

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.8972, 10.0112, 13.1549)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.8972, 10.0112, 13.1549)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(14.8381, 9.9408,
13.1933)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C3E64
RGB	140, 62, 100
RGB Percent	55%, 24%, 39%
CMY	0.4510, 0.7568, 0.6078
CMYK	0.00, 0.56, 0.29, 0.45
HSL	331°, 39%, 40%
HSV	331°, 56%, 55%
XYZ	14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933
YIQ	89.6540, 34.2900, 28.3540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

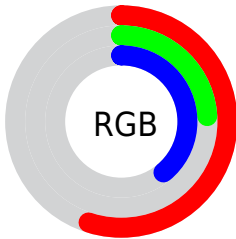
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 62, 100
Decimal	9191012
CIE Lab	37.74, 37.61, -6.32
CIE LCh	38, 38.133, 350.460
Yxy	9.9408, 0.3908, 0.2618
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287381092 (0xFF8C3E64)
YUV	89.6540, 5.1006, 44.1534
Hunter-Lab	31.5290, 28.8293, -2.7395

Details

The XYZ color **14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **13.7635, 20.7399, 15.8492**, and the grayscale version is **9.6248, 10.1260, 11.0272**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.2560, 25.7804, 32.4488**, and **4.6599, 2.4569, 3.5968** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.8402, 8.4769, 11.2210**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.0633, 11.8103, 15.3927**.

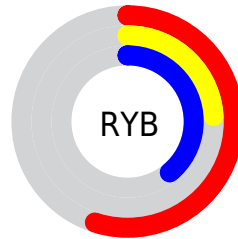
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (24%)

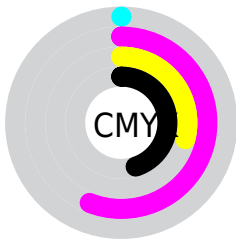
Blue (39%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (39%)

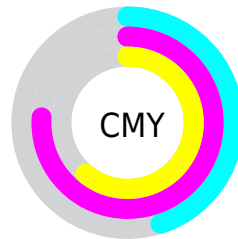


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

14.8381, 9.9408,
13.1933

14.8381, 9.9408,
13.1933

215.7920,
190.2490, 223.4040

8.7914, 5.3597,
7.4295

34.1429, 25.6841,
32.3469

4.6614, 2.4598,
3.6496

48.1317, 37.6151,
46.5737

2.0827, 0.8564,
1.4352

65.4986, 52.7649,
64.4587

0.6798, 0.0000,
0.1689

86.6090, 71.5178,
86.4203

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

111.8282, 94.2583,
112.8771

141.5215,

121.3707, 144.2476

176.0543,
153.2395, 180.9504

■ 14.8381, 9.9408,
13.1933

■ 14.8381, 9.9408,
13.1933

■ 13.8402, 8.4769,
11.2210

■ 16.0633, 11.8103,
15.3927

■ 13.0527, 7.3859,
9.4661

■ 17.5296, 14.1117,
17.8272

■ 12.4572, 6.6326,
7.9183

■ 19.2504, 16.8707,
20.5050

■ 12.0268, 6.1644,
6.5646

■ 21.2381, 20.1109,
23.4338

■ 11.8648, 5.9953,
6.0330

■ 23.5039, 23.8539,
26.6207

■ 26.0588, 28.1202,
30.0725

■ 28.9128, 32.9290,
33.7958

■ 32.0756, 38.2987,
37.7971

■ 35.5563, 44.2466,
42.0822

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.5235, 9.9408, 21.7560



14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933



14.5297, 9.9408, 6.7920

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933



7.9093, 9.9408, 2.5101



6.7781, 9.9408, 24.7481

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933



13.7635, 20.7399, 15.8492

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



5.7160, 9.9408, 16.2000



14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933



6.2872, 9.9408, 4.3503

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933



10.2431, 9.9408, 2.2697



5.5531, 9.9408, 8.7566



8.6959, 9.9408, 30.0772

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933



13.4624, 9.9408, 4.2613



5.5531, 9.9408, 8.7566



6.3240, 9.9408, 22.0191

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.8384, 9.9413, 13.1935



36.8332, 34.4555, 40.4334



11.8236, 8.1060, 25.7525



8.3429, 7.7032, 9.1067



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.8384, 9.9413, 13.1935



23.9906, 14.3631, 18.9104



13.4077, 9.3690, 5.6598



5.1277, 5.0865, 5.7612



10.5523, 5.3310, 5.4128



0.0775, 0.0384, 0.0747

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.8384, 9.9413, 13.1935



23.9906, 14.3631, 18.9104



16.0986, 21.6740, 28.1460



5.1277, 5.0865, 5.7612



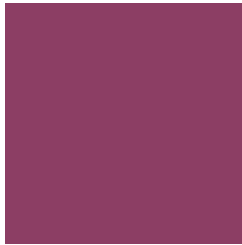
10.5523, 5.3310, 5.4128



0.0775, 0.0384, 0.0747

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

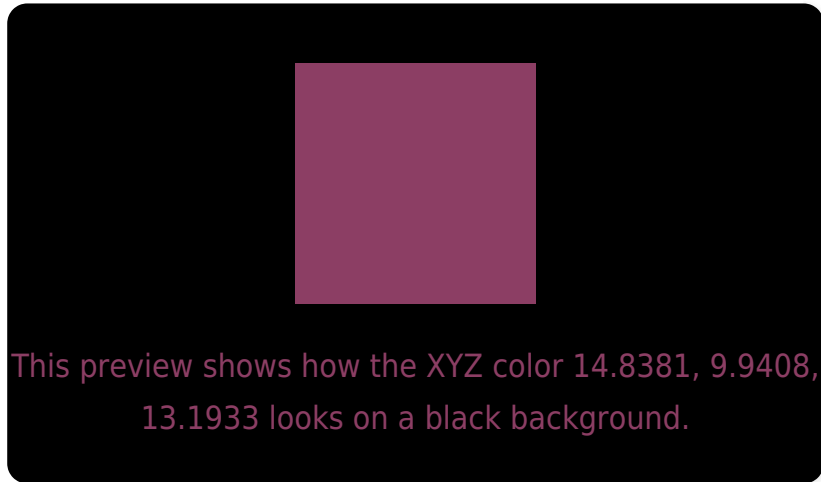
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.8381, 9.9408,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933

Protanopia

10.2394, 10.0813, 18.5457

Deuteranopia

10.2388, 10.0938, 12.4750



Tritanopia

13.7510, 10.0186, 7.5123

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933

Protanomaly

11.2587, 9.6232, 16.3030

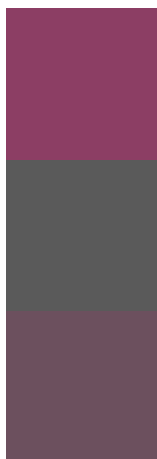
Deuteranomaly

11.4376, 9.6914, 12.5771

Tritanomaly

14.1570, 10.0099, 9.3696

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933

Achromatopsia

9.7181, 10.2242, 11.1341

Achromatomaly

11.0734, 9.7336, 11.8848

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 62, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 62, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 62, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 62, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 62, 100) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 62, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 62, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 62, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 62, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 62,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.8381, 9.9408, 13.1933 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 62, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140, 62,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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