,
23.9336

■ 34.3122, 42.1145,
69.7710

■ 4.7064, 6.6302,
15.0726

■ 48.3446, 58.3803,
92.8635

■ 2.1090, 3.2319,
8.7232

■ 65.7600, 78.3728,
120.5602

■ 0.6941, 1.2540,
4.4667

■ 86.9238, 102.4764,
153.2797

■ 0.0000, 0.1051,
1.8847

■ 112.2014,
131.0756, 191.4405

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.4830

■ 141.9581,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

164.5545, 235.4611

0.0000

176.5594,
203.2978, 285.7602

■ 14.9353, 19.2253,
35.7246

■ 14.9353, 19.2253,
35.7246

■ 14.2051, 18.2094,
35.5674

■ 15.9055, 20.3858,
35.8978

■ 13.8113, 17.6097,
35.4724

■ 17.1466, 21.7058,
36.0872

■ 18.6866, 23.2005,
36.2945

■ 20.5495, 24.8822,
36.5210

■ 22.7567, 26.7622,
36.7675

■ 25.3279, 28.8508,
37.0351

■ 28.2810, 31.1575,
37.3247

■ 31.6330, 33.6911,
37.6371

■ 35.3995, 36.4599,
37.9730

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.5301, 19.2253, 26.9318



14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246



17.3407, 19.2253, 40.9024

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246



24.3262, 19.2253, 23.7694



16.4183, 19.2253, 9.2512

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246



15.7586, 9.9932, 2.0765

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.2383, 19.2253, 8.8249



14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246



24.0122, 19.2253, 15.8987

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246



22.8919, 19.2253, 32.8910



22.0744, 19.2253, 10.9188



14.3215, 19.2253, 12.2941

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246



19.2756, 19.2253, 40.8740



22.0744, 19.2253, 10.9188



17.3059, 19.2253, 8.8351

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.9359, 19.2260, 35.7251



44.4632, 50.9527, 66.2348



13.4584, 25.2699, 7.4898



9.6732, 11.2039, 14.8964



76.7382, 80.7346, 87.9200



13.3056, 13.9985, 15.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.9359, 19.2260, 35.7251



24.5934, 31.2547, 63.4800



8.6275, 6.6091, 33.6223



6.7074, 7.2806, 8.4585



10.9385, 13.9685, 28.0269



0.2222, 0.3030, 0.5100

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.8329, 9.7765, 22.7248



32.3631, 15.9033, 36.7779



21.0942, 20.6644, 3.8550



6.8464, 6.7315, 8.0423



14.3194, 7.0323, 16.4650



0.2695, 0.1311, 0.3652

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

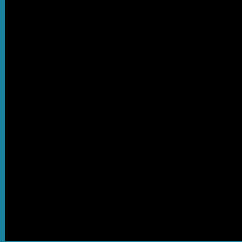
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246.

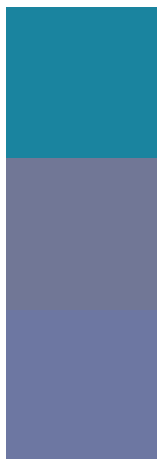


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.9353, 19.2253,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

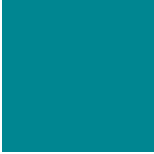
14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246

Protanopia

18.9119, 18.9064, 31.5067

Deuteranopia

19.4251, 19.0535, 36.8363



Tritanopia

13.6359, 19.0945, 29.7550

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246

Protanomaly

16.3508, 18.4645, 32.8392

Deuteranomaly

16.8651, 18.6508, 36.4293

Tritanomaly

14.0052, 19.0351, 31.7902

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246

Achromatopsia

12.8919, 13.5633, 14.7705

Achromatomaly

12.4941, 14.9605, 20.9681

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 132, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 132, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 132, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 132, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 132, 159) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 132, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 132, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 132, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 132, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 132,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.9353, 19.2253, 35.7246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 132, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 132,  
159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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