

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.0339, 7.4754, 23.5397)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.0339, 7.4754, 23.5397)
contains.

XYZ(15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(15.0114, 7.4666,
23.5717)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A0E87
RGB	138, 14, 135
RGB Percent	54%, 5%, 53%
CMY	0.4588, 0.9451, 0.4706
CMYK	0.00, 0.90, 0.02, 0.46
HSL	301°, 82%, 30%
HSV	301°, 90%, 54%
XYZ	15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717
YIQ	64.8700, 35.0630, 63.9190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

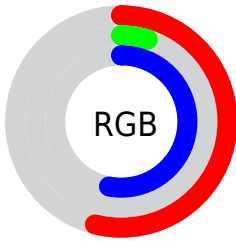
Format	Color
R_{YB}	138, 14, 135
Decimal	9047687
CIE _{Lab}	32.85, 59.73, -35.87
CIE _{LCh}	33, 69.670, 329.010
Yxy	7.4666, 0.3260, 0.1621
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287237767 (0xFF8A0E87)
YUV	64.8700, 34.5741, 64.1350
Hunter-Lab	27.3251, 50.2425, -32.0184

Details

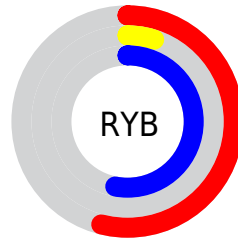
The XYZ color **15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **9.3711, 18.3111, 3.5712**, and the grayscale version is **4.9509, 5.2087, 5.6723**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.5596, 21.0135, 50.3786**, and **5.2070, 2.4949, 8.8015** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.8333, 7.1478, 23.3966**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.2888, 7.9836, 23.7804**.

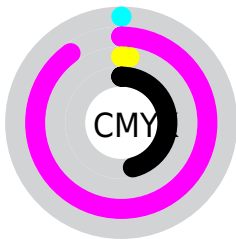
Distribution



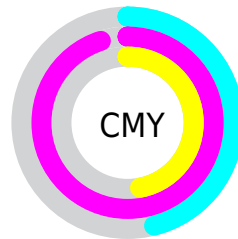
- Red (54%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.0114, 7.4666,
23.5717

■ 15.0114, 7.4666,
23.5717

216.8222,
171.4864, 283.8644

■ 8.9138, 3.7556,
14.8070

■ 34.4447, 20.9059,
50.2654

■ 4.7416, 1.5378,
8.5389

■ 48.5110, 31.4030,
69.0314

■ 2.1297, 0.3151,
4.3490

■ 65.9643, 44.9309,
91.9683

■ 0.7053, 0.0000,
1.8187

■ 87.1699, 61.8740,
119.4946

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.4402

■ 112.4931, 82.6167,
152.0288

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 142.2993,

107.5434, 189.9895

176.9539,
137.0385, 233.7952

15.0114, 7.4666,
23.5717

15.0114, 7.4666,
23.5717

14.8333, 7.1478,
23.3966

15.2888, 7.9836,
23.7804

14.8307, 7.1431,
23.3939

15.7159, 8.7999,
24.0393

16.3112, 9.9525,
24.3547

17.0903, 11.4726,
24.7316

18.0671, 13.3881,
25.1749

■ 19.2542, 15.7240,
25.6886

■ 20.6630, 18.5033,
26.2766

■ 22.3043, 21.7473,
26.9424

■ 24.1879, 25.4759,
27.6894

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.0910, 7.4666, 41.6189



15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717



16.7283, 7.4666, 8.4834

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717



7.2192, 7.4666, 0.0000



2.5466, 7.4666, 22.3653

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717



9.3711, 18.3111, 3.5712

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.1263, 7.4666, 7.7862



15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717



4.1991, 7.4666, 0.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717



11.3773, 7.4666, 0.0000



2.6086, 7.4666, 1.5380



4.0523, 7.4666, 40.5921

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717



16.0588, 7.4666, 3.1696



2.6086, 7.4666, 1.5380



2.3025, 7.4666, 16.6321

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.0117, 7.4670, 23.5718



34.4674, 28.7584, 45.5039



4.9597, 2.2602, 24.2198



7.5808, 6.1546, 10.1428



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.0117, 7.4670, 23.5718



26.1327, 12.5873, 41.1891



11.8725, 6.2113, 7.0409



5.2287, 5.1269, 6.2928



13.5984, 6.5495, 21.4530



0.0911, 0.0438, 0.1466

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.0117, 7.4670, 23.5718



26.1327, 12.5873, 41.1891



10.6475, 18.8217, 10.2930



5.2287, 5.1269, 6.2928



13.5984, 6.5495, 21.4530



0.0911, 0.0438, 0.1466

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

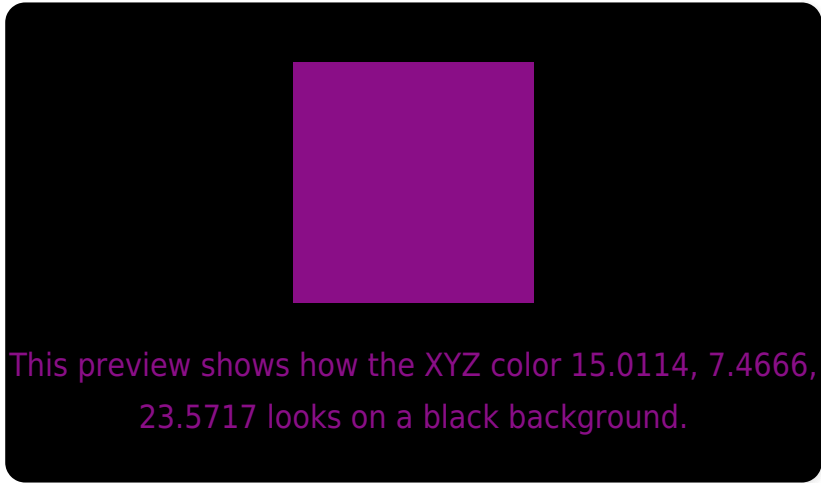
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

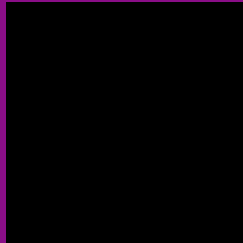
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717

Protanopia

9.1755, 7.9164, 35.2268

Deuteranopia

8.0429, 7.8543, 21.1708



Tritanopia

11.2888, 7.6896, 4.8923

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717



Protanomaly

8.3021, 5.5834, 30.3459



Deuteranomaly

8.9627, 6.1831, 21.8402



Tritanomaly

12.0781, 7.1095, 9.5398

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717



Achromatopsia

5.0244, 5.2861, 5.7565



Achromatomaly

7.2361, 4.9675, 10.2503

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 14, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 14, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 14, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 14, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 14, 135) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 14, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 14, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 14, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 14, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 14,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.0114, 7.4666, 23.5717 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 14, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138, 14,  
135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor