

Converting Colors

XYZ(146.7179, 124.1469,
51.4547)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(146.7179, 124.1469, 51.4547)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(81.2016, 90.4619,
48.3031)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF7A4
RGB	255, 247, 164
RGB Percent	100%, 97%, 64%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0313, 0.3569
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.36, 0.00
HSL	55°, 100%, 82%
HSV	55°, 36%, 100%
XYZ	81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031
YIQ	239.9300, 31.4110, -24.1170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

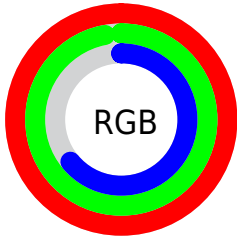
Format	Color
RYB	173, 255, 164
Decimal	16775076
CIELab	96.19, -9.13, 40.89
CIELCh	96, 41.900, 102.588
Yxy	90.4619, 0.3692, 0.4113
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294965156 (0xFFFFF7A4)
YUV	239.9300, -37.4335, 13.2164
Hunter-Lab	95.1115, -14.0503, 36.4671

Details

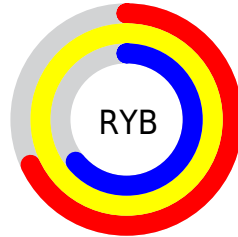
The XYZ color **81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **48.1121, 44.6163, 100.6837**, and the grayscale version is **83.0382, 87.3626, 95.1379**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.9183, 97.9473, 81.8767**, and **44.5260, 50.2796, 22.3971** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.4458, 88.2733, 37.1399**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.4319, 92.8599, 61.9044**.

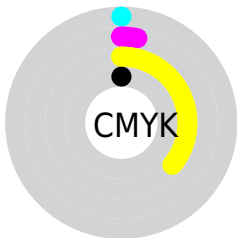
Distribution



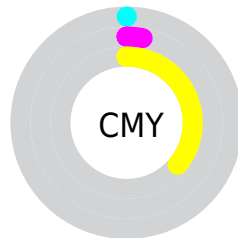
- Red (100%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 81.2016, 90.4619,
48.3031


 81.2016, 90.4619,
48.3031

487.6482,
529.5322, 396.5356

 61.0195, 68.3638,
33.7053

 133.9955,
147.9798, 89.0258

 44.4935, 50.1938,
22.3918


 167.3380,
184.1684, 115.9877

 31.2582, 35.5674,
13.9440


205.7980,
225.8227, 147.9081

 20.9484, 24.1003,
7.9434

249.7409,
273.3270, 185.2054

 13.1985, 15.4080,
3.9715

299.5320,
327.0657, 228.2983

 7.6433, 9.1062,
1.6097

355.5367,

 3.9175, 4.8105,

387.4232, 277.6053

0.2977

418.1203,
454.7839, 333.5449

■ 1.6555, 2.1365,
0.0000

■ 0.4282, 0.6851,
0.0000

■ 81.2016, 90.4619,
48.3031

■ 81.2016, 90.4619,
48.3031

■ 78.4458, 88.2733,
37.1399

■ 84.4319, 92.8599,
61.9044

■ 76.1299, 86.2706,
28.2630

■ 88.1554, 95.4652,
78.0721

■ 74.2255, 84.4456,
21.5124

■ 92.3980, 98.2913,
96.9323

■ 72.6977, 82.7842,
16.7052

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 71.5060, 81.2703,
13.6276

■ 70.6001, 79.8835,
12.0147

■ 70.2659, 79.3119,
11.6053

Harmonies

Analogous

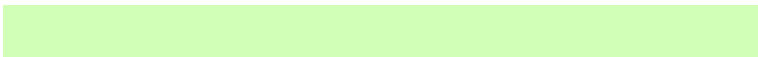
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92.8442, 90.4619, 49.1753



81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031



71.7258, 90.4619, 58.4877

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031



70.5536, 90.4619, 148.4749



109.1193, 90.4619, 118.9200

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031



48.1121, 44.6163, 100.6837

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



102.0106, 90.4619, 153.5392



81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031



79.4652, 90.4619, 173.0684

Square

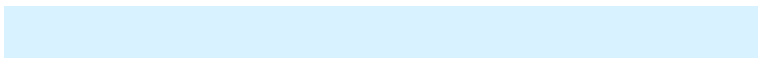
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031



