

# Converting Colors

XYZ(15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(15.0142, 13.7832,  
3.3079)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8B5F21
RGB	139, 95, 33
RGB Percent	55%, 37%, 13%
CMY	0.4549, 0.6274, 0.8706
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.76, 0.45
HSL	35°, 62%, 34%
HSV	35°, 76%, 55%
XYZ	15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079
YIQ	101.0880, 46.1260, -9.9540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

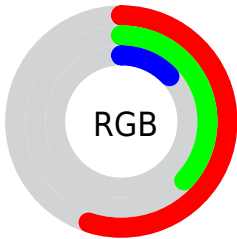
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	108, 139, 33
Decimal	9133857
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	43.92, 12.01, 40.90
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	44, 42.631, 73.639
Yxy	13.7832, 0.4677, 0.4293
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287323937 (0xFF8B5F21)
YUV	101.0880, -33.5674, 33.2488
Hunter-Lab	37.1257, 7.2180, 20.7053

# Details

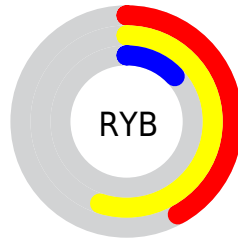
The XYZ color **15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **7.9411, 7.4948, 25.4541**, and the grayscale version is **12.4684, 13.1177, 14.2852**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.3756, 32.5806, 12.2615**, and **4.8446, 4.1279, 0.5414** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.3578, 12.7202, 2.3192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.7902, 14.9568, 4.7336**.

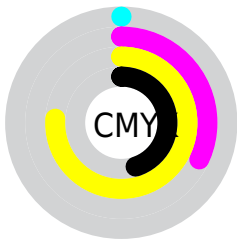
# Distribution



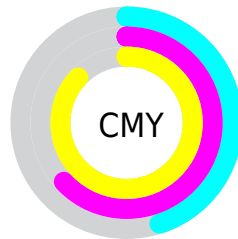
- Red (55%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 15.0142, 13.7832,  
3.3079

■ 15.0142, 13.7832,  
3.3079

216.8388,  
215.8779, 140.1905

■ 8.9157, 7.9700,  
1.2539

■ 34.4495, 32.7039,  
12.3792

■ 4.7429, 4.0758,  
0.0236

■ 48.5171, 46.5801,  
20.2336

■ 2.1304, 1.7160,  
0.0000

■ 65.9718, 63.9129,  
30.8585

■ 0.7057, 0.4340,  
0.0000

■ 87.1789, 85.0865,  
44.6726

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 112.5038,  
110.4855, 62.0942

■ 142.3118,

140.4941, 83.5421

176.9684,  
175.4968, 109.4346

15.0142, 13.7832,  
3.3079

15.0142, 13.7832,  
3.3079

14.3578, 12.7202,  
2.3192

15.7902, 14.9568,  
4.7336

13.8049, 11.7583,  
1.6914

16.6945, 16.2440,  
6.6424

13.6127, 11.4194,  
1.4867

17.7359, 17.6502,  
9.0752

18.9219, 19.1796,  
12.0684

20.2596, 20.8361,  
15.6551

■ 21.7554, 22.6236,  
19.8658

■ 23.4153, 24.5455,  
24.7289

■ 25.2451, 26.6053,  
30.2711

■ 27.2502, 28.8061,  
36.5174

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.3784, 13.7832, 5.4909



15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079



11.6296, 13.7832, 3.2252

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079



7.7535, 13.7832, 19.8284



18.1066, 13.7832, 32.8681

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079



7.9411, 7.4948, 25.4541

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.6905, 13.7832, 41.2703



15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079



8.9442, 13.7832, 31.8265

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079



7.8099, 13.7832, 10.3588



11.3568, 13.7832, 40.8234



20.3628, 13.7832, 20.8730



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079



9.8255, 13.7832, 4.2453



11.3568, 13.7832, 40.8234



17.0327, 13.7832, 36.3976

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.0145, 13.7839, 3.3082



36.9916, 38.1732, 30.0014



12.5368, 7.1149, 7.7648



8.3321, 8.5639, 6.3830



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.0145, 13.7839, 3.3082



24.9352, 21.4324, 3.2555



18.7386, 23.3340, 4.9552



5.2599, 5.5027, 5.3373



12.3033, 10.3409, 1.3475



0.0962, 0.0977, 0.0138



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.9411, 7.4948, 25.4541



11.6752, 9.7172, 45.0032



6.1522, 3.4406, 24.7658



4.9341, 5.2111, 6.3516



5.5740, 4.4183, 22.6047



0.0509, 0.0571, 0.1548



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.0142, 13.7832,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079

### Protanopia

12.6049, 13.8099, 3.6703

### Deuteranopia

14.0826, 13.8533, 3.2982



## Tritanopia

17.0114, 13.8289, 12.8390

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079

## Protanomaly

13.4145, 13.7887, 3.5446

## Deuteranomaly

14.4599, 13.9080, 3.2889

## Tritanomaly

16.0990, 13.7140, 8.1019

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079

## Achromatopsia

12.3695, 13.0136, 14.1719

## Achromatomaly

12.8366, 13.0903, 8.6876

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 95, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 95, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 95, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 95, 33) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 95, 33) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 95, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 95, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 95, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 95, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 95,  
33) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.0142, 13.7832, 3.3079 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 95, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139, 95,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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