

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.1149, 16.5463, 16.2301)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.1149, 16.5463, 16.2301)
contains.

XYZ(15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(15.2150, 16.6380,
16.3195)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E736B
RGB	110, 115, 107
RGB Percent	43%, 45%, 42%
CMY	0.5686, 0.5490, 0.5804
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.07, 0.55
HSL	98°, 4%, 44%
HSV	98°, 7%, 45%
XYZ	15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195
YIQ	112.5930, -0.4120, -3.5480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

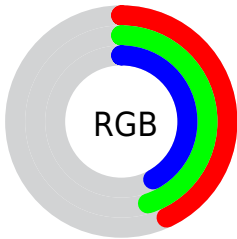
Format	Color
RYB	107, 115, 112
Decimal	7238507
CIELab	47.80, -3.52, 3.76
CIElCh	48, 5.151, 133.058
Yxy	16.6380, 0.3158, 0.3454
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285428587 (0xFF6E736B)
YUV	112.5930, -2.7573, -2.2741
Hunter-Lab	40.7897, -4.7996, 4.8315

Details

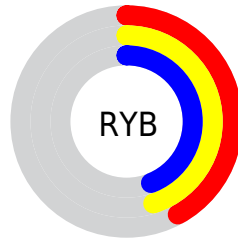
The XYZ color **15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **15.0350, 15.1984, 18.3617**, and the grayscale version is **15.5840, 16.3955, 17.8547**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.8906, 37.7874, 37.8025**, and **4.8094, 5.3647, 5.0570** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.7914, 15.9699, 13.3018**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.7926, 17.3771, 19.7652**.

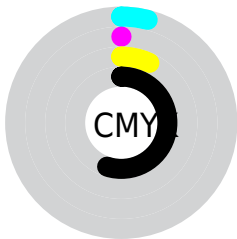
Distribution



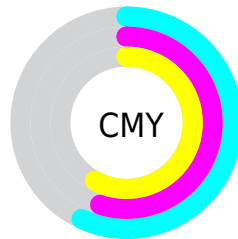
- Red (43%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.2150, 16.6380,
16.3195

■ 15.2150, 16.6380,
16.3195

218.0266,
233.0776, 243.1294

■ 9.0577, 9.9767,
9.5937

■ 34.7985, 37.7023,
37.9265

■ 4.8363, 5.3835,
5.0284

■ 48.9554, 52.8742,
53.6447

■ 2.1853, 2.4740,
2.2049

■ 66.5095, 71.6516,
73.1976

■ 0.7350, 0.8636,
0.6772

■ 87.8263, 94.4192,
97.0036

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

113.2710,
121.5611, 125.4812

143.2091,

153.4619, 159.0490

178.0058,
190.5059, 198.1256

■ 15.2150, 16.6380,
16.3195

■ 15.2150, 16.6380,
16.3195

■ 13.7914, 15.9699,
13.3018

■ 16.7926, 17.3771,
19.7652

■ 12.5156, 15.3686,
10.6944

■ 18.5275, 18.1872,
23.6536

■ 11.3828, 14.8325,
8.4798

■ 20.4245, 19.0709,
28.0001

■ 10.3877, 14.3592,
6.6390

■ 22.4879, 20.0301,
32.8189

■ 9.5244, 13.9462,
5.1512

■ 24.7218, 21.0666,
38.1236

■ 8.7865, 13.5906,
3.9938

■ 27.1301, 22.1822,
43.9274

■ 8.1672, 13.2896,
3.1415

■ 29.7166, 23.3785,
50.2428

■ 7.6588, 13.0397,
2.5651

■ 32.4851, 24.6572,
57.0820

■ 7.2457, 12.8345,
2.1959

■ 35.4390, 26.0199,
64.4567

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.6140, 16.6380, 15.7484



15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195



14.9791, 16.6380, 17.3845

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195



15.5564, 16.6380, 20.6609



16.6954, 16.6380, 17.5471

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195



15.0350, 15.1984, 18.3617

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.6792, 16.6380, 18.8677



15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195



16.0155, 16.6380, 20.7097

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195



15.1735, 16.6380, 19.9095



16.4284, 16.6380, 20.0396



16.4721, 16.6380, 16.4335

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195



14.9431, 16.6380, 18.2520



16.4284, 16.6380, 20.0396



16.7179, 16.6380, 17.9805

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.2155, 16.6387, 16.3199



28.5954, 30.4261, 32.1512



15.5116, 16.2807, 16.2352



6.8324, 7.2635, 7.6931



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.2155, 16.6387, 16.3199



26.9107, 29.6366, 28.5043



14.8979, 16.4693, 16.5628



3.7584, 4.1589, 3.9469



8.1303, 14.5957, 2.3887



38.7383, 70.6721, 11.5994

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.0350, 15.1984, 18.3617



26.5323, 26.6178, 32.7839



15.3696, 15.3771, 18.0983



3.6999, 3.6926, 4.6080



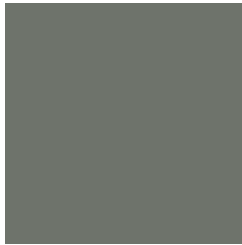
6.5592, 2.9727, 18.7706



30.9917, 13.9853, 91.4263

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

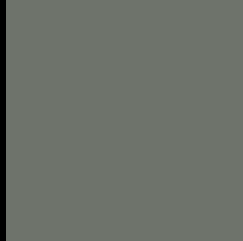
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

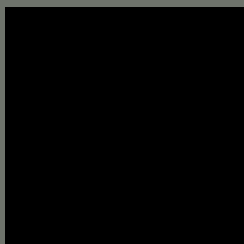
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

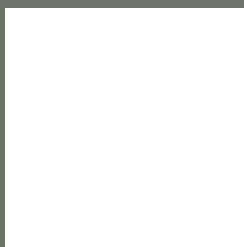
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195.

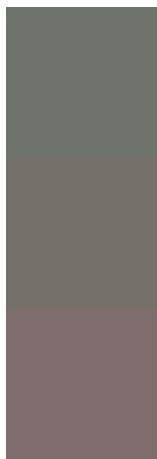


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.2150, 16.6380,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195

Protanopia

15.8428, 16.6328, 16.0111

Deuteranopia

16.7796, 16.4556, 16.4792



Tritanopia

16.1001, 16.6601, 20.7795

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195

Protanomaly

15.5583, 16.6526, 16.0299

Deuteranomaly

16.1369, 16.4447, 16.5110

Tritanomaly

15.7837, 16.6985, 19.2209

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195

Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829

Achromatomaly

15.5686, 16.6271, 17.4277

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 115, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 115, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 115, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 115, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 115, 107) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 115, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 115, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 115, 107); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 115, 107); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 115, 107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.2150, 16.6380, 16.3195 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 115, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
115, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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