

Converting Colors

XYZ(15.1494, 7.5690, 13.0093)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(15.1494, 7.5690, 13.0093)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(15.1332, 7.5623,
12.9740)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 970265 |
| RGB | 151, 2, 101 |
| RGB Percent | 59%, 1%, 40% |
| CMY | 0.4078, 0.9921, 0.6039 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.99, 0.33, 0.41 |
| HSL | 320°, 97%, 30% |
| HSV | 320°, 99%, 59% |
| XYZ | 15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740 |
| YIQ | 57.8370, 57.0250, 62.3770 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

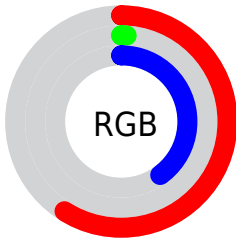
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| RYB | 151, 2, 101 |
| Decimal | 9896549 |
| CIELab | 33.05, 59.56, -13.84 |
| CIElCh | 33, 61.145, 346.918 |
| Yxy | 7.5623, 0.4243, 0.2120 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288086629 (0xFF970265) |
| YUV | 57.8370, 21.2794, 81.7040 |
| Hunter-Lab | 27.4996, 50.1052, -8.7226 |

Details

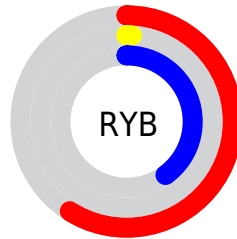
The XYZ color **15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **11.7121, 22.3944, 6.9561**, and the grayscale version is **3.9683, 4.1750, 4.5466**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.5464, 20.9912, 31.9367**, and **5.3852, 2.6992, 3.7272** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.0785, 7.5057, 12.7928**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.5699, 8.0259, 14.3827**.

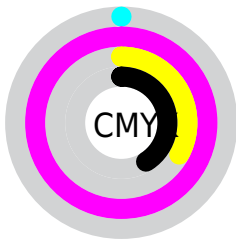
Distribution



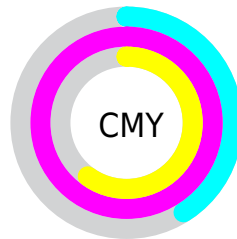
- Red (59%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (41%)





- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 15.1332, 7.5623,
12.9740


 15.1332, 7.5623,
12.9740


217.5435,
172.2575, 221.9529


 8.9998, 3.8162,
7.2801


 34.6564, 21.0958,
31.9476


 4.7982, 1.5713,
3.5568

 48.7770, 31.6519,
46.0643


 2.1629, 0.3381,
1.3855

 66.2907, 45.2469,
63.8258

 0.7231, 0.0000,
0.1304


 87.5629, 62.2651,
85.6506


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 112.9589, 83.0908,
111.9571


 142.8441,


108.1085, 143.1640


 177.5838,
137.7026, 179.6898


 15.1332, 7.5623,
12.9740


 15.1332, 7.5623,
12.9740


 15.0785, 7.5057,
12.7928

 15.5699, 8.0259,
14.3827

 16.1617, 8.7748,
15.9200

 16.9560, 9.9035,
17.6030

 17.9758, 11.4573,
19.4405

 19.2406, 13.4749,
21.4403

■ 20.7678, 15.9908,
23.6094

■ 22.5731, 19.0360,
25.9542

■ 24.6710, 22.6393,
28.4807

■ 27.0751, 26.8270,
31.1945

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.7719, 7.5623, 27.4478



15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740



14.9565, 7.5623, 4.0539

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740



5.5216, 7.5623, 0.0000



3.7143, 7.5623, 29.3773

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740



11.7121, 22.3944, 6.9561

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.7202, 7.5623, 14.6009



15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740



3.5275, 7.5623, 1.0679

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740



8.6936, 7.5623, 0.0000



2.6641, 7.5623, 4.8171



5.8666, 7.5623, 40.7544

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740



13.4147, 7.5623, 1.4910



2.6641, 7.5623, 4.8171



3.2661, 7.5623, 24.2939

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.1334, 7.5627, 12.9741



39.7593, 32.9585, 45.6424



7.0075, 2.9997, 29.4880



8.7466, 7.0005, 10.0004



72.9764, 76.7769, 83.6100



11.9732, 12.5967, 13.7178

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.1334, 7.5627, 12.9741



26.9159, 13.4067, 22.4481



12.9805, 6.7016, 1.6371



6.3730, 6.2884, 7.3445



12.8412, 6.3907, 10.9547



0.2087, 0.1022, 0.2520

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.1334, 7.5627, 12.9741



26.9159, 13.4067, 22.4481



14.8688, 23.6571, 23.5788



6.3730, 6.2884, 7.3445



12.8412, 6.3907, 10.9547



0.2087, 0.1022, 0.2520

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

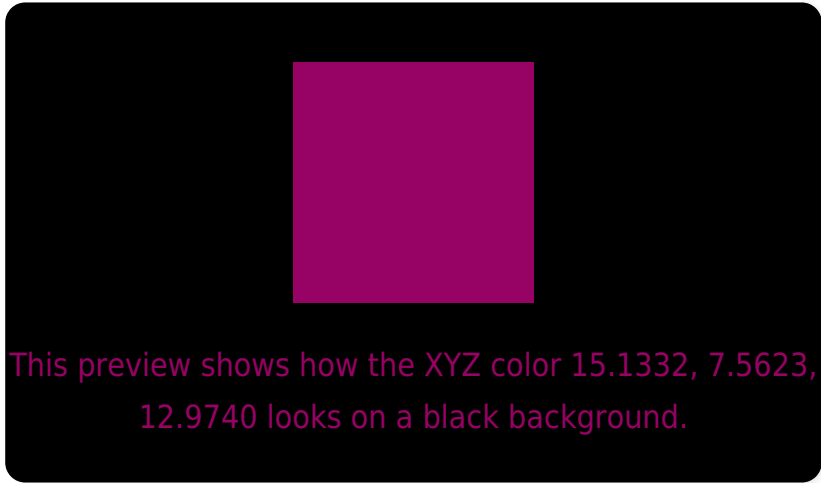
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 15.1332, 7.5623,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740

Protanopia

9.1454, 8.2837, 27.5025

Deuteranopia

8.2960, 8.1940, 11.7340



Tritanopia

13.1917, 7.8807, 2.9237

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740

Protanomaly

9.0106, 5.9524, 21.0961

Deuteranomaly

9.4049, 6.3565, 12.0405

Tritanomaly

13.4793, 7.3936, 5.4193

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740

Achromatopsia

4.0217, 4.2311, 4.6077

Achromatomaly

6.3428, 4.1560, 6.9464

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 2, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 2, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 2, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 2, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 2, 101) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 2, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 2, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 2, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 2, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 2,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 15.1332, 7.5623, 12.9740 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 2, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151, 2,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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