

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.9013, 7.3166, 17.2028)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.9013, 7.3166, 17.2028)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(14.8294, 7.2807,
17.1467)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	910074
RGB	145, 0, 116
RGB Percent	57%, 0%, 45%
CMY	0.4314, 0.9999, 0.5451
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.20, 0.43
HSL	312°, 100%, 28%
HSV	312°, 100%, 57%
XYZ	14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467
YIQ	56.5790, 49.1840, 66.8160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

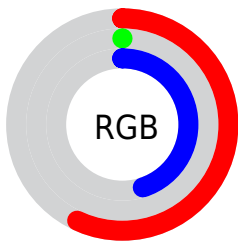
Format	Color
RYB	145, 0, 116
Decimal	9502836
CIELab	32.44, 60.39, -24.49
CIElCh	32, 65.167, 337.926
Yxy	7.2807, 0.3778, 0.1855
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287692916 (0xFF910074)
YUV	56.5790, 29.2946, 77.5452
Hunter-Lab	26.9828, 50.8816, -18.7890

Details

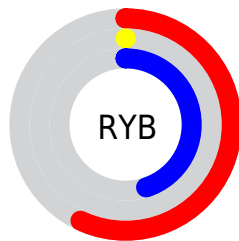
The XYZ color **14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **10.3476, 20.3397, 4.5441**, and the grayscale version is **3.7938, 3.9913, 4.3466**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.2126, 20.5558, 39.2103**, and **5.2296, 2.5789, 5.5323** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.8293, 7.2806, 17.1457**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.1650, 7.6774, 18.1041**.

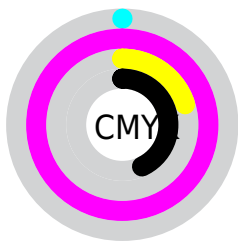
Distribution



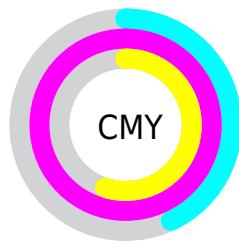
- Red (57%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 14.8294, 7.2807,
17.1467


 14.8294, 7.2807,
17.1467


215.7402,
169.9761, 248.0889


 8.7853, 3.6383,
10.1761


 34.1277, 20.5357,
39.3719


 4.6574, 1.4733,
5.4087

 48.1127, 30.9171,
55.4636

 2.0803, 0.2699,
2.4261

 65.4752, 44.3135,
75.4328

 0.6785, 0.0000,
0.8006


 86.5808, 61.1095,
99.6979

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 111.7947, 81.6893,
128.6775

 141.4824,


106.4375, 162.7902

 176.0091,
135.7383, 202.4544

 14.8294, 7.2807,
17.1467


 14.8294, 7.2807,
17.1467


 14.8293, 7.2806,
17.1457

 15.1650, 7.6774,
18.1041

 15.6174, 8.2995,
19.1266

 16.2425, 9.2584,
20.2331

 17.0611, 10.5956,
21.4308

 18.0911, 12.3469,
22.7258

■ 19.3481, 14.5435,
24.1237

■ 20.8466, 17.2141,
25.6293

■ 22.5995, 20.3845,
27.2474

■ 24.6189, 24.0791,
28.9820

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.7159, 7.2807, 33.4252



14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467



15.5267, 7.2807, 5.6339

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467



6.0645, 7.2807, 0.0000



2.9639, 7.2807, 25.6794

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467



10.3476, 20.3397, 4.5441

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.2817, 7.2807, 10.7717



14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467



3.6525, 7.2807, 0.3162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467



9.6521, 7.2807, 0.0000



2.4846, 7.2807, 2.7985



4.7594, 7.2807, 40.5588

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467



14.3695, 7.2807, 2.0255



2.4846, 7.2807, 2.7985



2.6286, 7.2807, 20.1818

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.8297, 7.2811, 17.1468



37.1488, 30.4968, 45.7206



5.6181, 2.3061, 26.9371



8.0312, 6.3676, 9.9422



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.8297, 7.2811, 17.1468



26.4942, 13.0134, 30.3747



12.1228, 6.1983, 2.8925



5.5807, 5.4928, 6.5558



12.7288, 6.2485, 14.7552



0.1293, 0.0628, 0.1810

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.8297, 7.2811, 17.1468



26.4942, 13.0134, 30.3747



12.4994, 21.2005, 15.8754



5.5807, 5.4928, 6.5558



12.7288, 6.2485, 14.7552



0.1293, 0.0628, 0.1810

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

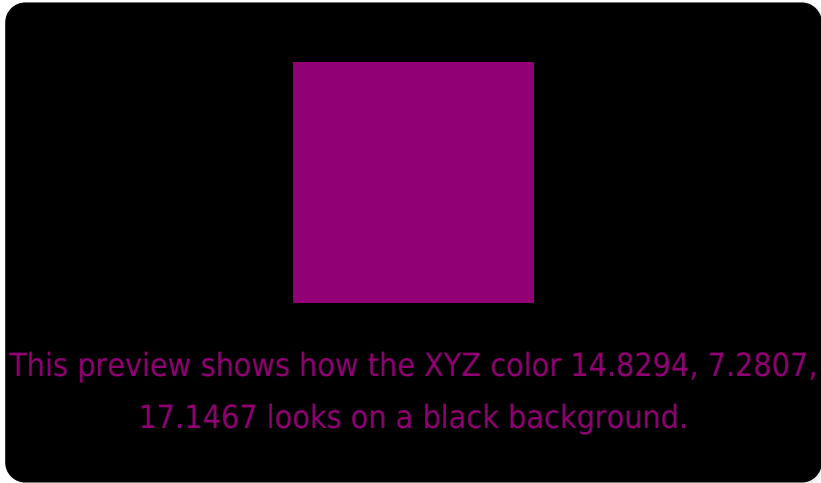
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467

Protanopia

9.2647, 7.9521, 35.6969

Deuteranopia

8.0105, 7.8550, 15.5620



Tritanopia

12.1580, 7.6564, 3.6333

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467

Protanomaly

7.7548, 5.0288, 27.7561

Deuteranomaly

8.9950, 5.9924, 16.0118

Tritanomaly

12.6265, 7.0225, 6.9933

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467

Achromatopsia

3.8890, 4.0915, 4.4557

Achromatomaly

6.1258, 3.9357, 7.6445

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 0, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 0, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 0, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 0, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 0, 116) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 0, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 0, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 0, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 0, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 0,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.8294, 7.2807, 17.1467 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 0, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145, 0,  
116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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