65.9609, 90.4619, 113.1172



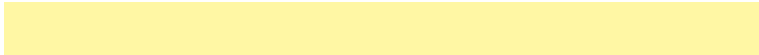
90.9450, 90.4619, 175.1065



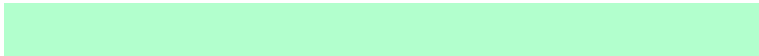
109.6910, 90.4619, 85.1953

Rectangle

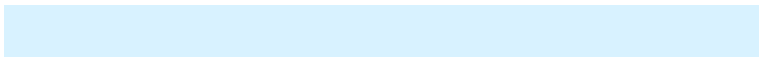
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031



67.6275, 90.4619, 71.8700



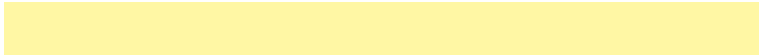
90.9450, 90.4619, 175.1065



107.3875, 90.4619, 131.0030

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.2039, 90.4660, 48.3050



90.0772, 96.7613, 86.5661



62.0686, 50.8329, 46.1275



19.1587, 20.6295, 17.9894



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

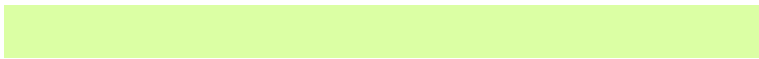
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.2039, 90.4660, 48.3050



79.1418, 88.8430, 39.9070



71.5546, 89.1986, 48.5689



19.4167, 20.8017, 19.1361



36.7720, 41.5553, 6.0829



3.6188, 4.1229, 0.6051

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.1121, 44.6163, 100.6837



41.5071, 36.7082, 99.5055



55.2527, 46.1066, 100.5950



17.1313, 17.6341, 22.7508



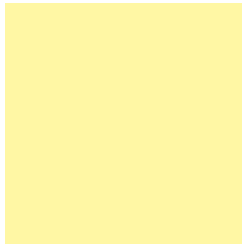
9.6289, 4.1673, 49.7315



0.9791, 0.4889, 4.8560

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

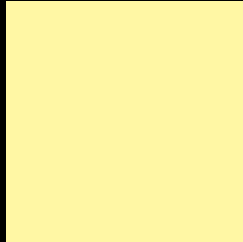
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

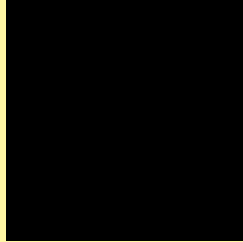
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031.

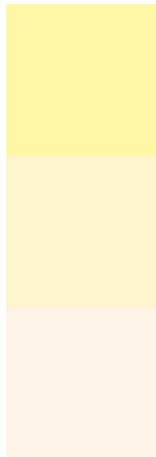


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 81.2016, 90.4619,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031

Protanopia

84.7313, 90.4176, 71.3790

Deuteranopia

87.2751, 90.4774, 87.7269



Tritanopia

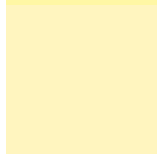
89.4990, 90.4197, 102.3582

Trichromacy



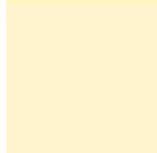
Original Color

81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031



Protanomaly

83.2964, 90.3264, 62.3348



Deuteranomaly

84.7313, 90.4176, 71.3790



Tritanomaly

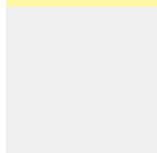
85.9455, 90.4231, 79.2533

Monochromacy



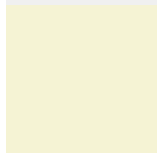
Original Color

81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031



Achromatopsia

82.8234, 87.1367, 94.8919



Achromatomaly

81.5904, 88.2671, 75.0243

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 247, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 247, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 247, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 247, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 247, 164) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 247, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 247, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 247, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 247, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 247,  
164) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 81.2016, 90.4619, 48.3031 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 247, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
247, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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