

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.0579, 11.2049, 21.6194)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.0579, 11.2049, 21.6194)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(15.1543, 11.3019,
21.8048)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E4D80
RGB	126, 77, 128
RGB Percent	49%, 30%, 50%
CMY	0.5059, 0.6980, 0.4980
CMYK	0.02, 0.40, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	298°, 25%, 40%
HSV	298°, 40%, 50%
XYZ	15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048
YIQ	97.4650, 12.8330, 26.2490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

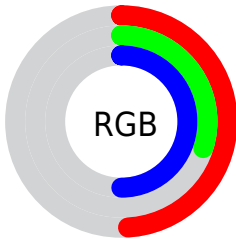
Format	Color
R_{YB}	126, 77, 128
Decimal	8277376
CIE _{Lab}	40.08, 29.38, -20.31
CIE _{LCh}	40, 35.720, 325.341
Yxy	11.3019, 0.3140, 0.2342
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286467456 (0xFF7E4D80)
YUV	97.4650, 15.0538, 25.0252
Hunter-Lab	33.6183, 21.6314, -14.9226

Details

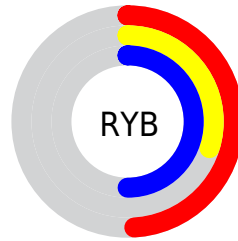
The XYZ color **15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **12.2836, 17.6367, 9.7786**, and the grayscale version is **11.4389, 12.0347, 13.1057**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.7523, 28.2182, 47.3311**, and **4.8560, 3.0296, 7.7260** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.2716, 9.6459, 21.5318**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.2144, 13.3116, 22.1370**.

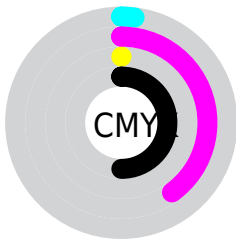
Distribution



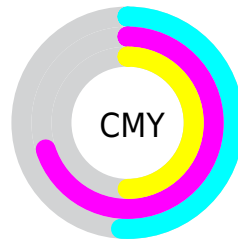
- Red (49%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.1543, 11.3019,
21.8048

■ 15.1543, 11.3019,
21.8048

217.6682,
199.7272, 274.4454

■ 9.0148, 6.2703,
13.5166

■ 34.6931, 28.2171,
47.3212

■ 4.8080, 3.0101,
7.6503

■ 48.8230, 40.8695,
65.3865

■ 2.1686, 1.1370,
3.7875

■ 66.3472, 56.8309,
87.5479

■ 0.7261, 0.0093,
1.5095

■ 87.6309, 76.4857,
114.2239

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.2250

■ 113.0395,
100.2183, 145.8331

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

142.9383,

128.4132, 182.7941

177.6928,
161.4547, 225.5253

■ 15.1543, 11.3019,
21.8048

■ 15.1543, 11.3019,
21.8048

■ 14.2716, 9.6459,
21.5318

■ 16.2144, 13.3116,
22.1370

■ 13.5548, 8.3213,
21.3140

■ 17.4602, 15.6927,
22.5309

■ 12.9927, 7.3057,
21.1475

■ 18.9012, 18.4632,
22.9898

■ 12.5725, 6.5732,
21.0283

■ 20.5454, 21.6398,
23.5162

■ 12.2790, 6.0937,
20.9512

■ 22.4007, 25.2382,
24.1130

■ 12.0653, 5.7731,
20.9006

■ 24.4746, 29.2730,
24.7825

■ 12.0619, 5.7681,
20.8998

■ 26.7741, 33.7584,
25.5271

■ 29.3058, 38.7078,
26.3490

■ 32.0763, 44.1342,
27.2503

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.9118, 11.3019, 29.2040



15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048



16.2215, 11.3019, 13.4472

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048



11.1336, 11.3019, 3.1037



6.9876, 11.3019, 19.1142

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048



12.2836, 17.6367, 9.7786

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.6607, 11.3019, 11.2310



15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048



8.8302, 11.3019, 3.6375

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048



13.6841, 11.3019, 4.1516



7.2821, 11.3019, 6.0655



8.2553, 11.3019, 27.2771

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048



16.0197, 11.3019, 9.0390



7.2821, 11.3019, 6.0655



6.7732, 11.3019, 16.2779

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.1547, 11.3024, 21.8050



32.6281, 31.2548, 40.2694



9.7932, 8.8085, 21.6063



7.5757, 7.1955, 9.4079



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.1547, 11.3024, 21.8050



25.2316, 17.1775, 37.9420



14.1087, 10.9184, 14.7424



4.4820, 4.4041, 5.4271



11.9605, 5.7196, 20.7235



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.9676, 10.4620, 8.7336



20.8327, 15.4924, 11.4119



13.0780, 17.9355, 14.8170



4.3341, 4.3468, 4.5637



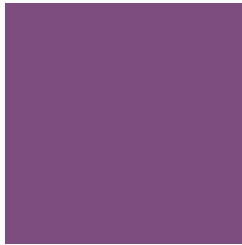
8.8544, 4.5615, 0.5573



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

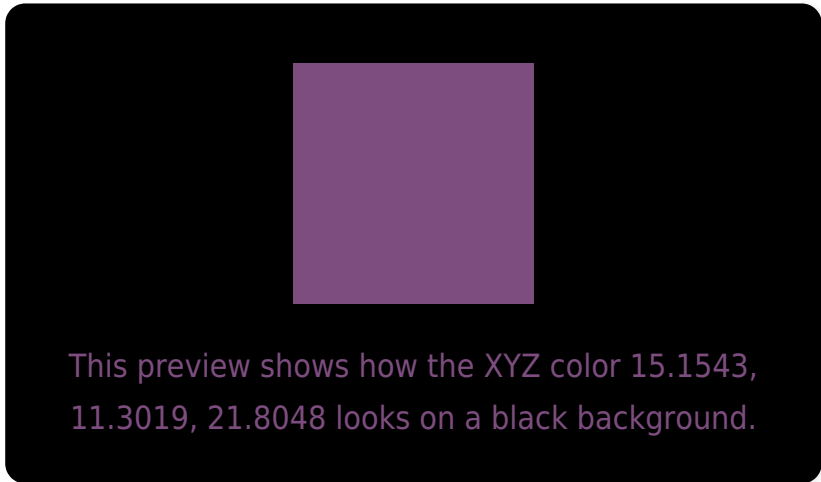
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.1543, 11.3019,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048

Protanopia

11.9465, 11.4141, 26.7728

Deuteranopia

11.6405, 11.3841, 20.9859



Tritanopia

13.0220, 11.3173, 11.3956

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048

Protanomaly

12.6760, 11.0808, 24.7633

Deuteranomaly

12.6536, 11.1475, 21.2234

Tritanomaly

13.6844, 11.2450, 14.5460

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048

Achromatopsia

11.3621, 11.9538, 13.0177

Achromatomaly

12.5473, 11.5832, 15.7618

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 77, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 77, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 77, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 77, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 77, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 77, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 77, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 77, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 77, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 77, 128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.1543, 11.3019, 21.8048 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 77, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126, 77,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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