

# Converting Colors

XYZ(14.9616, 14.3428, 14.6094)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(14.9616, 14.3428, 14.6094)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(14.9371, 14.3316,  
14.5494)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	796566
RGB	121, 101, 102
RGB Percent	47%, 40%, 40%
CMY	0.5255, 0.6039, 0.6000
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.16, 0.53
HSL	357°, 9%, 44%
HSV	357°, 17%, 47%
XYZ	14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494
YIQ	107.0940, 11.5990, 4.5510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

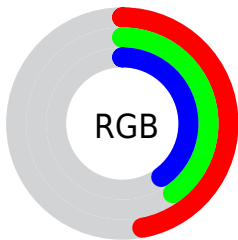
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	121, 101, 102
Decimal	7955814
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	44.70, 8.16, 2.41
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	45, 8.514, 16.475
Yxy	14.3316, 0.3409, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286145894 (0xFF796566)
YUV	107.0940, -2.5113, 12.1956
Hunter-Lab	37.8571, 4.1800, 3.7134

# Details

The XYZ color **14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **15.5949, 17.7978, 20.3835**, and the grayscale version is **14.0060, 14.7354, 16.0468**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.4336, 33.7551, 34.8375**, and **4.6812, 4.2919, 4.1961** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.3165, 11.9404, 11.3887**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.8105, 17.1017, 18.1849**.

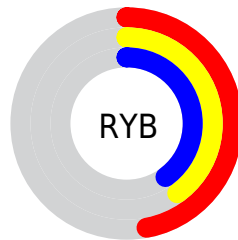
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (40%)

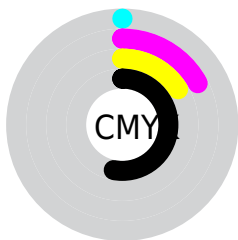
Blue (40%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (40%)

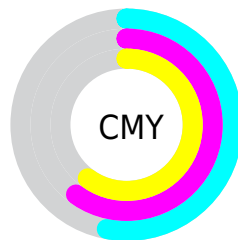


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 14.9371, 14.3316,  
14.5494

■ 14.9371, 14.3316,  
14.5494

216.3811,  
219.2841, 232.1685

■ 8.8613, 8.3517,  
8.3607

■ 34.3154, 33.6763,  
34.7918

■ 4.7072, 4.3208,  
4.2355

■ 48.3485, 47.8098,  
49.6825

■ 2.1095, 1.8546,  
1.7554

■ 65.7648, 65.4299,  
68.3110

■ 0.6944, 0.5208,  
0.3983

■ 86.9296, 86.9211,  
91.0957

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

112.2083,  
112.6677, 118.4553

141.9662,

143.0541, 150.8083

176.5687,  
178.4648, 188.5732

■ 14.9371, 14.3316,  
14.5494

■ 14.9371, 14.3316,  
14.5494

■ 13.3165, 11.9404,  
11.3887

■ 16.8105, 17.1017,  
18.1849

■ 11.9369, 9.9098,  
8.6824

■ 18.9458, 20.2642,  
22.3126

■ 10.7871, 8.2230,  
6.4097

■ 21.3528, 23.8341,  
26.9504

■ 9.8545, 6.8608,  
4.5483

■ 24.0407, 27.8253,  
32.1148

■ 9.1255, 5.8025,  
3.0734

■ 27.0181, 32.2509,  
37.8217

■ 8.5849, 5.0247,  
1.9579

■ 30.2933, 37.1234,  
44.0862

■ 8.2153, 4.5007,  
1.1711

■ 33.8743, 42.4549,  
50.9228

■ 7.9858, 4.1782,  
0.6736

■ 37.7687, 48.2570,  
58.3457

■ 7.9183, 4.0782,  
0.5432

■ 41.9839, 54.5408,  
66.3683

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.9559, 14.3316, 16.5124



14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494



14.5582, 14.3316, 13.0031

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494



12.6802, 14.3316, 13.1262



13.3131, 14.3316, 19.6079

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494



15.5949, 17.7978, 20.3835

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.7264, 14.3316, 18.5320



14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494



12.3694, 14.3316, 14.7309

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494



13.2481, 14.3316, 12.2302



12.3860, 14.3316, 16.7098



14.0024, 14.3316, 19.5489



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494



14.1594, 14.3316, 12.3669



12.3860, 14.3316, 16.7098



13.0979, 14.3316, 19.3633

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.9375, 14.3322, 14.5497



30.6103, 31.3753, 33.5463



15.8510, 14.6815, 20.0877



6.9524, 7.1048, 7.5800



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.9375, 14.3322, 14.5497



25.5427, 23.8840, 23.7059



15.8104, 16.1569, 14.5980



4.0057, 4.0180, 4.2275



8.4843, 4.3699, 0.5753



40.3781, 20.8076, 2.2554



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.9375, 14.3322, 14.5497



25.5427, 23.8840, 23.7059



14.6127, 15.7360, 20.3565



4.0057, 4.0180, 4.2275



8.4843, 4.3699, 0.5753

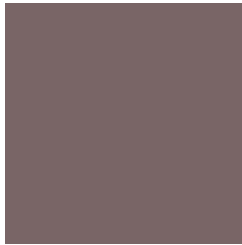


40.3781, 20.8076, 2.2554



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

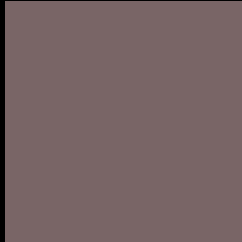
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 14.9371, 14.3316,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494

### Protanopia

13.7346, 14.2908, 15.1312

### Deuteranopia

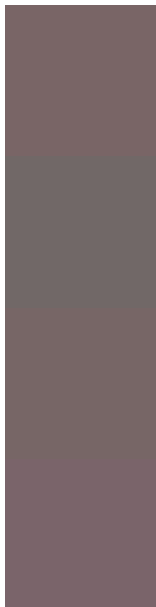
14.6209, 14.3136, 14.5626



## Tritanopia

15.2900, 14.3346, 16.1483

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494

## Protanomaly

14.2085, 14.3906, 14.8608

## Deuteranomaly

14.7574, 14.3840, 14.5690

## Tritanomaly

15.1847, 14.2925, 15.5941

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494

## Achromatopsia

13.9749, 14.7027, 16.0113

## Achromatomaly

14.2835, 14.5678, 15.4237

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 101, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 101, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 101, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 101, 102) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 101, 102) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 101, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 101, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 101, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 101, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 101,  
102) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 14.9371, 14.3316, 14.5494 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 101, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
101, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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