

Converting Colors

XYZ(14.9314, 4.0438, 18.3655)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(14.9314, 4.0438, 18.3655)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(17.2232, 8.4731,
19.1401)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C007A
RGB	156, 0, 122
RGB Percent	61%, 0%, 48%
CMY	0.3882, 0.9999, 0.5216
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.22, 0.39
HSL	313°, 100%, 31%
HSV	313°, 100%, 61%
XYZ	17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401
YIQ	60.5520, 53.8140, 71.0140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

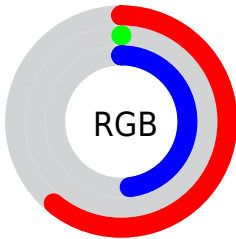
Format	Color
RYB	156, 0, 122
Decimal	10223738
CIELab	34.95, 63.33, -24.19
CIElCh	35, 67.795, 339.093
Yxy	8.4731, 0.3841, 0.1890
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288413818 (0xFF9C007A)
YUV	60.5520, 30.2939, 83.7079
Hunter-Lab	29.1086, 54.6763, -18.6096

Details

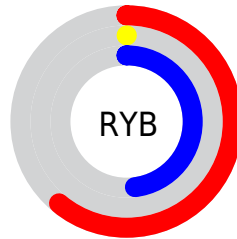
The XYZ color **17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **12.1778, 23.8928, 5.4848**, and the grayscale version is **4.3273, 4.5527, 4.9578**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.1938, 22.8401, 42.9530**, and **6.4581, 3.1904, 6.5788** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.2230, 8.4730, 19.1388**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.6174, 8.9183, 20.3294**.

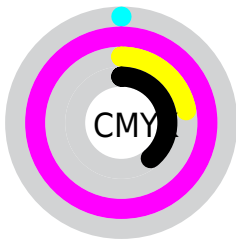
Distribution



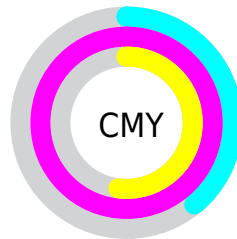
- Red (61%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.2232, 8.4731,
19.1401

■ 17.2232, 8.4731,
19.1401

229.5866,
179.3971, 259.6696

■ 10.4900, 4.3991,
11.5937

■ 38.2497, 22.8808,
42.8105

■ 5.7898, 1.8992,
6.3485

■ 53.2737, 33.9834,
59.7717

■ 2.7571, 0.5479,
2.9859

■ 71.7921, 48.1976,
80.7082

■ 1.0267, 0.0000,
1.0875

■ 94.1702, 65.9078,
106.0385

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 120.7733, 87.4985,
136.1813

■ 151.9669,

113.3540, 171.5551

188.1162,
143.8587, 212.5783

17.2232, 8.4731,
19.1401

17.2232, 8.4731,
19.1401

17.2230, 8.4730,
19.1388

17.6174, 8.9183,
20.3294

18.1554, 9.6392,
21.6033

18.8984, 10.7581,
22.9827

19.8716, 12.3253,
24.4763

21.0966, 14.3837,
26.0915

■ 22.5922, 16.9711,
27.8351

■ 24.3756, 20.1215,
29.7131

■ 26.4624, 23.8661,
31.7311

■ 28.8671, 28.2340,
33.8942

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.7315, 8.4731, 37.7167



17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401



17.8912, 8.4731, 6.2450

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401



6.9313, 8.4731, 0.0000



3.5409, 8.4731, 30.3137

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401



12.1778, 23.8928, 5.4848

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.7056, 8.4731, 13.0301



17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401



4.2064, 8.4731, 0.5342

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401



11.0189, 8.4731, 0.0000



2.9022, 8.4731, 3.5099



5.6743, 8.4731, 47.0229

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401



16.4870, 8.4731, 2.2496



2.9022, 8.4731, 3.5099



3.1361, 8.4731, 23.9968

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.2235, 8.4735, 19.1402



44.0609, 36.1689, 53.7532



6.6546, 2.7377, 31.6304



9.4061, 7.4457, 11.5301



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.2235, 8.4735, 19.1402



31.2062, 15.3591, 34.3637



14.1693, 7.2519, 3.0570



6.8422, 6.7298, 8.0202



14.1995, 6.9844, 15.8337



0.2681, 0.1306, 0.3578

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.2235, 8.4735, 19.1402



31.2062, 15.3591, 34.3637



14.8026, 24.9428, 19.3069



6.8422, 6.7298, 8.0202



14.1995, 6.9844, 15.8337



0.2681, 0.1306, 0.3578

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

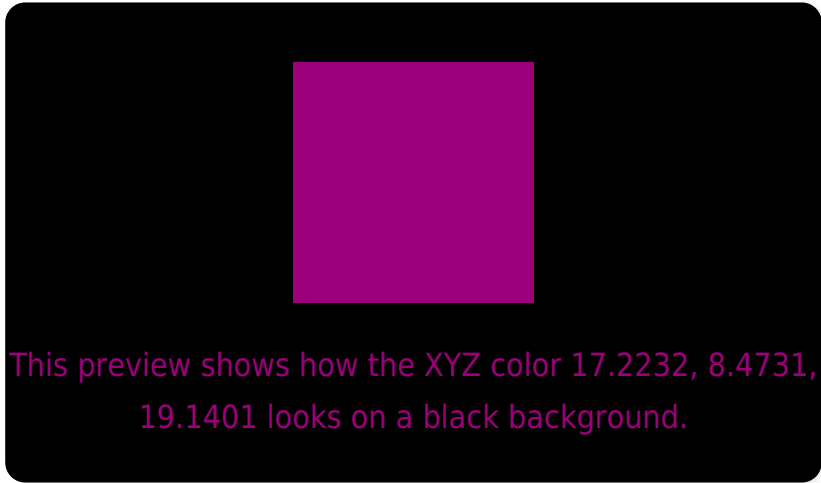
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

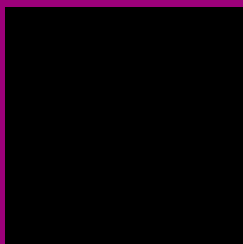
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 17.2232, 8.4731,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401

Protanopia

10.7913, 9.1709, 40.7366

Deuteranopia

9.2682, 9.1333, 17.1940



Tritanopia

14.2322, 8.8370, 4.0876

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401

Protanomaly

9.4446, 6.0180, 31.2357

Deuteranomaly

10.4278, 6.8947, 17.6108

Tritanomaly

14.7784, 8.1912, 7.8233

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401

Achromatopsia

4.4355, 4.6665, 5.0818

Achromatomaly

7.1107, 4.5624, 8.6895

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 0, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 0, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 0, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 0, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 0, 122) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 0, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 0, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 0, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 0, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 0,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 17.2232, 8.4731, 19.1401 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 0, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156, 0,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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