

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.1208, 16.4893, 12.1731)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.1208, 16.4893, 12.1731)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(15.1081, 16.5030,
12.2866)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	74725B
RGB	116, 114, 91
RGB Percent	45%, 45%, 36%
CMY	0.5451, 0.5529, 0.6431
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.22, 0.55
HSL	55°, 12%, 41%
HSV	55°, 22%, 45%
XYZ	15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866
YIQ	111.9760, 8.5750, -6.7290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

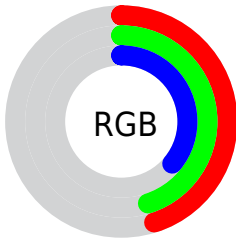
Format	Color
RYB	93, 116, 91
Decimal	7631451
CIELab	47.63, -3.41, 13.06
CIELCh	48, 13.494, 104.629
Yxy	16.5030, 0.3442, 0.3759
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285821531 (0xFF74725B)
YUV	111.9760, -10.3412, 3.5290
Hunter-Lab	40.6239, -4.7073, 10.5046

Details

The XYZ color **15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **11.3810, 11.3134, 18.1069**, and the grayscale version is **15.4220, 16.2252, 17.6692**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.5924, 37.5204, 30.6182**, and **4.8058, 5.3148, 3.2552** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.5421, 16.1108, 9.8171**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.7534, 16.9298, 15.1646**.

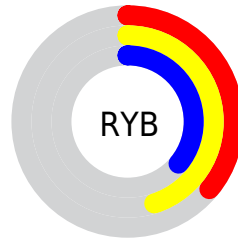
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (45%)

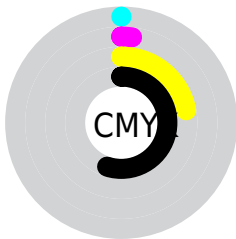
Blue (36%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (36%)

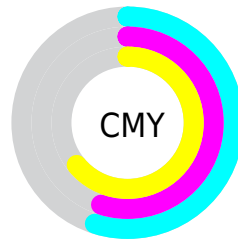


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.1081, 16.5030,
12.2866

■ 15.1081, 16.5030,
12.2866

217.3950,
232.2918, 217.3384

■ 8.9821, 9.8808,
6.8143

■ 34.6128, 37.4693,
30.6882

■ 4.7865, 5.3200,
3.2695

■ 48.7222, 52.5821,
44.4545

■ 2.1560, 2.4362,
1.2339

■ 66.2235, 71.2939,
61.8226

■ 0.7194, 0.8444,
0.0066

■ 87.4820, 93.9891,
83.2110

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

112.8630,
121.0521, 109.0383

142.7319,

152.8673, 139.7229

177.4542,
189.8191, 175.6834

■ 15.1081, 16.5030,
12.2866

■ 15.1081, 16.5030,
12.2866

■ 14.5421, 16.1108,
9.8171

■ 15.7534, 16.9298,
15.1646

■ 14.0506, 15.7494,
7.7364

■ 16.4801, 17.3902,
18.4677

■ 13.6301, 15.4182,
6.0248

■ 17.2916, 17.8863,
22.2124

■ 13.2765, 15.1155,
4.6603

■ 18.1909, 18.4193,
26.4145

■ 12.9852, 14.8393,
3.6188

■ 19.1810, 18.9902,
31.0887

■ 12.7511, 14.5876,
2.8727

■ 20.2644, 19.6002,
36.2492

■ 12.5680, 14.3581,
2.3904

■ 21.4437, 20.2502,
41.9095

■ 12.4325, 14.1731,
2.0804

■ 22.7214, 20.9414,
48.0826

■ 24.0999, 21.6746,
54.7812

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.3073, 16.5030, 12.3038



15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866



14.1147, 16.5030, 13.6512

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866



14.0950, 16.5030, 23.0412



18.0256, 16.5030, 19.7844

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866



11.3810, 11.3134, 18.1069

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3689, 16.5030, 23.1128



15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866



15.0799, 16.5030, 25.1506

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866



13.5504, 16.5030, 19.6962



16.2776, 16.5030, 25.1784



18.0341, 16.5030, 16.3458

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866



13.6853, 16.5030, 15.2750



16.2776, 16.5030, 25.1784



17.8719, 16.5030, 20.9623

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.1085, 16.5037, 12.2870



28.3631, 30.1888, 29.6968



12.9232, 11.9871, 12.0081



6.7518, 7.1927, 7.0181



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.1085, 16.5037, 12.2870



26.0327, 28.6507, 19.2933



14.0283, 16.2849, 12.3016



3.9428, 4.2187, 3.9488



13.9460, 15.8932, 2.3327



67.6683, 76.8651, 11.2699

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.3810, 11.3134, 18.1069



18.2079, 17.7558, 31.5121



12.3072, 11.5341, 18.1007



3.5220, 3.6326, 4.6058



3.6438, 1.6273, 18.6646



17.4891, 7.3948, 90.8658

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

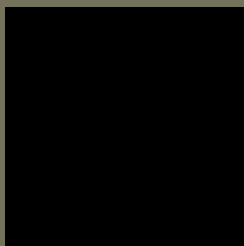
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

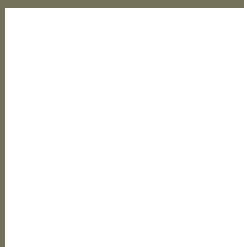
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866.

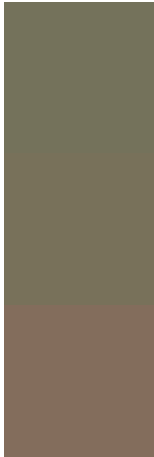


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.1081, 16.5030,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866

Protanopia

15.4963, 16.5415, 12.0489

Deuteranopia

16.7605, 16.5353, 12.4335



Tritanopia

16.6514, 16.4768, 19.7555

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866

Protanomaly

15.3583, 16.4704, 12.0425

Deuteranomaly

16.2204, 16.5772, 12.4700

Tritanomaly

16.0525, 16.3949, 16.7865

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866

Achromatopsia

15.4009, 16.2029, 17.6450

Achromatomaly

15.2139, 16.3204, 15.4450

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 114, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 114, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 114, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 114, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 114, 91) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 114, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 114, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 114, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 114, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 114,  
91) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.1081, 16.5030, 12.2866 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 114, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
114, 91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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