

# Converting Colors

XYZ(15.0579, 32.2148, 21.6054)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(15.0579, 32.2148, 21.6054)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(19.8225, 34.6937,  
21.8715)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00B673
RGB	0, 182, 115
RGB Percent	0%, 71%, 45%
CMY	0.9999, 0.2863, 0.5490
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.37, 0.29
HSL	158°, 100%, 36%
HSV	158°, 100%, 71%
XYZ	19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715
YIQ	119.9440, -86.9650, -59.4210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

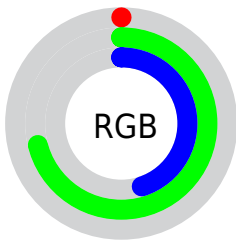
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 112, 182</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">46707</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">65.51, -54.82, 23.40</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">66, 59.608, 156.882</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">34.6937, 0.2595, 0.4542</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278236787 (0xFF00B673)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">119.9440, -2.4374, -105.1909</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">58.9014, -43.0055, 19.2151</a>

# Details

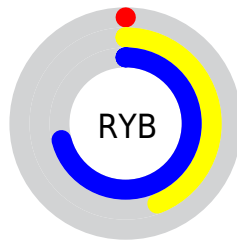
The XYZ color **19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. A complement of this color would be **20.3059, 10.3513, 6.2407**, and the grayscale version is **17.8642, 18.7945, 20.4672**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.5609, 66.9559, 47.2398**, and **8.7025, 15.8317, 7.7514** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.8228, 34.6948, 21.8704**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.4765, 34.9856, 23.9896**.

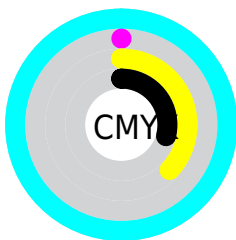
# Distribution



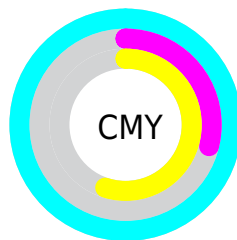
- Red (0%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (55%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 19.8225, 34.6937,  
21.8715


 19.8225, 34.6937,  
21.8715


243.8045,  
323.2143, 274.8061


 12.3736, 23.4270,  
13.5651


 42.6256, 67.0110,  
47.4330


 7.0727, 14.9091,  
7.6835


 58.7105, 88.8304,  
65.5251

 3.5543, 8.7556,  
3.8083


 78.4048, 114.9362,  
87.7163

 1.4532, 4.5821,  
1.5208

 102.0739,  
145.7127, 114.4250

 0.2937, 2.0042,  
0.2333

 130.0830,  
181.5444, 146.0698

 0.0000, 0.6099,  
0.0000

 162.7976,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

222.8156, 183.0692

0.0000

200.5830,  
269.9108, 225.8418

■ 19.8225, 34.6937,  
21.8715

■ 19.8225, 34.6937,  
21.8715

■ 19.8228, 34.6948,  
21.8704

■ 20.4765, 34.9856,  
23.9896

■ 21.3937, 35.4089,  
26.2686

■ 22.6638, 36.0108,  
28.7164

■ 24.3303, 36.8136,  
31.3379

■ 26.4302, 37.8364,  
34.1374

■ 28.9959, 39.0957,  
37.1193

■ 32.0568, 40.6067,  
40.2874

■ 35.6397, 42.3831,  
43.6457

■ 39.7694, 44.4377,  
47.1977

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.8930, 34.6937, 10.8965



19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715



18.9615, 34.6937, 43.8333

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715



35.0277, 34.6937, 108.4131



48.3045, 34.6937, 15.6473

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715



20.3059, 10.3513, 6.2407

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.6026, 34.6937, 32.3033



19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715



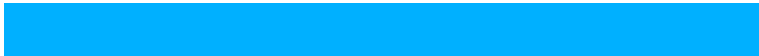
44.1091, 34.6937, 90.7429

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715



26.8148, 34.6937, 101.4713



50.9454, 34.6937, 59.9653



40.0137, 34.6937, 8.5704



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715



20.1563, 34.6937, 63.9447



50.9454, 34.6937, 59.9653



50.3252, 34.6937, 19.9430

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.8234, 34.6951, 21.8723



57.8070, 73.4638, 72.7329



19.2385, 34.7510, 5.6941



12.2321, 15.9612, 15.5235



88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.8234, 34.6951, 21.8723



35.8198, 62.8521, 39.0303



21.1489, 28.7875, 48.6995



9.1226, 10.1530, 10.8030



14.0310, 24.5134, 15.6172



0.5234, 0.8757, 0.7019



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.3059, 10.3513, 6.2407



36.7082, 18.7236, 10.7627



19.5650, 10.4910, 0.9943



9.1376, 9.0654, 10.0722



14.3686, 7.3212, 4.5619



0.5368, 0.2702, 0.3204



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

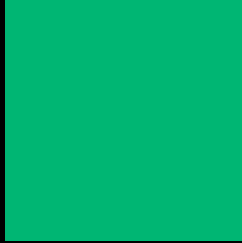
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

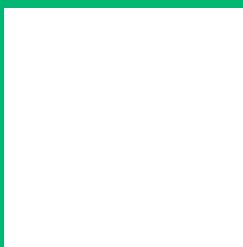
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 19.8225, 34.6937,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715

### Protanopia

31.5712, 34.1316, 18.2887

### Deuteranopia

34.7487, 34.1759, 23.1775



## **Tritanopia**

26.0932, 34.5988, 52.3167

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715



## Protanomaly

22.8857, 31.9928, 19.4370



## Deuteranomaly

23.8982, 31.3778, 22.2497



## Tritanomaly

22.8728, 34.0953, 39.0937

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715



## Achromatopsia

17.8524, 18.7821, 20.4537



## Achromatomaly

16.0730, 22.4894, 20.6333

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 182, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 182, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 182, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 182, 115) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 182, 115) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 182, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 182, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 182, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 182, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 182,  
115) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 19.8225, 34.6937, 21.8715 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 182, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 182,  
115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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