

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.0433, 7.5349, 10.6537)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.0433, 7.5349, 10.6537)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(15.0252, 7.5276,
10.5586)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99005B
RGB	153, 0, 91
RGB Percent	60%, 0%, 36%
CMY	0.4000, 0.9999, 0.6431
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.41, 0.40
HSL	324°, 100%, 30%
HSV	324°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586
YIQ	56.1210, 61.9770, 60.7370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

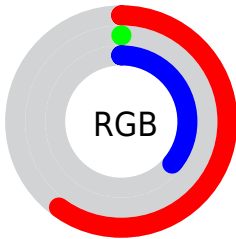
Format	Color
R_{YB}	153, 0, 91
Decimal	10027099
CIE _{Lab}	32.98, 59.24, -7.44
CIE _{LCh}	33, 59.701, 352.843
Yxy	7.5276, 0.4538, 0.2273
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288217179 (0xFF99005B)
YUV	56.1210, 17.1953, 84.9629
Hunter-Lab	27.4365, 49.7392, -3.6115

Details

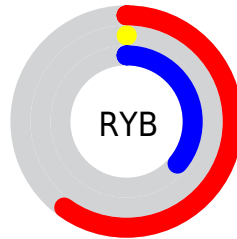
The XYZ color **15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **12.2615, 23.1306, 8.3784**, and the grayscale version is **3.7486, 3.9439, 4.2949**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.5435, 21.0890, 27.4492**, and **5.2975, 2.6763, 2.7200** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.0249, 7.5275, 10.5570**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.4793, 7.9898, 12.0848**.

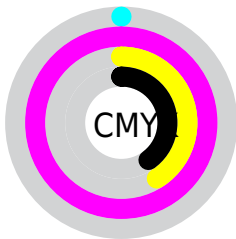
Distribution



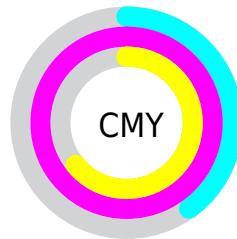
- Red (60%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (40%)





- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 15.0252, 7.5276,
10.5586

 15.0252, 7.5276,
10.5586


216.9041,
171.9784, 205.2413

 8.9235, 3.7942,
5.6605


 34.4687, 21.0270,
27.4651

 4.7480, 1.5591,
2.5743


 48.5412, 31.5618,
40.3105


 2.1334, 0.3298,
0.8791

 66.0013, 45.1325,
56.6420

 0.7073, 0.0000,
0.0000

 87.2144, 62.1235,
76.8783

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 112.5459, 82.9191,
101.4378

 142.3611,

107.9039, 130.7391

177.0254,
137.4622, 165.2008

15.0252, 7.5276,
10.5586

15.0252, 7.5276,
10.5586

15.0249, 7.5275,
10.5570

15.4793, 7.9898,
12.0848

16.0853, 8.7198,
13.7732

16.9035, 9.8370,
15.6464

17.9582, 11.3895,
17.7149

19.2702, 13.4181,
19.9879

■ 20.8580, 15.9590,
22.4738

■ 22.7383, 19.0448,
25.1803

■ 24.9263, 22.7056,
28.1147

■ 27.4362, 26.9689,
31.2837

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.1645, 7.5276, 23.8179



15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586



14.3330, 7.5276, 3.1306

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586



5.0476, 7.5276, 0.1287



4.0791, 7.5276, 31.3229

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586



12.2615, 23.1306, 8.3784

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.8921, 7.5276, 16.9661



15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586



3.3256, 7.5276, 1.5419

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586



7.9380, 7.5276, 0.0000



2.6640, 7.5276, 6.2155



6.4248, 7.5276, 40.3723

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586



12.5919, 7.5276, 1.1476



2.6640, 7.5276, 6.2155



3.5632, 7.5276, 26.6100

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.0254, 7.5280, 10.5587



40.5027, 33.7444, 44.7906



7.6874, 3.2991, 30.3686



8.6458, 6.9602, 9.4697



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.0254, 7.5280, 10.5587



26.8140, 13.4434, 18.4119



13.2256, 6.8081, 1.0809



6.3552, 6.2812, 7.2505



12.4346, 6.2281, 8.8137



0.2039, 0.1003, 0.2264

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.0254, 7.5280, 10.5587



26.8140, 13.4434, 18.4119



15.9574, 24.6090, 27.8407



6.3552, 6.2812, 7.2505



12.4346, 6.2281, 8.8137



0.2039, 0.1003, 0.2264

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

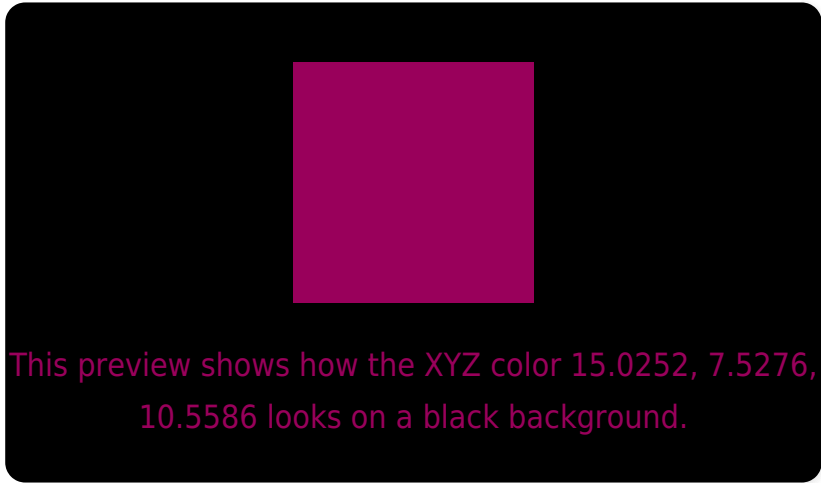
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.0252, 7.5276,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586

Protanopia

8.8172, 8.2228, 22.5952

Deuteranopia

8.2551, 8.1151, 9.5188



Tritanopia

13.5425, 7.8794, 2.5574

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586

Protanomaly

8.9091, 5.9218, 17.1965

Deuteranomaly

9.4164, 6.3488, 9.7460

Tritanomaly

13.8074, 7.4875, 4.5884

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586

Achromatopsia

3.7589, 3.9546, 4.3066

Achromatomaly

6.0194, 3.9156, 6.0687

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 0, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 0, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 0, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 0, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

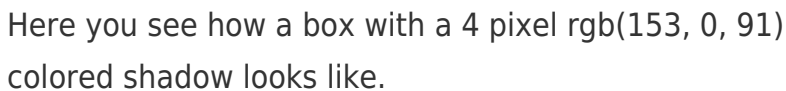
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 0, 91) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 0, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 0, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 0, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 0, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 0, 91)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.0252, 7.5276, 10.5586 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 0, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153, 0,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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